Health Service
Collegiate Branch
C & R

EXTRAORDANARY

SCD: NOV
book ID S.2C(i)

7

ಪರಿವಿಡಿ

C & R Rules Health Service
(Collegate Branch)

Reg. No. B. 9. 202

Karnataka Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (i)

BANGALORE, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1967
(BHADRAPADA 27, SAKA ERA 1889)

No. 199

General Administration Department

NOTIFICATION

Bangalore, dated 18th September 1967.

GSR 425.—In supersession of all previous orders in this behalf, the Governor of Mysore hereby sanctions the establishment of the State Service Cadre in respect of the Mysore Health Services (Collegiate Branch). The strength of each of the said cadres and the number and character of the posts borne thereon shall be as follows :—

Sl. No.			Medical College Mysore		Bangalore Medical College, Bangalore		Karnatak Madical College, Hubli		Medical College, Bellary		Post-graduate and Research Institute, Bangalore	
			Permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Temporary	Permanent	Temporary
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Rs.										
1	Deans	1,000-50-1,200 plus N.P.A Rs. 200.									...	
2	Director of Post-graduate and Research Institute and *Ex-Officio* Superintendent, Bowring and Lady Curzon Hospital, Bangalore.	1,000-50-1,200 plus N.P.A. Rs. 200.									1	

DEPARTMENT OF ANATOMY

	700-40-900-50-1,100 plus N.P.A. Rs. 200.	1	...	1	...				
Associate Professors	600-40-1000 plus N.P.A. Rs. 150.					1	...	...	
Readers ...	600-40-1000 plus N.P.A. Rs. 150.					...	...	...	
Assistant Professors	450-25-750-30-900 plus N.P.A. Rs. 75.					2	...	...	
Lecturers	300-25-550-30-700 plus N.P.A. Rs. 75.					4	...	...	
Museum Curator	300-25-550-30-700 plus N.P.A. Rs. 75.								

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSIOLOGY

Professors	700-40-900 50-1,100 plus N.P A. Rs. 200.	1	...	1	...	1	...	...
Associate Professors.	600-40-1000 plus N.P.A. Rs. 150.	1	...	1	...	1	...	...
Readers	600-40-1000 plus N.P A. Rs. 150.		...	...	...	...	...	...
Assistant Professors.	450-25-750-30-900 plus N.P.A. Rs. 100.		...	2	...	...	...	2
Lecturers	300-25-550-30-700 plus N.P.A. Rs. 75.		2	6	2	...	...	4

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
				DEPARTMENT OF BIO-CHEMISTRY							
Professors	700-40-900-50-1100 plus ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	....	...
Associate Professors.	600-10-1000 plus N.P.A. Rs. 150.	1	..	1	...	1	...	...		...	...
Readers	600-40-1000 plus N P.A. Rs. 150.	1		1	1.	1	1	1	...	...	...
Assistant Professors.	450-25-750.30-900 plus N.P.A. Rs. 100					...			...	...	...
Lecturers ...	300-25-550 30-700 plus N.P.A. Rs. 75.					2			1	...	...
Epidemiolgist *Cum*-Biostatistician.	300-25-550-30-700 plus N.P.A. Rs. 75.								...	...	...
				DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY							
Professors ... (Post-graduates)	800-40-1000-50-1100 plus N. P.A. Rs.200.	...	...	...	...						
Professors ...	700-40-900-50-1100 plus N P.A. Rs.200				...				1	...	...
Associate Professors.	600-40-1000 plus NPA. Rs. 150.				...				2	...	...
Readers ...	600-40-1000 plus NPA Rs. 150 .				1				...	...	...
Assistaus Professors.	450-25-750-30-900 plus NPA Rs. 100								1	...	1

Lecturers ...	300-25-550.30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75								...			
Museum Curators.	300-25-550-30-700 plus plus NPA Rs. 75.								...			
Resident Pathologist.	300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.								...			
	DEPARTMENT OF PREVENTIVE AND SOCIAL MEDICINE											
Professors	700-40-900-50-1100 plus NPA Rs. 200.	1	...	1	...	1	...	...				
Assistant Professors	450-25-750-30-900 plus NPA Rs. 100.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	...		
Lecturers	300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.	2	1	2	1	2	1	...	...	...		
Epidemiologist *Cum*-Biostatistician	300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.	1		1	...	1	...		...	...		
	DEPARTMENT OF PHARMACOLOGY											
Professors.	700-40-900-59-1100 *plus* NPA Rs. 200.	1	...	1	...	1	...	...			...	
Associate Professors.	600-40-1100 *plus* NPA Rs. 150.	1	...	1	...	1	...	...			...	
Readers.	600-40-1100 *plus* NPA Rs. 150.	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	
Assistant Professors	450-25-750-30-900 *plus* NPA Rs. 100.	1	...	1	...	1		...	1	...	...	
Lecturers	300-25-550-30-700 *plus* NPA Rs. 75.	2	1	2	1	2		...	2	...	...	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
				DEPARTMENT OF MEDICINE							
Professors (Post-graduate)	800-40-1000-50-1,100 plus NPA 200.	...	...	...	...		...	...			
Professors ...	700-40-900-50-1100 plus NPA Rs. 200.	1	...	1	...		...	...		...	
Associate Professors.	600-40-1000 plus NPA Rs. 150.	2	1	2	1		1	...		...	...
Readers ...	600-40-1000 plus NPA Rs. 150.		2	...	2		2	...		...	...
Assistant Professors.	450-25-750-30-900 plus NPA Rs. 100.			1	...			...		1	...
Assistant Associate Professors.	400-25-650-30-800 plus NPA Rs. 100.			2	2			...			
Lecturers ...	300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.		1		...						
Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars.	300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.	...	2		...						
Registrars ...	300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.	1	...		...						
				DEPARTMENT OF SURGERY.							
Professors (Post-graduate)	Rs. 800–40–1,000–50–1,100 plus NPA Rs. 200	...	...	...	...						
Professors	Rs. 700–40–900–50–1,100 plus NPA Rs. 200										

Associate Professors	Rs. 600–40–1,000 plus NPA Rs. 150	2					...			...	
Readers	Rs 600-40-1,000 plus NPA Rs 150	...		...			...			...	
Assistant Professors	Rs. 450-25-750-30-900 plus NPA Rs. 100	1		1			...			...	
Assistant Associate Professors	Rs. 400-25-650-30-800 plus NPA Rs. 100	2		2			...		...	...	
Lecturers	Rs 300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75	3		3			...		...	...	
Lecturer Cum. Registrars	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75	...		...		...	...		1	..	
Registrars	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75	1	...	1		1	...	...			

DEPARTMENT OF OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY

Professors	Rs. 700-40-900-50-1100 Plus NPA Rs. 200	1	...	1	...	1	...				
Associate Professors.	Rs. 600-40-1000 Plus NPA Rs. 150	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Readers	Rs. 600-40-1000 Plus NPA Rs. 150	...	...		1	...	1				
Assistant Professors.	Rs. 420-25-750-30-900 Plus NPA Rs. 100	1	...		...	1					
Assistant Associate Professors.	Rs. 400-25-620-30-800 Plus NPA Rs. 100	1	2		2	1					
Lecturers.	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 Plus NPA Rs. 75	2	1	3		2	1	...	2	...	...
Registrars	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 Plus NPA Rs. 75-	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
				DEPARTMENT OF PAEDIATRICS							
Associate Professors	Rs. 600-400-1000 Plus NPA Rs. 150	1	...	1	...	1	...	...		...	...
Readers	Rs. 600-40-1000 Plus NPA Rs. 150	...	...	...	1		1	...		...	...
Assistant Associate Professors	Rs. 400-25-650-30-800 Plus Rs. 100	1	1	1	1		1	...		...	...
Lecturers	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 Plus NPA Rs. 75	1	1	2	1		1	...		...	...
Lecturer Cum-Registrars.	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 Plus NPA Rs. 75	...	...	...	...	...		...		...	...
				DEPARTMENT OF OPHTHALMOLOGY							
Associate Professors.	Rs. 600-40-1000 plus NPA Rs. 150.	1	...	1	1	1					
Readers	Rs 600-40-1000 plus NPA Rs. 150.	...	...		1						
Assistant Professors.	Rs. 400-25-750-30-900 plus NPA Rs. 100.	...	...		...						
Assistant Associate Professors.	Rs. 400-25-650-0-800 plus NPA Rs. 100.	1	1		1						
Lecturers	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.	1									
Lecturer Cum-Registrars.	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.	...									
Registrars	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.	...									

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY.

Professors.	Rs. 700-40-900-50-1100 Plus NPA Rs. 200	...	...	...	...				
Associate Professors.	Rs. 600-40-1000 Plus NPA Rs. 150	1	...	1	...			...	...
Readers.	Rs. 600-40-1000 Plus NPA Rs. 150	...	...		2			...	...
Assistant Associate Professors.	Rs. 400-25-650-30-800 Puls NPA Rs. 100	1	1		1			...	...
	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 Plus NPA Rs. 75	1							
Lecturer *Cum*-Registrars.	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 Plus NPA Rs.75								

DEPARTMENT OF OTO RAI NO. LARYNGOLOGY

Associate Professors.	Rs. 600–40–1000 plus NPA. Rs. 150	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Readers	Rs. 600–40–1000 plus NPA. Rs. 150		1		...		...	...	..
Assistant Associate. Professors.	Rs. 400–25–645–30–800 plus NPA. Rs. 100		1		1		1	...	...
Lecturers.	Rs. 300–25–550–30–700 plus NPA Rs. 75							...	...
Lecturer *Cum*-Registrars.	Rs. 300–25–550–30–700 plus NPA Rs. 75.							...	...

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
				DEPARTMENT OF ORTHOPAEDICS							
Associate Professors.	Rs. 600-40-1000 plus NPA Rs. 150.	1	...	1	...	1		...		...	...
Readers ..	Rs. 600-40-1000 plus NPA Rs. 150.	...	...		1		...	...	...	...	...
Assistant Associate Professors.	Rs. 400-25-650-30-800 plus NPA Rs. 100.	1	1		1		1	...	...	..	...
Lecturers ...	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.		1		1		1	1	...		...
Lecturer-cum-Registrars.	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.								1		
				DEPARTMENT OF VENERIOLOGY							
Associate Professors.	Rs. 600-40-1000 plus NPA Rs. 150.	1	...	1	...	1				...	...
Readers ...	Rs. 600-40-1000 plus NPA Rs. 150.		...		1					...	...
Assistant Associate Professors.	Rs. 400-25-650-30-800 plus NPA Rs. 100.		1		1					...	...
Lecturers ...	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.		1		1					...	
Lecturer-Cum-Registrars.	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.									...	...

DEPARTMENT OF ANAESTHESIOLOGY

Associate professors	Rs. 600–40–1000 plus NPA Rs. 150	1	1	...	1	...			...	...	
Readers	Rs. 600–40–1000 plus NPA Rs. 150		...	...	1	...			..	...	
Assistant Associate professors	Rs. 400-25-650–30–800 plus NPA Rs. 100		1	1	1	1				...	
Lecturers	Rs. 300-25-560-30–700 plus NPA Rs. 75								...	...	...
Lecturer-*cum*-Rigistrars	Rs. 300–25-550-30–700 plus NPA Rs. 75								...	...	...

DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

Associate professors	Rs. 600–40–1000 plus NPA Rs. 150	...	...	1	...				...	...	
Assistant Associate professors	Rs. 600–40–1000 plus NPA Rs. 150	...	...		1				...	...	
Lecturers	Rs. 400–25-550–30-700 plus NPA Rs. 100										

DEPARTMENT OF THORACIC SURGERY

Associate professors	Rs. 600–40–1000 plus NPA Rs- 150	1	...	1	...	1					
Assistant Associate professors	Rs. 400–25–650-30-800 plus NPA Rs. 100	1	...	1	...	1			...	...	...
Lecturers	Rs. 300–25-550–30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	
Lecturers Cum-Registrars	Rs. 300-25-550 30–700 plus NPA Rs. 75	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	DEPARTMENT OF UROLOGY.										
Associate Professors.	Rs. 600-40-1000 Plus NPA Rs. 150.					1					
Assistant Associate Professors.	Rs. 400-25-650-30-800 Plus NPA Rs. 100.					1					
Lecturers.	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 Plus NPA Rs. 75.					1					
	DEPARTMENT OF TUBERCULOSIS.										
Associate Professors.	Rs. 600-40-1000 Plus NPA Rs. 150.	1	...	1	...	1					12
Assistant Associate Professors.	Rs. 400-25-650-30-800 Plus NPA Rs. 100.	...	...	...	...	...					
	DEPARTMENT OF FORENSIC MEDICINE.										
Associate Professors.	Rs. 600-40-1000 Plus NPA Rs. 150.	1		1	...	1				...	
Assistant Associate Professors.	Rs. 400-25-650-30-800 plus NPA Rs. 100.	...		...	...					...	
Lecturers.	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.										

DEPARTMENT OF NEURO-SURGERY.

Assistant Associate Professors.	Rs. 400-25-650-30-800 plus NPA Rs. 100.	...	...	1		
Lecturers.	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 plus NPA Rs. 75.					

DEPARTMENT OF NEUROLOGY

Assistant Associate Professors 40-800 +100 NPA	Rs. 400 25-650-30-800 Plus NPA Rs. 100	...		1		

DEPARTMENT OF PLASTIC SURGERY

Assistant Associate Professors.	Rs. 400-25-650-30-800 Plus NPA 100	...		1		
Lectnres Cum-Registrars.	Rs. 300-25-550 30-700 Plus NPA Rs. 75					

GENERAL POSTS

Registrars	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 Plus NPA Rs. 100	1	1	1	*2	*Common for Post-Graduate Courses.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Assistant Professors in Dentistry	Rs. 450-25-750-30-800 Plus NPA Rs. 100	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	
Lecturers in Dentistry	Rs. 300-25-550-30-700 Plus NPA Rs. 75								...	...	
Physics—											
Reader	300-20-400-25-600	...	...	1		1	...	...		...	
Lectures	230-20-350-500	...	...	2		3	...	...		...	
Chemistry—											
Reader	300-20-400-25-600	...	...	1		1	...	...		...	...
Lecturer	230-20-350-25-500	...	...	3		3	1	...		...	...
Biology—											
Reader	300 20-400-25-600	...	...	1		1	...	...		...	...
Botany—											
Lecturer	230-20-350-25-500	...	...	2		2	...	...	...	...	...
Zoology—											
Lecturer	230-20-350-25-500	...	...	2		2	...	...	...	...	...
English—											
Lecturer	230-20-350-25-500	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Statistics—											
Lecturer	230-20-350-25-500	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...

DENTAL COLLEGE, BANGALORE

Posts	Scale of Pay	Permanent	Temporary
	Rs.		
Principal	1000-50-1200 plus NPA 200		
Dental Prosthetics.			
Professor.	700-40-900-50-1100 plus 200 NPA.		
Assistant Professors	450-25-750-30-900 plus 100 NPA.		
Lecturers.	300-25-550-30-700 plus 75 NPA.		
Operative Surgery			
Professor.	700-40-900-1100 plus 200 NPA.		
Assistant Professor	450-25-750-30-900 plus 100 NPA.		
Lecturer	300-25-550-30-800 plus 100 NPA.		
Oral Surgery			
Professor	700-40-900-50-1100 plus 200 NPA.		
Assistant Professor	450-25-750-30-900 plus 100 NPA.		
Lecturer.	300-25-550-30-700 plus 100 NPA.		
Periodontia.			
Professor	700-40-900-50-1100 puls 200 NPA.	...	
Assistant Professor	450-25-75[illegible]-30-900 puls 100 NPA.	...	1
Lecturer.	300-25-550-30-800 puls 75 NPA.	...	1

NOTIFICATION

No. GAD 39 ORR 67, dated 18th September 1967

G.S.R. 426. In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution of India the Governor of Mysore, hereby makes the following rules, namely :—

1. Title and Commencement :

(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Health Services (Collegiate Branch) Recruitment Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall come into force at once.

2. Method of recruitment, etc.— In respect of each category of posts specified in Column 1 of the following Schedule, the method of recruitment, and the minimum qualifications and the period of probation shall subject to the notes in and at the end of the Schedule, be as prescribed in the corresponding entries in Columns 2 and 3 of the said Schedule.

SCHEDULE

Category of posts	*Method of Recruitment*	*Minimum qualifications and period of probation*
1	2	3
Deans of Medical Colleges and Director of Post-graduate and Research Institute (and *Ex-Officio* Superintendent, Bowring and Lady Curzon Hospitals, Bangalore).	By promotion by selection from the cadres of Professors of Post-graduate Studies, Professors and Associate Professors who are heads of Departments, the seniority being determined among the candidates on the basis of total period of service in one or more of the cadres not lower than that of Associate Professors.	

DEPARTMENT OF ANATOMY

1	2	3
Professors ..	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Associate Professors and Readers; (ii) Assistant Professors ; (iii) Lecturers/Museum Curators in Anatomy.	**For Promotion and Direct Recruitment.** *Qualifications :* (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Anatomy specified in Annexure A or B; and (3) should have teaching experience in Anatomy of not less than five years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Associate Professor and/or Reader. **Only for Direct Recruitment.** 1. *Age limit* : 45 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Surgeons (ii) Health Officers Class I (iii) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (iv) Health Officers Class II (v) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II).	
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category II, then by direct recruitment.	

Posts		Scale of Pay	Permanent	Temporary
Oral and Dental Pathology		Rs.		
Professor	...	700-40-900-50-1,100 plus 200 NPA		
Assistant Professor	...	450-25-750-30-900 plus 100 NPA		
Lecturer		300-25-550-30-700 plus 75 NPA		
Orthodontia				
Professor	...	700-40-900-50-1,100 plus 200 NPA		
Assistant Professor		450-25-750-30-900 plus 100 NPA		
Lecturer	...	300-25-550-30-700 plus 75 NPA		
Pedodontia and preventive Dentistry				
Professor	...	700-40-900-50-1,100 plus 200 NPA		
Assistant Professor	...	450-25-750-30-900 plus 100 NPA		
Lecturer	...	300-25-550-30-700 plus 75 NPA		
Other Staff				
Registrar	...	300-25-550-30-700 plus 75 NPA	1	...
Curator	...	300-25-550-30-700 plus 75 NPA	1	...
Assistant Professor for Dental Mechanics course.		450-25-750-30-900 plus 100 NPA	...	1

NOTE.—NPA means Non-Practising Allowance.

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

R. SRINIVASAN,

Under Secretary to Government,

General Administration Department (O. & M.).

Associate Professors and Readers.	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Professors .. (ii) Lecturers/Museum Curators in Anatomy. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers Class I. III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :– (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II). IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category III, then by direct recruitment.	**For Promotion, Transfer and Direct Recruitment.** *Qualifications :* (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Anatomy specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) should have teaching experience, in Anatomy of not less than three years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Professor. **Only for Direct Recruitment.** 1. *Age Limit :* 45 years. 2. *Probation :* Two years.

1	2	3
Assistant Professors ..	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/Museum Curators in Anatomy. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the Order of priority mentioned below :– (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II (ii) Health Officers Class II (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II). III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	**For Promotion and Direct Recruitment.** *Qualifications :* (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, and (2) should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Anatomy specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) should have teaching experience in Anatomy of not less than three years in a post of a lecturer or Museum Curator or any higher post. **Only for Direct Recruitment.** 1. *Age Limit* : 40 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.
Lecturers/Museum Curators.	By direct recruitment	**For Direct Recruitment :** 1. *Age limit* : 35 years. 2. *Qualifications* :—Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, and preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications namely :—

Post-graduate qualifications in Anatomy as specified in Annexure A or B ; (ii) Post-Registration Housemanship of one year ; (iii) Two years of service in Health Centres and Dispensaries in rural areas.

3. *Probation* : Two years

For Transfer :

Qualifications—

1. Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and
2. should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Anatomy specified in the Annexure A or B.

OR

By transfer of a person from the following cadres :

(i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II ;

(ii) Health Officer, Class II ; ..

(iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum* Assistant Surgeons (Class II). -

---

Note :—If for recruitment to any post, a medical graduate with requisite post-graduate qualification, is not available, a non-medical graduate holding M.Sc., or Ph.D., Degree qualification with Anatomy as a subject for the post-graduate degree will be eligible for appointment to the posts of Associate Professors, Readers, Assistant Professors and Lecturers in the Department of Anatomy, provided that for appointment to a post of Associate Professor, Reader or appointment to a post of Assistant Professor, he shall have teaching experience in Anatomy of not less than five years or three years, as the case may be, after acquiring post graduate qualification.

1	2	3

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSIOLOGY.

I. By Promotion by selection from the cadres and in the orders of priority mentioned below :—
   (i) Associate Professors and Readers
   (ii) Assistant Professors ;
   (iii) Lecturers/Museum Curators in Physiology.

II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :—
   (i) Surgeons.
   (ii) Health Officers Class I
   (iii) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II.
   (iv) Health Officer Class II
   (v) Health Officers Class II *-cum-* Assistant Surgeons (Class II).

III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category II, then by direct recruitment.

For Promotion and Direct Recruitment.

Qualifications :

1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and

2. should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Physiology specified in Annexure A or B ; and

3. should have teaching experience in Physiology of not less than five years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Associate Professor and/or Reader.

Only for direct recruitment

1. *Age limit* : 45 years.
2. *Probation* : Two years.

Associate Professors and Readers.	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Professors. (ii) Lecturers/Museum Curators in Physiology. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers Class I. III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :– (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II). IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category III, then by direct recruitment.	**For Promotion and Direct Recruitment.** *Qualifications.*— 1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and 2. should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Physiology specified in Annexure A or B ; and 3. should have teaching experience in Physiology of not less than three years after acquiring post-graduate qualifications of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Professor. **Only for Direct Recruitment.** 1. *Age limit* : 45 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.

1	2	3
Assistant Professors ..	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/Museum Curators in Physiology. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the Order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grade I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*- Assistant Surgeons (Class II). III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	**For Promotion and Direct Recruitment.** *Qualifications :* 1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and 2. should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Physiology specified in Annexure A or B ; and 3. should have teaching experience in Physiology of not less than three years in a post of a Lecturer or Museum Curator or any higher post. **Only for Direct Recruitment** 1. *Age limit* : 40 years 2. *Probation* : Two years.
Lecturers/Museum Curators.	By direct recruitment	**For Direct Recruitment** 1. *Age limit* : 35 years. *Qualifications :* 2. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, and preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of

the following qualifications, namely :—(i) Post-graduate qualifications in Physiology as specified in Annexure A or B ; (ii) Post-Registration Housemanship of one year ; (iii) Two years of service in Health Centres and Dispensaries in rural areas.

3. *Probation* ; Two years.

OR

For Transfer

By transfer of a person from the following cadres :

(i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II ;
(ii) Health Officer, Class II ;
(iii) Health Officer, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons.

Qualifications :

1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and
2. should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Physiology specified in the Annexure A or B.

Note —If for recruitment to any post, a medical graduate with requisite post graduate qualification, is not available, a non-medical graduate holding M.Sc., or Ph.D., degree qualification with Physiology as subject for the post-graduate degree will be eligible for appointment to the posts of Associate Professors, Readers, Assistant Professors and Lecturers in the Department of Physiology, provided that for appointment to a post of Associate Professor, Reader or appointment to a post of Assistant Professor, he shall have teaching experience in Physiology of not less than five years or three years, as the case may be, after acquiring post graduate qualification.

DEPARTMENT OF BIO-CHEMISTRY

1	2	3
Professors	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :—	*For Promotion and Direct Recruitment* *Qualifications* :— (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) should have any of the Post graduate qualifications in Bio-chemistry specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) should have teaching experience in Bio-chemistry of not less than five years after acquiring post-graduate qualifications of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Associate Professor and/or Reader.
	(i) Associate Professors and Readers ; (ii) Assistant Professors .. (iii) Lecturers/Museum Curators in Bio-Chemistry.	
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :—	*Only for Direct Recruitment* 1. *Age limt* : 45 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.

	(i) Surgeons ; (ii) Health Officers Class I (iii) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II ; (iv) Health Officer Class II (v) Health Officer, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, (Class II) III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category II, then by direct recruitment.	
Associate Professors and Readers.	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Professors. (ii) Lecturers/Museum Curators in Bio-chemistry. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers, Class I. III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II ;	*For Promotion, Transfer and Direct Recruitment* *Qualifications :—* (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Bio-chemistry specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) should have teaching experience in Bio-chemistry of not less than three years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Professor.

1	2	3
	(ii) Health Officers, Class II ; (iii) Health Officers, Class II *-cum-*Assistant Surgeons, Class II. IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category III, then by direct recruitment.	*Only for Direct Recruiment* (1) *Age limit* :—45 years. (2) *Probation* :—Two years.
Assistant Professors ..	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/Museum Curators in Bio-chemistry. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, Class II ; (iii) Health Officers, Class II *-cum-*Assistant Surgeons, Class II. III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	*For promoion and Direct Recruitment.* *Qualifications :* (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Bio-chemistry specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) should have teaching experience in Bio-Chemistry of not less than three years in a post of a Lecturer or Museum Curator or any higher post. *Only for Direct Recruitment* (1) *Age limit* :—40 years. (2) *Probation* :—Two years.

Lecturers/Museum Curators.	By direct recruitment	*For Direct Recruitment* (1) *Age limit* :—35 years. (2) *Qualifications* :—Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications (i) Post-graduate qualifications in Bio-chemistry as specified in Annexure A or B ; (ii) Post-Registration Housemanship of one year ; (iii) Two years of service in Health Centres and Dispensaries in rural areas.
	Or	
	By transfer of a person from the following cadres :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II ; (ii) Health Officer, Class II ; (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II).	*For Transfer* :— *Qualifications*:— (1) should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Bio-chemistry specified in the Annexure A or B.

Note :—If for recruitment to any post, a medical graduate with requisite post-graduate qualification is not available, a non-medical graduate holding M.Sc. or Ph.D. Degree qualifications with Bio-chemistry as a subject for the post-graduate degree will be eligible for appointment to the posts of Associate Professors, Readers, Assistant Professors and Lecturers in the Department of Bio-chemistry, provided that for appointment to a post of Associate Professor, Reader or appointment to a post of Assistant Professor, he shall have teaching experience in Bio-chemistry of not less than five years or three years, as the case may be, after acquiring post-graduate qualification.

DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY.

1	2	3
Professors of Post Graduate Studies.	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Professors ; (ii) Associate Professors and Readers ; in Pathology. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by direct recruitment.	*For Promotion and Direct Recruitment.* *Qualifications* :— 1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and 2. should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Pathology specified in Annexure A or B ; and 3. should have teaching experience in Pathology of not less than six years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than five years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Associate Professor and/or Reader. 1. *Age limit* :—45 years. 2. *Probation* :—Two years.

I.	By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below : (i) Associate Professors and Readers ; (ii) Assistant Professors ; (iii) Lecturers/Museum Curators/ Resident Pathologist in Pathology.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications* :— (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) should have any of the Post-Graduate qualifications in Pathology specified in Annexure A or Biand (3) should have teaching experience in Pathology of not less than five years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Associate Professor and/or Reader.
II.	If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Surgeons (ii) Health Officers Class I. (iii) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (iv) Health Officer Class II. (v) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (class II)	*Only for direct recruitment.* 1. Age limit :—45 years. 2. Probation :—Two years.
III.	If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	

1	2	3
Associate Professors and Readers.	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Professors. (ii) Lecturers/Museum Curators/ Resident Pathologist in Pathology. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers Class I. III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :	**For promotion, transfer and direct recruitment.** *Qualifications* :— (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Pathology specified in Annexure A or B; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Pathology of not less than three years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Professor. *Only for direct recruitment* :— 1. Age limit :—45 years. 2. Probation :—Two years.

	(i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II -*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II).	
IV.	If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category III, then by direct recruitment.	
I.	Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/Museum Curators/Resident Pathologist in Pathology.	**For promotion and direct recruitment**
II.	If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II -*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II).	*Qualifications :—* (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, and (2) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Pathology specified in Annexure A or B, and (3) Should have teaching experience in Pathology of not less than three years in a post of a Lecturer or any higher post.
III.	Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	*Only for direct recruitment :—* 1. Age limit :—40 years. 2. Probation :—Two years.

1	2	3
Lecturers/Museum Curators/Resident] Pathologist.	By direct recruitment	*For direct Recruitment :—* 1. Age limit :—35 years. 2. *Qualifications :*—Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India and preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications namely :—(i) Post-graduate qualifications in Pathology specified in Annexure A or B and/or Bacteriology, (ii) who have done Post-Registration Housemanship of one year, (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and Dispensaries in rural areas. Probation :—Two years.
	Or	
	By transfer of a person from the following cadres :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grade I and II. (ii) Health Officer, Class II	**For Transfer** *Qualifications :—* (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and

Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II).	(2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Pathology and/or Bacteriology, specified in the Annexure A or B.

DEPARTMENT OF PREVENTIVE AND SOCIAL MEDICINE.

I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Professors ; (ii) Lecturers/Epidemiologist-*cum*-Bio-Statistician in Preventive and Social Medicine.	**For Promotion and Direct Recruitment** *Qualifications* :— (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and
II. If no suitavble person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned beow :— (i) Surgeons, (ii) Health Officers Class I. (iii) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (iv) Health Officer Class II. (v) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	(2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Preventive and Social Medicine specified in Annexure A or B, and (3) Should have teaching experience in Preventive and Social Medicine of not less than five years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Professor.

1	2	3
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	*Only for Direct Recruitment* :— 1. Age limit :—45 years. 2. Probation :—Two years
	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers, Epidemiologist-*cum*--Bio-statistician in Preventive and Social Medicine.	**For Promotion and Direct Recruitment** *Qualifications* :— 1. Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, and
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I. then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers (Class II) Surgeons Class II.	2. Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Preventive and Social Medicine specified in Annexure A or B and 3. Should have teaching experience in Preventive and Social Medicine of not less than three years in a post of a Lecturer/Epidemiologist-*cum*-Bio-Statistician or any higher post.
	III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment	*Only for Direct Recruitment* :— 1. Age limit :—40 years. 2. Probation :—Two years.

Lecturers Epidemiologist-*cum*-Bio-Statistician.	By direct Recruitment.	*For Direct Recruitment* :— 1. Age limit :—35 years. 2. *Qualifications* :—Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India. Preference being given to a candidate who possesses is one or more of the following qualifications ; (i) post-graduate qualifications in Preventive and Social Medicine as specified in Annexure A or B ; (ii) who have done Post-Registration Housemanship of one year (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and Dispensaries in rural areas. 3. Probation :—Two years.
	Or	
	By transfer of a person from the following cadres :— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officer Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeon Class II.	*For Transfer* :— 1. *Qualifications* :—Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Preventive and Social Medicine specified in the Annexure A or B.

DEPARTMENT OF PHARMACOLOGY

1	2	3
Professors	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Associate Professors and Readers ; (ii) Assistant Professors ; (iii) Lecturers in Pharmacology.	**For promotion and direct recruitment.** *Qualifications :—* (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Pharmacology specified in Annexure A or B and (3) Should have teaching experience in Pharmacology of not less than five years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Associate Professor and/or Reader. *Only for Direct Recruitment :—* (1) Age Limit :—45 years.
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Surgeons. (ii) Health Officers Class I. (iii) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (iv) Health Officer Class II. (v) Health Officers (Class II) -*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II)	

	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	(2) Probation :—Two years.
Associate Professors and Readers.	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Professors. (ii) Lecturers in Pharmacology.	**For promotion, Transfer and direct recruitment** *Qualifications :—* (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Pharmacology specified in Annexure A or B and (3) Should have teaching experience in Pharmacology of not le s than three years after acquiring post-graduate qualifications of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Professor.
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers Class I.	
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :—	*Only for direct recruitment :—* (1) Age Limit :—45 years. (2) Probation :—Two years.

1	2	3
	(i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II *-cum-*Assistant Surgeons (Class II).	
	IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category III, then by direct recruitment.	
Assistant Professors	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers in Pharmacology.	**For promotion and direct recruitment**
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II *-cum-*Assistant Surgeons Class II.	*Qualifications :—* (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Pharmacology specified in Annexure A or B and (3) Should have teaching experience in Pharmacology of not less than three years in a post of a Lecturer or any higher post.

C.R.R.	Lecturers	III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	*Only for direct recruitment :—* (1) Age limit :—40 years. (2) Probation :—Two years.
		By direct recruitment	*For Direct recruitment :—* (1) Age Limit :—35 years *Qualifications :—* (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications ; (i) Post-graduate qualifications in Pharmacology as specified in Annexure A or B. (ii) Post-Registration Housemanship of one year, (iii) Two years of service in Health Centres and or Dispensaries in Rural areas.
		By transfer of a person from the following cadres :—	3. Probation :—Two years.

1	2	3
	(i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officer Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	*For Transfer* . 1. *Qualifications* :— Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Pharmacology specified in the Annexure A or B.

Note :—If for recruitment to any post, a medical graduate with requisite post-graduate qualification, is not available, a non-medical graduate holding M. Sc., or Ph. D., Degree qualification with Pharmacology as a subject for the post-graduate degree will be eligible for appointment to the posts of Associate Professors, Readers, Assistant Professors and Lecturers in the Department of Pharmacology, provided that for appointment to a post of Associate Professor, Reader or appointment to a post of Assistant Professor, he shall have teaching experience in Pharmacology of not less than five years or three years, as the case may be, after acquiring post-graduate qualification.

1	2	3
	DEPARTMENT OF MEDICINE	
Professors of post Graduate Studies	... I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below : (i) Professors; (ii) Associate Professors and Readers in Medicine. II. If no suitable person is avilable for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by direct recruitment.	*For Promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications :* (1) should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; (2) should have any of the Post-Graduate qualifications in Medicine specified in Annexure A or B. and (3) should have teaching experience in Medicine of not less than six years after acquiring Post-Graduate qualificiation of which not less than five years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Associate Professor and/or Reader. *Only for Direct Recruitment* :— 1. *Age limit* : 45 years. 2. *Probation.* : Two years.

I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :... (i) Associate Professors and readers (ii) Assistant Professors ; (iii) Assistant Associate Professors ; (iv) Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars/Regirtrars in Medicine.	*For Promotion and Direct recruitment* 1. *Qualifications* :— 1) should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; (2) should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Medicine specified in Annexure A or B, and (3) should have teaching experience in Medicine of not less than five years after acquiring post-graduate qualification, of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Associate Professor and/or Reader.	
II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Surgeons, (ii) Health Officer, Class I. (iii) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (iv) Health Officer Class II. (v) Health Officer (Class II) *cum*-Assistant Surgeon (Class II).	*Only for direct recruitment.* 1. *Age limit* : 45 years. 2. *Probation* : 2 years.	

1	2	3
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	
	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Professors. (ii) Assistant Associate Professors ; (iii) Lecturers / Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars/Registrars in Surgery.	*For promotion, transfer and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications :—* 1. Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Surgery specified in Annexure A or B, and 3. Should have teaching experience in Surgery of not less than three years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor.
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of surgeons and Health Officers Class I.	
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, Class II ;	

	(iii) Health Officers Class II-cum-Assistant Surgeons (class II).	*Only For Direct Recruitment*—
	IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category III, then by direct recruitment.	1. *Age limit* : 45 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.
...	I Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Associate professors : (ii) Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars/Registrars in Medicine.	*For Promotion and Direct Recruitment* *Qualification* :— (1) should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; (2) should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Medicine specified in Annexure A or B and (3) should have teaching experience in Medicine of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer, Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar or Registrar or any higher post.
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II	*Only for direct recruitment.*— 1. *Age limit* : 40 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.

1	2	3
	(ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (class II). III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	
Assistant Associate Professors ...	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars/Registrars in Medicine. II. If no suitable person is availble for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below : (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, Class II. (iii) Health Officers, (Class II)-*cum*-Assitant Surgeons, (Class II.) III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	*For Promotion and Direct Recruitment.* *Qualifications* :— (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; (2 Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications Medicine specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Medicine of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar/Registrar or any higher post. *Only for Direct recruitment* 1. *Age limit* : 40 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years. *for Direct recruitment* : 1. *Age limit* : 35 years. 2. *Qualifications* : Should be the holder of a
Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars/Registrars.	I. By direct recruitment. Or	

Degree in Medicine of any University established by Law in India, preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or moreof the following qualifications :

(i) Post-graduate qualification in medicine as specified in Annexure A or B (ii) who have done Post-Registration Housemanship of one year (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in rural areas ; .

3. Probation : Two years.

For transfer

Qualifications :

(1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India and

(2) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Medicine specified in Annexure A or B.

II. By transfer or from the cadres of

(i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II.

(ii) Health Officers, Class II.

(iii) Health Officers, (class II) *cum*-Assistant Surgeons, (class II).

DEPARTMENT OF SURGERY

1	2	3
Profssors of Post Graduats Studies	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Professors ; (ii) Associate Professors and Readers in Surgery ; II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by direct recruitment.	*For promotion and direct recruitment*: — *Qualifications.* (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; (2) Should have any of the Post-Graduate qualifications in Surgery specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Surgery of not less than six years after acquiring Post-Graduate qualifications of which not less than five years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Associate Professor and/or Reader. *Only for direct recruitment.* 1. *Age limit* : 45 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.
	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Associate Professors and Readers (ii) Assistant Professors ; (iii) Assistant Associate Professors ;	*For promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications*:— 1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by

	(iv) Lecturers/Lecturer–*cum*–Registrars/Registrars in Surgery.	law in India ; 2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Surgery specified in Annexure A or B ; and 3. Should have teaching experience in Surgery of not less than five years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than there years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Associate Professor and/or Reader.
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the ordder of priority mentioned below : (i) Surgeons, (ii) Health Officer, Class I. (iii) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (iv) Health Officers, Class II. (v) Health Officers, (Class II) *cum*-Assistant Surgeons, (Class II) III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	*Only for Direct Recruitment* :— 1. *Age Limit* : 45 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.

1	2	3
Associate Professors and Readers.	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below : (i) Assistant Professors ; (ii) Assistant Associate Professors ; (iii) Lecturers 'Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars/Registrars ; in Medicine. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by transfer by Selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers, Class I. III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II (ii) Health Officers, Class ; (iii) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II. IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category III, then by direct recruitment.	*For promotion, Transfar and Direct Recruitment :* 1. *Qualifications.*— (1) should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; (2) should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Medicine specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) should have teaching experience in Medicine of not less than three years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor. *Only for direct recruitment.* 1. *Age limit* : 45 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.

	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :	*For promotion and direct recruitment.*
	(i) Assistant Associate Professors ;	*Qualifications* :
	(ii) Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars/Registrars in Surgery.	1. Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :—	2. Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Surgery, specified in Annexure A or B; and
	(i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II.	3. Should have teaching experience Surgery of not less than three years in a post of a Lecturer or Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar or Registrar or any higher post.
	(ii) Health Officers, Class II.	*Only for direct recruitment.*
	(iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	1. *Age limit* : 40 years.
	III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	2. *Probation* : Two years
Assistant Associate Professors ...	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars/Registrars in Surgery.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.*
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under	*Qualifications:*
		1. Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by

1	2	3
	category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. ... (iii) Health Officers (Class II) - *cum* - Assistant Surgeons Class II. III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Surgery specified in Annexure A or B ; and 3. Should have teaching experience in Surgery of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer/Lecturer-*cum*- Registrar , Registrar or any higher post. *Only for direct recruitment.* 1. *Age limit* : 40 years. 2. *Probation* :Two years.
Lecturers/Lecturerer - ***cum*** - Registrar /Registrars.	I. By direct recruitment ... OR II. By transfer from the cadres of : (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, Class II (iii) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	*For Direct Recruitment.* 1. *Age limit* : 35 years. 2. *Qualifications :* Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications : (i) Post-graduate qualification in Surgery as speci-

fied in Annexure A or B (ii) who have done Post-Registration Housemanship of one year (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in rural areas.

3. *Probation* : Two years.

For transfer.

Qualifications :

1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and
2. Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Surgery specified in Annexure A or B.

1	2	3
	DEPARTMENT OF OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY.	
	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Associate Professors and Readers; (ii) Assistant Professors; (iii) Assistant Associate Professors; (iv) Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars/Registrars in Obstetrics and Gynaecology.	*For promotion and direct recruitment:* *qualification.* (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and 2 Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Obstetrics and Gynaecology specified in Annexure A or B and 3 Should have teaching experience in Obstetrics and Gynaecology of not less than five years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Associate Professor and or Reader.

	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under cotegory I, then by promoton by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below : (i) Surgeons. (ii) Health Officers, Class I. (iii) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (iv) Health Officer, Class II. (v) Health Officer (Class II),-*Cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	*Only for direct recruitment.* 1 *Age limit* 45 years 2 *Probation* : Two years.
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	
Associate Professors and Readers.	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Professors. (ii) Assistant Associate Professors. (iii) Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars/Registrars in Obstetrics and Gynaecology.	*For promotion, transfer and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications.* (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Obsterics and Gynaecology specified in Annexure A or B.

1	3	4
		(3) should have teaching experience in Obsterics and Gynaecology of not less than three years after acquiring post graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professors. *Only for direct recruitment.* 1. *Age limit*: 45 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion, under category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers, Class I. III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II. IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category III, then by direct recruitment.	

Assistant Professors.	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below : (i) Assistant Associate Professors. (ii) Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars/Registrars in Obstetrics and Gynaecology. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, Class II. (iii) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II. III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	*For Promotion and Direct Recruitment.* *Qualifications* : (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and (2) Should have any of the Post-Graduate qualifications in Obstetrics and Gynaecology specified in Annexure A or B and (3) Should have teaching experience in Obstetrics and Gynaecology of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer or Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar or Registrar or any higher post. *Only For Direct Recruitment* : 1. *Age limit* : 40 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.

1	2	3
Assistant Associate Professors.	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/ Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars/Registrars in Obstetrics and Gynaecology. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :—	*For promotion, transfer and Direct Recruitment Qualifications.* (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the Post-Graduate qualifications in Obstetrics and Gynaecology as specified in Annexure A or B, and (3) Should have teaching experience Obstetrics and Gynaecology of less than three years in a post of Lecturer/Lecturer-*cum*-Regsistrar/Registrar or any higher post.
	(i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, Class II. (iii) Health Officers (Class II)-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, (Class II).	*Only For Direct Recruitment :* *1. Age Limits* : 40 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.
	III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	*For Direct Recruitment :* 1. *Age limit* : 35 years.
Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars/Registrars.	I. By direct recruitment. OR	2. *Qualifications* : Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University

established by law in India, preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications :—

(i) Post-graduate qualification in Obstetrics and Gynaecology as specified in Annexure A or B (ii) who have done Post-Registration Housemanship of one year (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in in rural areas ;

3. *Probation* : Two years.

II. By transfer from the cadres of
(i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II.
(ii) Health Officers, Class II.
(iii) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.

For Transfer.

1. *Qualifications.*

(a) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in india ; and

(b) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Obstetrics and Gynaecology specified in Annexure A or B.

1	2	3
	DEPARTMENT OF PAEDIATRICS.	
Associate Professors and Readers	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below : (i) Assistant Associate Professors. (ii) Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars in Paediatrics.	*For Promotion, Transfer and direct Recruitment.* *Qualifications :* (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Paediatrics specified in Annexure A or B and (3) Should have teaching experience in Paediatrics of not less than three years after acquiring Post-graduates qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor.

	II. if no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers, Class I. III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below : (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, Class II. (iii) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II. IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category III, then by direct recruitment.	*Only for Direct Recruitment* : 1. *Age limit* : 45 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.
Assistant Associate Professors	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers / Lecturer - *cum*-Registrars in Paediatrics. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the	*For Promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications* : (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and

1	2	3
	cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below : (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officer, Class II. (iii) Health Officer, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	(2) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Paediatrics specified in Annexure A or B and. (3) Should have teaching experience in Paediatrics of not less than three years in a post of a Lecturer or Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar or any higher post.
	III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	*Only for Direct Recruitment* : 1. *Age Limit* : 40 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.
Lecturer Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars	By direct recruitment.	*For Direct Recruitment* : 1. Age limit : 35 years. 2. *Qualifications* : Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, preference being given to a candidate who possesses

as one or more of the following qualifications : (i) Post-graduate qualifications in Paediatrics as specified in Annexure A or B (ii) who have done post-Registration Housemanship of one year. (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and or Dispensaries in rural areas.

3. Probation : Two years.

OR

By transfer of a person from the following cadres :

(i) Assistant Surgeons, Grade I and II.
(ii) Health Officers, Class II.
(iii) Health Officer, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class-II.

For Transfer ;

Qualifications :

1. Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by Law in India, and
2. Should have any of the Post-Graduate qualifications in Paediatrics specified in the Annexure A or B.

1	2	3
	DEPARTMENT OF OPHTHALMOLOGY.	
Associate Professors and Readers.	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below : (i) Assistant Professors ; (ii) Assistant Associate Professors ; (iii) Lecturers in Ophthalmology.	*For Promotion, Transfer and Direct Recruitment.*— (1) *Qualifications* : Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Ophthalmology specified in Annexure A or B and 3. Should have teaching experience in Ophthalmology of not less than three years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor.
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers Class 1.	
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion, by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below : (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II ; (iii) Health Offices Class II-*cum*-Assistant and Surgeons Class II.	*Only for Direct Recruitment :* 1. Age limit : 45 years 2. Probation : Two years

	2	3
	IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category III, then by direct recruitment.	
	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Associate Professors ; (ii) Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum* Registrars in Ophthalmology.	*For Promotion and Direct Recruitment.*—
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :- (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	*Qualifications.*— (1). Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Opthalmology specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Opthalmology of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer or Lectures–*c u m*–Registrar or any higher post.
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category II, then by direct recruitment.	*Only for Direct Recruitment.* 1 Age limit : 40 years. 2 Probation : Two years

	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers / Lecturers *-cum* Registrars in Opthalmology.	*For Promotion and Direct Recruitment :* *Qualifications :*
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II; (ii) Health Officers; Class II; (iii) Health Officer Class II *-cum-*Assistant Surgeons Class II	(1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Ophthalmology specified in Annexure A or B; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Ophthalmology of not less than three years in a post of a Lecturer or Lecturer--*cum*-Registrar or any higher post.
Lecturers/Lecturer–cum–Registrars.	III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment. I. By direct recruitment. *OR* II. By transfer from the cadres of (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II (ii) Health Officers, Class II (iii) Health Officer; Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	*Only for Direct Recruitment*:— 1. Age limit: 40 years. 2. Probation : Two years. *For Direct Recruitment.*— 1. Age limit : 35 years. 2. *Qualifications* :— Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, preference being given to a candidate

1	2	3
		who possesses as one or more of the following qualifications, namely:— (i) Post-graduate qualifications in Ophthalmology as specified in Annexure A or B ; (ii) Who have done Post-Registration Housemanship of one year ; (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in Rural areas.
		3. 4. *Probation.*— Two years.
		For Transfer : *Qualifications* : (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by Law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Opthalmology specified in Annexure A or B.

Department of Radiology

I.	By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Associate Professors and Readers ; (ii) Assistant Associate Professors ; (iii) Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars in Radiology.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications.*— (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Radiology specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Radiology of not less than fivs years after acquiring Post-graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Associate Professor and/or Reader.

1	2	3
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Surgeons. (ii) Health Officers, Class I. (iii) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (iv) Health Officers, Class II. (v) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	*Only For Direct Recruitment.*— 1. Age limit : 45 years. 2. Probation : Two years.
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	
Associate Professors and Readers.	I. By promotion, by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Associate Professors ; (ii) Lecturers / Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars in Radiology.	*For Promotion, Tansfer and Direct Recruitment.*— *Qualifications.*— (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Radialogy specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Radiology of not less than three years after acquiring

II.	If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers, Class I.	Post-graduate qualifications of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor.
III.	If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II; (ii) Health Officers; Class II. (iii) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	*Only for direct recruitment.* 1. Age limit: 45 years. 2. Probation: Two years.
IV.	If no suitable person is avilable for appointment by promotion under category III, then by direct recruitment.	

1	2	3
Assistant Associate Professors.	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by Selection from the cadre of Lecturers/ Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars in Radiology.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications.* (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by Law in India; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Radiology specified in Annexure A or B; (8) Should have teaching experience in Radiology of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer or Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar or any higher post.
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II;	

		Only for direct recruitment.— 1. Age limit : 40 years 2. Probation : Two years
	(ii) Health Officers, Class II. (iii) Health Officers, Class II *.cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	
	III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	
Lecturers/Lecturers-*cum*-registrar.	By direct recruitment.	*For direct recruitment.*— 1. Age limit : 35 years ; 2. Qualifications :- Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by Law in India ; preference being given to a candidate who posseses as one or more of the following qualifications :—(i) Post-graduate qualifications in Radiology as specified in Annexere A or B (ii) who have done post Registration Housemanship of one year ; (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in rural areas.

1	2	3
	OR By transfer of a person from the following cadres ; (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II ; (ii) Health Officers, Class II. (iii) Health Officers, Class II–*cum*–Assistant Surgeons (Class II).	3. Probation : Two years. *For Transfer.—* *Qualifications.* 1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by Law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the Post–graduate qualifications in Radiology specified in the Annexure A or B

Note :— If Candidates with requisite Post–graduate Degree qualifications ane not available, candidates with Post–graduate Diploma qualifications in Radiology who have put in total 10 years of service of which 3 years teaching experience after obtaining Post–graduate Diploma in Radiology are eligible to the posts of Associate Professors and Assistant Associate Professors in the Department of Radiology.

1	2	3
	OTO-RHINO-LARYNGOLOGY	
	I By promotion, by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Asociate Professors ; (ii) Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars in Oto-Rhino-Laryngology. II If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by transfer, by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers, Class I. III If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II ; (ii) Health Officers, Class II ; (iii) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	For Promotion, Transfer and Direct Recruitment : *Qualifications.*— (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the Post-Graduate qualifications in Oto-Rhino-Laryngology specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Oto-Rhino-Laryngology not less than three years after acquiring Post-graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor. *Only for Direct Recruitment.*— 1. Age limit : 45 years. 2. Probation : Two years.

1	2	3
	IV If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category III, then by direct recruitment.	
	I Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers / Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars in Oto-Rhino-Laryngology.	*For Promotion and Direct Recruitment :* *Qualifications.* (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by Law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualification in Oto-Rhino-Laryngology specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Oto-Rhino-Larayngology not less then three years in a post of Lecturer or Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar or any higher post.
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion, by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :- (i) Assistant Surgeons—Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers—Class II. (iii) Health Officers—Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons—Class II.	
	III. Fifty percent by direct recruitment.	*Only for Direct Recruitment :* 1. Age limit : 40 years 2. Probation : Two years

Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars	By direct recruitment OR By transfer of a person from the following cadres :— (i) Assistant Surgeons—Grades I and II ; (ii) Health Officers—Class II ; (iii) Health Officers—Class II-*cum*-Assistent Surgeons—Class II.	*For Diret Decruitment :* 1. Age limit : 35 years 2. *Qualifications.*—Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by Law in India, preference being given to a candidate who possess as one or more of the following qualifications, namely :— (i) Post-graduate qualification in Oto-Rhino-Laryngology as specified in Annexur A or B; (ii) who have done post-Registration Housemanship of one year ; (iii) Who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in rural areas ; (3) Probation : Two years.

1	2	3
		For Transfer : *Qualificatins ;* (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Oto-Rhino-Laryngology specified in Annexure, A or B.

DEPARTMENT OF ORTHOPÆDICS.

I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :—

(i) Assistant Associate Professors.

(ii) Lecturers / Lecturers-*cum*-Registrars in Orthopædics.

II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Helath Officers, Class I.

III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer under Category II, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :—

(i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II

(ii) Health Officers Class II.

(iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.

IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category III, then by direct recruitment.

For promotion, transfer and direct recruitment.

Qualifications :

1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and

2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Orthopædics specified in Annexure A or B.

3. Should have teaching experience in Orthopaedics of not less than three years after acquiring Post graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor.

Only for direct recruitment :

1. *Age limit* : 45 years.

2. *Probation* : Two years.

1	2	3
Assistant Associate Professors.	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/ Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars in Orthopaedics. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II ; (ii) Health Officers Class II ; (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II. III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	*For promotion and Direct Recruitment.* *Qualifications* : (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Orthopaedics specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Orthopaedics of not less than three years in a 'post' of Lecturer or Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar or any higher post. *Only for Direct Recruitment* : 1. *Age limit* : 40 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.

Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars.	By direct recruitment	...	*For direct recruitment* : 1. Age limit—35 years. 2. *Qualifications* :—Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications, namely :— (i) Post-graduate qualifications in Orthopaedics as specfied in Annexure A or B, (ii) who have done Post-Registration Housemanship of one year (iii) who have put in two years of serviee in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in Rural areas. 3. *Probation* : Two years.
	OR By transfer of a person from the following cadres :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.		*For transfer* :—*qualifications* : 1. Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Orthopaedics specified in Annexure A or B.

1	2	3
	DEPARTMENT OF VENEREOLOGY AND DERMATALOGY	
Associate Professors and Readers.	I. By promotion by selection from the Cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Assistant Associate Professors. (ii) Lectures/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars in Venereology and Dermatalogy. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by Promotion under category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers, Class I. III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priorty mentioned below:— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons class II. IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category III, then by direct recruitment.	*For promotion, transfer and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications* : (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the post-graduate qunlifications in Venereology and Dermatalogy specified in Annexure A or B; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Venereology and Dermatalogy of not less than three years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor. *Only for direct recruitment :* 1. *Age limit*: 45 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.

Assistant Associate Professors	...	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/ Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars in Venereology and Dermatalogy. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II. III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifieations*:— (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Venereology and Dermatalogy specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Venereology and Dermatalogy of not less than three years in a Post of Lecturer or Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar or any higher post. *for direct recruitment* : 1. *Age limit*: 40 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.
Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars	...		*For direct recruitment* : 1. *Age limit* : 35 years. 2. *Qalifications* : Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications:—

1	2	3
		(i) Post-graduate qualifications in Venercology and Dermatalogy as specified in Annexure A or B, (ii) who have done post-Registration Housemanship of one year, (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in rural areas.
	Or	For Transfer.—
	By trnsfer of a person from the following cadres :—	*Qualiflcations* :
	(i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II	(a) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India;
	(ii) Health Officers Class II.	(b) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Venereology and Dermatalogy specified in the Annexure A or B.
	(iii) Health Officers Class II–*cum*–Assistant Surgeons Class II.	

Note:—If candidates with requisite post-graduate qualifications are not available, candidates with post-graduate Diploma qualifications who have put in at least 10 years of total service of which three years teaching experience after obtaining post-graduate Diploma qualification, are eligible to the posts of Associate Professor and Assistant Associate Professor in the Department of Venereology and Dermatalogy.

DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

I. By promotion by selection from the Cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Assistant Associate Professors (ii) Lecturers in Cardiology	*For Promotion, Transfer and Direct Recruitment:* *Qualifications* — (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Cardiology specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Cardiology of not less than three years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor.
II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers Class I.	*Only for Direct Recruitment:*— 1. *Age limit.*—45 years 2. *Probation.*—Two years
III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II, (ii) Health Officers Class II, (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II	

1	2	3
	IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion, then by direct recruitment	
	I By promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers in Cardiology	*For Promotion and Direct Recruitment* *Qualifications.*—
	II If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under categoory I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II (iii) Health Officers, class II *cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II	(1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and (2) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Cardiology specified in Annexure A or B; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Cardiology of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer or Lecturer *-cum*-Registrar or any higher post.
	III If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	*Only for Direct Recruitment* 1 *Age limit*;—40 years 2 *Probation*:—Two years.

By direct recruitment.		*For direct Recruitment* (1) *Age limit*:—35 years. 2 *Qualifications*.–Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of the following Qualifications (i) Post-Graduate Qualifications in Cardiology as specified in Annexure A or B, (ii) who have done Post-Registration Housemanship of one year; (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in rural areas. 3 *Probation*: Two years.
By transfer of a person from the following cadres:— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, class II (iii) Health Officers class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons class II.		*For Transfer*: *Qualifications*: 1 Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and. 2 Should have any of the post-graduate Qualifications in Cardiology specified in Annexure A or B.

1	2	3
	DEPARTMENT OF ANÆSTHESIOLOGY.	
Associate Professors and Readers	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below.— (i) Assistant Associate professors. (ii) Lecturers/Lecturer *cum*-Registrars in Anasthesiology. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officer Class I. III If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below.— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, Class II. (iii) Health Officers (Class II)-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II. IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category III, then by direct recruitment.	*For Promotion, Transfer and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications* : (1) should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University estaslished by Law in India; and (2) should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Anaesthesiology specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Anaesthesiology of not less than three years after acquiring Post-graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor. *Only for direct recruitment*; 1 *Age limit*.—45 years. 2 *Probation*.—Two years.

	I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Leaturers/ Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars in Anaesthesiology.	*For Promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications* : (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by Law in India; and (2) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Anaesthesiology specified in Annexure A or B; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Anaesthesiology of not less than three years in a post of a Lecturer or Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar or any higher post.
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the caders and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Clsss II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	*Only for direct recruitment.* 1. *Age limit*: 40 years. 2. *Probation*: Two years.
	III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	*For direct recruitment* : 1. *Age limit* : 35 years. 2. *Qualificatiens* :—
Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars	By direct recruitment	Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications :— (i) Post-Graduate qualifications in Anæsthesiology as specified in Annexure A or B

1	2	3
		(ii) Who have done Post Registration Housemanship of one year. (iii) Who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in rural areas.
	Or By transfer of a person from the following cadres :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II (ii) Health Officers, Class II (iii) Health Officers, Class II, *cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	3. *Probation* : Two yeare. *For transfer* *Qualifications* :— 1. Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and 2. Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Anaesthesiology specified in the Annexure A or B.

Note.—If candidates with requisite post-graduate qualifications are not available, candidates with post-graduate Diploma in Anaesthesiology, who have put in at least 10 years of total service of which 3 years teaching experience after obtaining the post-graduate Diploma in Anaesthesiology, are eligible to the posts of Assoeiate Professors and Assistant Associate Professors.

DEPARTMENT OF THORACIC SURGERY

I.	By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Associate professors (ii) Lecturers/lecturer–*cum* Registrars in Thoracic Surgery.	*For promotion, Transfer and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications* :— (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by Law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Thoracic Surgery specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Thoracic Surgery of not less than three years after acquiring Post-graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor.
II.	If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers Class I	*Only for direct recruitment* : 1. *Age limit* : 45 years, 2. *Probation* : Two years.

1	2	3
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below.— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II (ii) Health Officers, Class II (iii) Health Officers class II–*cum*-Assistant Surgeons class II IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category III, then by direct recruitment.	
Assistant Associate Professors	I 66 2/3 per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/ Lecturer–*cum*–Registrars in Thoracic Surgery II If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I&II (ii) Health Officers, Class II (iii) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II	*For Promotion and direct recruitment* *Qualifications*:— 1 Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by Law in India; and 2 Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Thoracic Surgery specified in Annexure A or B ; and 3 Should have teaching experience in Thoracic Surgery of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer or Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar or any higher post.

	III 33 1/3 per cent by direct recruitment.	*Only for direct recruitment.* 1 *Age limit*: 40 years 2 *Probation* : Tow years
Lecturers/Lecturer—*cum*— Registrars.	By direct recruitment.	*For direct recruitment.* 1 *Age limit* : 35 years 2 *Qualifications*; Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India. preference being given to candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications : —(i) Post-graduate qulifications in Thoracic Surgery as spcified in Annexre A or B. (ii) who have done post-registration housemanship of one year. (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in rural areas. 3 *Probation* : Two years.
	OR By transfer of a person from the following cadres:— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	*For Trausfer.*— *Qualifications.*— (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and (2) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Thoracic Surgery specified in the Annexure A or B.

1	2	3
	DEPARTMENT OF UROLOGY.	
	I By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below : (i) Assistant Associate Professors. (ii) Lecturers in Urology. II If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers, Class I. III If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II. IV If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category III, then, by direct recruitment.	*For promotion, transfer and direct Recruitment.* *Qualifications.*—1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Urology specified in Annexure A or B; and 3. Should have teaching experience in Urology of not less than three years after acquiring Post-graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor. *Only for direct recruitment.*— 1. *Age limit* : 45 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.

	III 33 1/3 per cent by direct recruitment.	*Only for direct recruitment.* 1 *Age limit* : 40 years 2 *Probation* : Tow years
Lecturers/Lecturer—*cum*— Registrars.	By direct recruitment.	*For direct recruitment.* 1 *Age limit* : 35 years 2 *Qualifications*; Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India. preference being given to candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications : —(i) Post-graduate qulifications in Thoracic Surgery as spcified in Annexre A or B. (ii) who have done post-registration housemanship of one year. (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in rural areas. 3 *Probation* : Two years.
	OR By transfer of a person from the following cadres:— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	*For Trausfer.*— *Qualifications.*— (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and (2) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Thoracic Surgery specified in the Annexure A or B.

I	By promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers in Urology.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications* —1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and 2. Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Urology speeifisd in Annexure A or B; and 3. Should have teaching experience in Urology of not less than three years in a post of a Lecturer or any higher post.
II	If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below.— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II).	
III	If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	*Cnly for direct recruitment.*— 1. Age limit : 40 years. 2. Probation : Two years.
By direct recruitment.		*For direct recruitment'*—1. Age limit ; 35 years 2. *Qualifications.*—Should be the holder ef a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, preference being given to a candidate who possesses

2	3
	one or more of the following qualifications, namely.— (i) post-graduado qualifications in Urology as specified in Annexure A or B; (ii) who have done post-Registration Housemanship of one year; (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in rural areas. 3. *Probation*: Two years.
Or By transfer of a person from the following cadres; (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II; (ii) Health Officers Class II;	*For Transfer Qualifications.*—1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and

	(ii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	2. should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Urology specified in the Annexure A or B.
DEPARTMENT OF TUBERCULOSIS		
I	By promotion by selection from the cadre of Assistant Associate Professors in Tuberculosis.	*For Promotions, Transfer and Direct Recruitment.* *Qualification*.—(1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and
II	If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers Class I.	(2) should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Tuberculosis specified in Annexure A or B; and
III	If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below.— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II; (ii) Health Officers Class II; (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	(3) should have teaching experience in Tuberculosis of not less than three years after acquiring post-graduate qualifications of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor. *Only for direct Recruitment:* 1. *Age limit*: 45 years. 2. *Probation*: Two years
IV	If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category III then by direct recruitment.	

1	2	3
	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below — (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II -cum-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	*For Promotion and direct Recruitment.—* *Qualifications* —(1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and (2) should have any of the Post-Graduate qualifications in Tuberculosis specified in Annexure A or B; and
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by direct recruitment.	3 Should have teaching experience in Tuberculosis of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer or Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar or any higher post. *Only for direct Recruitment.—* 1 *Age limit* : 40 years. 2 *Probation* : Two years.
	DEPARTMENT OF FORENSIC MEDICINE	
Associate Professors and Readers.	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Associate Professors. (ii) Lecturers in Forensic Medicine.	*For Promotion, Transfer and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications* —1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India : and

	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by transfer by selection from the cadres of Surgeons and Health Officers Class I.	2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Forensic Medicine specified in Annexure A or B; and 3. Should have teaching experience in Forensic Medicine of not less than three years after acquiring Post-graduate qualification of which not less than two years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Associate Professor. *Only for direct recruitment :* 1. *Age limit :* 45 years. 2 *Probation :* Two years.
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by transfer then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II; (ii) Health Officers Class II. (ii) Health Officers Class II–*cum* Assistant Surgeons Class II. IV. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category III, then by direct recruitment.	
Assistant Associate Professors.	I. By promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers in Forensic Medicine.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications :*—(1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Medi-

1	2	3
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:—	cine of any University established by law in India ; and (2) should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Forensic Medicine specified in Annexure A or B ; and (3) should have teaching experience in Forensic Medicine of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer or any higher post.
	(i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II	
	(ii) Health Officers Class II	
	(iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II).	*Only for direct recruitment*
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category II, then by direct recruitment.	1. *Age limit* : 40 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.
		For direct recruitment.
		1. *Age limit* : 35 years.
		2. *Qualifications* :— Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India.

		preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications:— (i) Post-graduate qualifications in Forensic Medicine as specified in Annexure A or B; (ii) Who have done Post-Registration Housemanship of one year. (iii) Who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in rural areas.
	OR	3. *Probation*: Two years.
	By transfer of a person from the following cadres — (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II).	*For transfer*:—*Qualifications* (*a*) should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, and (*b*) Should have any of the postgraduate qualifications in Forensic Medicine specified in the Annexure A or B.
	DEPARTMENT OF NEURO SURGERY	
Assistant Associate Professors	I. Fifty per-cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars in Neuro-Surgery.	*For Promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications.* 1 Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and

1	2	3
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category less I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres in the order of priority mentioned below:—	2. should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Neuro-surgery specified in Annexure A or B; and
	(i) Assistant Surgeons Grade I, and II, (ii) Health Officer, Class II. (iii) Health Officer Class II *cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	3. Should have teaching experience in Neuro surgery of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer or Lecturer-cum-Registrar or any higher post.
	III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	*Only for direct recruitment.* 1. *Age limit*: 40 years. 2. *Probation*: Two years. *For direct recruitment.* 1. *Age limit*. 35 years. 2. *Qualifications*—should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, preference being given to a Candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications namely :—
Lecturers/Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars		

(i) Post-graduate qualifications in Neuro-Surgery as specified in Annexure A or B;

(ii) who have done post-Registration Housemanship of one year;

(iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in rural areas.

OR

By transfer of a person from the following cadres:

(i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II.

(ii) Health Officers Class II.

(iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II

3 *Probation*: Two years.

For Transfer.

1 *Qualifications*—Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and

2 Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Neuro-Surgery specified in the Annexure A or B;

For direct recruitment.

1 *Age limit*: 40 years.

DEPARTMENT OF NEUROLOGY

By direct recruitment.

1	2	3
		2. *Qualifications*—(1) Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and (2) Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Neurology specified in Annexure A or B. (3) Should have teaching experience in Neurology of not less than three years in a post not lower in rank than that of lecturer. Persons with teaching experience after postgraduate qualification may be preferred. 3. *Probation*: Two years.

DEPARTMENT OF PDASTIC SURGERY.

Assistant Associate Professors	I. By promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars in Plastic Surgery. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selec-	*For Promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications*.—1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and

tion from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :

(i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II ;

(ii) Health Officers Class II ;

(iii) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II)

III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct Recruitment.

By direct recruitment.

2. Should have any of the post-graduate qualifications in Plastic Surgery specified in Annexure A or B.

3. Should have teaching experience in Plastic Surgery of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar or any higher post.

Only for Direct Recruitment.

1 *Age limit* : 40 years

2. *Probation* : Two years

For direct recruitment :

1. *Age limit* : 35 years

2. *Qualifications.*—Should be the holder of a Degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India, preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications namely :—

( ) Post-graduate Qualifications in Plastic Surgery as specified in Annexure A or B (i) who have done post-Registration Housemanship of one year (ii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centres and/or Dispensaries in rural areas.

1	2	3
	OR By transfer of a person from the following cadres :— (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (i) Health Officers Class II. (i.i) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II).	3. *Probation* : Two years. *For transfer* : *Qualifications* : 1. Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine, of any University established by law in India; and Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Plastic Surgery specified in the Annexure A or B.
	GENERAL POSTS.	
Registrars for other Clinical subjects except Medicine, Surgery, Obstetrics and Gynaecology and Ophthalmology and Registrar (common for post-graduate courses).	By direct recruitment. OR By transfer of a person from the following cadres ; (i) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers Class II. (ii.) Health Officers Class II *cum*-Assistant Surgeons Class II.	*For direct recruitment*— 1. *Age limit* : 35 years. 2. *Qualifications*.—Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India preference being given to a candidate who possesses one or more of the following qualifications :—(i) Post-graduate qualifications specified in Annexure *A* or *B*, (ii) who have done Post-Registration Housemanship

PHYSICS.

...	By deputation from Reader in physics borne on the Department of Collegiate Education.	of one year (iii) who have put in two years of service in Health Centre and or Dispensari s in rural areas. *Probation*;—Two years. *For Transfer.*—1. Should be the holder of a degree in Medicine of any University established by law in India; and 2. Should have any of the Postgraduate qualifications specified in the Annexure *A* or *B*.
	OR	
1.	Fifty per cent by direct recruitment, and	*For direct recruitment.*— 1. *Age limit*: 35 years. 2. *Qualification.*—Must possess at least a Second Class Master's Degree in Physics as a main subject of study of a University established by law in India; preference being given to those who possess Doctorate Degree in Physics or have published work of Docrate standard. 3. *Teaching/Reasereh Experience.* Must have worked in the capacity of a full time lecturer or any post higher than that in physics for a period of at least five years. 4. *Probation.*—Two years.

1	2	3
	II. Fifty per cent by promotion on seniority-*cum*-merit basis from amongst Lecturers in Physics.	*For Promotion*:—Lecturers in Physics possessing the requisite qualification as prescribed for direct recruitment to the post of Reader in Physics.
...	By deputation from Lecturers in Physics borne on the Department of Collegiate Education or by direct recruitment.	*For Direct recruitment*.—1. *Age limit*. 28 years. 2. *Qualification*:— Must have passed M. Sc. or B. Sc. (Hons.) in Physics as a main subject to study of a University established by law in India. 3. *Probation*.—Two years.
	CHEMISTRY	
...	By deputation from Readers in Chemistry borne on the Department of Collegiate Education *or* I. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment *and*	*For direct recruitment*.—1. *Age limit*.—35 years. 2. *Qualification* — Must possess at least a Second Class Master's Degree in Chemistry as a main subject of study of a University established by law in India. Preference being given to those who posses a Doctorate Degree in Chemistryor have published work of Doctorate Standard.

		3. *Teaching/Research experience.*—Must have worked in the capacity of a full-time lecturer or any post higher than that in Chemistry for a period of at least five years. 4. *Probation.*—Two years. *For Promotion.*— Lecturers in Chemistry possessing the requisite qualification as prescribed for direct recruitment to the post of Reader in Chemistry.
	II. Fifty per cent by promotion on seniority-*cum*-merit basis from amongst lecturers in Chemistry.	
...	By deputation from Lecturers in Chemistry borne on the Department of Collegiate Education or by direct recruitment.	*For direct recruitment.*—1, *Age limit*: 28 years. 2. *Qualification.*— Must have passed M. Sc. or B Sc. (Hons) in Chemistry as a main subject to study of a University established by law in India. 3. *Probation.*—Two years.

BIOLOGY.

	By deputation from Readers borne on the Department of Collegiate Education.	*For Direct Recruitment.* 1 *Age limit*: 35 years

1	2	3
	or I. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment; and II. Fifty per cent by promotion on seniority *cum*-merit basis from amongst lecturers in Biology.	2 *Qualification*: Must possess at least a Second Class Master's Degree in Botany and Zoology as a main subject of study of a University established by law in India. Preference being given to those who possess a Doctorate Degree in Botany and Zoology or have published work of Doctorate standard. 3 *Teaching/Research Experience*: Must have worked in the capacity of a full time lecturer or any post higher than that in Botany and Zoology subject for a period of at least five years. 4 *Probation*: Two years. *For Promotion*: Lecturers in Biology possessing the requisite qualification as prescribed for direct recruitment to the post of Reader in Biology.
	By deputation from Lecturers borne on the Department of Collegiate Education. or	*For Direct Recruitment.* 1 *Age limit*: 28 years 2 *Qualification*: Must have passed M.Sc., or B.Sc.

		(Hons.) in Biology as a main subject to study of a University established by law in India. 3 *Probation* : Two years.
Lecturers in Botany/Zoology/ English/Statistics.	By deputation from Lecturers in Botany/Zoology/English/Statistics borne on the Department of Collegiate Education. or by Direct recruitment.	*For Direct Recruitment.* 1 *Age limit* : 28 years. 2 *Qualification* : Must have passed M.Sc., or B.Sc. (Hons.) in Botany/Zoology/ English/Statistics respectively as a main subject of study of a University established by law in India. 3 *Probation* : Two years.
Assistant Professors in Dentistry.	By posting of Assistant Professors in Dentistry borne on the establishment of Dental College, Bangalore.	
...	By posting of Lecturers in Dentistry borne on the establishment of Dental College, Bangalore.	
	DENTAL COLLEGE, BANGALORE.	
...	By promotion by selection from the cadree of Professors in Dental subjects.	

1	2	3
	DEPARTMENT OF DENTAL PROSTHETICS.	
	I. By Promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Professors. (ii) Lecturers/Registrar/Curator Dental Prosthetics.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications.*— 1 Should be the holder of a Degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Dental Prosthetics specified in Annexure C ; and 3. Should have teaching experience in Dental Prosthetics of not less than five years after acquiring Post-graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Professor. *Only for direct recruitment.*— 1. *Age limit* : 45 years. 2. *Probation* : Two years.
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below — (i) Surgeons. (ii) Health Officers Class I. (iii) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II. (iv) Health Officers Class II. (v) Health Officers Class II *cum*-Assistant Surgeons (Class II).	
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	

Assistant Professors.	I. By promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/Registrar/ Curator in Dental Prosthetics.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.* *Qualifications.*— 1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Dental Prosthetics specified in Annexure C ; and 3. Should have teaching experience in Dental Prosthetics of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer/Registrar/ Curator for any higher post.
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, Class II. (iii) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	*Only for direct recruitment.*— 1. Age limit : 40 years. 2. Probation: Two years.
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category II, then by direct recruitment.	

1	2	3
Lecturers/Curator/Registrar.	By direct recruitment.	*For Direct Recruitment.*— 1 Age limit: 35 Years. 2. *Qualifications* : Should be the holder of a degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India; preference being given to those who possess Post-graduate qualifications in Dental Prosthetics as specified in Annexure-C. 3. Probation : Two years

DEPARTMENT OF OPERATIVE DENTISTRY

I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Professors. (ii) Lecturers/ Registrar / Curator in Operative Dentistry.	*For promotion and direct recruitment :—* *Qualifications.—* 1. Should be the holder of a degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India; and 2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Operative Dentistry specified in Annexure C ; and 3. Should have teaching experience in Operative Dentistry of not less than five years after acquiring Post-graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Professor.

1	2	3
	II. If no suitable person, is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :- (i) Surgeons; (ii) Health Officers, Class I ; (iii) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II; (iv) Health Officers, Class II; (v) Health Officers. Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	*Only for direct recruitment.*— 1. Age limit.—45 years ; 2. Probation .—Two years.
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	

Assistant Professors	I. By promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/Registrar/ Curator in Operative Dentistry.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.* 1. *Qualifications.*— (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Operative Dentistry specified in Annexure-C; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Operative Dentistry of not less than three years in a post of a Lecturer/Registrar/ Curator or any higher post.

1	2	3
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I & II; (ii) Health Officers, Class II; (iii) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	*Only for direct recruitment* :— 1. Age limit : 40 years. 2. Probation : Two years.
Lecturers/ Curator/ Registrar	**By direct recruitment**	***For direct recruitment:***— 1. Age limit.—35 years. 2. *Qualifications.*—Should be the holder of da egree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India, preference being given to those who possess Post-graduate qualifications in Operative Dentistry as specified in Annexure C. 2. Probation : Two years.

DEPARTMENT OF ORAL SURGERY

I.	By promotion by selection from the cadre, and in the orders of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Professors. (ii) Lecturers/Registrar/ Curator in Oral Surgery.	*For promotion and direct recruitment* — *Qualifications.*— 1. Should be the holder of a degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Oral Surgery specified in Annexure-C; and 3. Should have teaching experience in Oral Surgery of not less than five years after acquiring Post-graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Professor. *Only for direct recruitment.*— 1. Age limit : 45 years. 2. Probation : Two years.
II.	If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from they cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Surgeons; (ii) Health Officers,–Class I; (iii) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II; (iv) Health Officers, Class II ; (v) Health Officers, ClassII–*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	

1	2	3
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	
	I. By promotion, by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/Registrar/Curator in Oral Surgery.	*For promotion and direct recruitment* *Qualifications*:— 1. Should be the holder of a Degree in Dentistry of any University established by Law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Oral Surgery specified in Annexure-C ; and 3. Should have teaching experience in Oral Surgery of not less than three years in a post of Leeturer/Registrar/Curator or any higher post.

	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under cetegory I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Assistant Surgeons-Grades I & II; (ii) Health Officers-Class II; (iii) Health Officers–Class II *cum*-Assistant Surgeons. III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under categery II, then by direct recruitment.	*Only for Dtrect Recruttment.* 1. Age limit : 40 years. 2. Probation : Two years.
Lecturers/Curator/Registrar.	By Direct Recruitment.	*For Direct Recruitment.* 1. Age limit : 35 years; 2. *Qualifications.*— Should be the holde: of a Degree in Dentistry of any University established by Law in India; preference being given to those who possess Post-graduate qualifications in Oral Surgery as specified in Annexure-C. 3. Probation : Two years.

1	2	3
	DEPARTMENT OF PERIODONTIA	
	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (I) Assistant Professors ; (II) Lecturers/Registrar/ Curator in Periodontia. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Surgeons; (ii) Health Officers, Class I. (iii) Assistant Surgeons Grades I & II. (iv) Health Officers, Class II; (v) Health Officers Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II. III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category II, then by direct recruitment.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.*— *Qualifications.*— (1) Should be the holder of a Degree in Dentistry of any University established by Law in India; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Periodontia specified in Annexure-C; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Periodontia of not less than five years after acquiring Post-Graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Professor. *Only for direct recruitment.*— 1. Age limit.—45 years. 2. *Probation.*—Two years.

1	2	3
	DEPARTMENT OF ORAL AND DENTAL PATHOLOGY	
	I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Assistant Professors ; (ii) Lecturers/Registrar/Curator in Oral and Dental Pathology. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Surgeons ; (ii) Health Officers, Class I; (iii) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II ; (iv) Health Officers, Class II ; (v) Health Officers Class, II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons; Class II. III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by director recruitment.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.*— *Qualifications* : (1) Should be the holder of a degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Oral and Dental Pathology specified in Annexure-C ; and (3) Should have teaching experience in Oral and Dental Pathology of not less than five years after acquiring Post-graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Professor. *Only for direct recruitment*:— 1. Age limit.—45 years. 2. *Probation.*—Two years.

Assistant Professors	I. By promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/Registrar/ Curator in Oral and Dental Pathology. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II ; (ii) Health Officers, Class II ; (iii) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II. III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	*For promotion recruitment.—* *Qualifications :* 1. Should be the holder of a degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Oral and Dental Pathology specified in Annexure C; and 3. Should have teaching experience in Oral and Dental Pathology of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer/Registrar/Curator or any higher post. *Only for direct recruitment :* 1. Age limit : 40 years. 2. Probation: Two years.

1	2	3
Lecturers/Curator/Registrar	By direct recruitment	*For direct recruitment.*— 1. Age limit : 35 years. 2. *Qualifications.*—Should be the holder of a Degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India. Preference being given to those who possess Post-graduate qualifications in Oral and Dental Pathology as specified in Annexure-C. 3. Probation : two years.
	DEPARTMENT OF ORTHODONTIA I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below : (i) Assistant Professors. (ii) Lecturers/Registrar/Curator in Orthodontia. II. If no suitable person is available, for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Surgeons. (ii) Health Officers, Class I. (iii) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (iv) Health Officers, Class II. (v) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.*- 1. *Qualifications.*—Shoulde be the holder of a degrees in Dentistry of any Univercity established by law in India; and 2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Orthodontia specified in Annexure-C ; and 3. Should have teaching experience in Orthodontia of not less than five years after acquiring post-graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Professor.

II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under Category II, then by direct recruitment.	*Only for direct recruitment.*— 1. Age limit :—45 years. 2. Probation :—Two years.
I. Fifty per cent by promotion by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/Registrar/Curator in Orthodontia. II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :- (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II. (ii) Health Officers, Class II. (iii) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II. III. Fifty per cent by direct recruitment.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.*— *Qualifications.*- 1. Should be the holder of a degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India ; and (2) Should have any of the Post-Graduate qualifications in Orthodontia specified in Annexure–C and (3) Should have teaching experience in Orthodontia of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer/Registrar/Curator or any higher post. *Only for direct recruitment.*— 1. Age limit : 40 years. 2. Probation . Two years.

1	2	3
Lecturers/Curator/Registrar.	By direct recruitment.	*For direct recruitment.*— 1. Age limit : 35 years. 2. *Qualifications.*— Should be the holder of a Degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India; preference being given to those who possess Post-graduate qualifications in Orthodontia as specified in Annexure–C. 3. Probatson : Two years.
DEPARTMENT OF PEDODONTIA AND PREVENTIVE DENTISTRY		
I. By promotion by selection from the cadres and in the orders of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Professors ; (ii) Lecturers/Curator/Registrar in Pedodontia and Preventive Dentistry.		*For promotion and direct recruitment.* 1. *Qualifications* :—Should be the holder of a Degree in Dentistry of any University established by Law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Pedodontia and Preventive Dentistry specified in Annexure-C; and 3. Probation Two years.

	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I; then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below:— (i) Surgeons ; (ii) Health Officers, Class I ; (iii) Assistant Surgeons Grades I and II ; (iv) Health Officers, Class II; (v) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	3. Should have teaching experience in Pedodontia and Preventive Dentistry of not less than five years after acquiring Post-Graduate qualification of which not less than three years shall be in a post not lower in rank than that of an Assistant Professor.
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	*Only for direct recruitment.*— 1. Age limit.—45 years. 2. Probation.—Two years.
	I. By promotion, by selection from the cadre of Lecturers/Curator/Registrar in Pedodontia and Preventive Dentistry.	*For promotion and direct recruitment.*— 1. *Qualifications.*— Should be the holder of a degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India.

1	2	3
	II. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category I, then by promotion by selection from the cadres and in the order of priority mentioned below :— (i) Assistant Surgeons, Grades I & II ; (ii) Health Officers, Class II ; (iii) Health Officers, Class II-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II.	2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications in Pedodontia and Preventive Dentistry specified in Annexure-C ; and 3. Should have teaching experience in Pedodontia and Preventive Dentistry of not less than three years in a post of Lecturer or Curator or Registrar or any higher post.
	III. If no suitable person is available for appointment by promotion under category II, then by direct recruitment.	*Only for direct recruitment.*— 1. Age limit :—40 years. 2. Probation:—Two years.
Lecturers/Curator/Registrar...	By direct recruitment	*For direct recruitment.*— 1. Age limit.—35 years ; 2. *Qualifications.*—Should be the holder of a degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India, preference being given to those who possess Post-graduate qualifications in pedodontia and Preventive Dentistry specified in Annexure–C. 3. Probation:—Two years.

1	2	3
Assistant Professor for Dental Mechanic Course.	By promotion from amongst Lecturers/ Registrar/Curator in Dental subjects. OR By direct recruitment.	*For promotion and direct recruitment —* *Qualifications:-* 1. Should be the holder of a degree in Dentistry of any University established by law in India ; and 2. Should have any of the Post-graduate qualifications specified in Annexure-C ; and 3. Should have experience in Dental Mechanism in a recognised institution at least for a period of two years. *Only for direct recruitment.-* 1. Age limit. —40 years. 2. Probation.—Two years.

Note :—

(1) Fifty per cent of time spent in recognised Research under the Indian Council of Medical Research or a University or a Medical College may be counted towards teaching experience.

(2) An Officer working as Registrar jointly in more than one department is eligible for promotion in any one of such departments in which he satisfies the qualifications specified in column (3).

(3) In column 2 of the Schedule :

(i) Professors of Post-graduate Studies, Professors, Associate Professors, Readers, Assistant Professors, Assistant Associate Professors, Lecturers, Lecturer-*cum*-Registrars, Registrars, Museum Curators, Resident Pathologists or Epidemiologist-*cum*-Biostatisticians means the holder of the category of posts with the said designation in the Mysore Health Services (Collegiate Branch).

(ii) Surgeons or Assistant Surgeons, Grades I and II, means the holder of the category of posts with the said designation in the Mysore Medical Department service.

(iii) Health Officers, Class I, Health Officers Class II or Health Officers (ClassII)-*cum*-Assistant Surgeons, Class II means the holder of the category of post with the said designation in the Mysore Public Health Service.

In column 3 of the Schedule :-

(i) The reference to Professor, Associate Professor, Reader, Assistant Professor, Assistant Associate Professor, Lecturer, Lecturer-*cum*-Registrar or Registrar shall be construed as reference to the holder of the category of post with the said designation in the Mysore Health Services (Collegiate Branch) or a corresponding post in any other Medical College in India.

(4) For purposes of these rules " Teaching Experience " in any post shall be deemed to include experience acquired by any person in discharging the functions of such post whether he held the post or not.

Post-Graduate Qualifications required for appointment to the Mysore Health Services (Collegiate Branch)

ANNEXURE — A

(Post--Graduate Qualifications acquired within India)

Sl. No.	Subject	Post graduate degrees and Diplomas conferred by a University established by law in India.
1	2	3
1.	Anatomy	M. Sc., M. S., Ph. D., D. Sc., in Anatomy.
2.	Physiology	M. Sc., M. D., Ph. D., D. Sc., in Physiology.
3.	Bio-Chemistry	M. Sc., M. D., Ph. D., D. Sc., in Bio-Chemistry.
4.	Pharmacology	M. Sc., M. D., Ph. D., D. Sc., in Pharmacology.
5.	Pathology and Microbiology	M. D. (Pathology) M. D. (Bacteriology) M. Sc. Pathology or Microbiology. Ph. D. / D. Sc. / D. Phil — Pathology or Bacteriology.
6.	Medicine	M. D. in Medicine.
7.	Surgery	M. S. in Surgery.
8.	Obstetrics & Gynaecology	M. D. in Obstetrics & Gynaecology. M. S. in Gynaecology

1	2	3	
9.	Preventive & Social Medicine	M. D. in Social and Preventive Medicine or M. D. in Medicine. with Diploma in Social & Preventive Medicine or D. P. H. or equivalent qualification. M. D. in Pathology.	University established in India.
10.	Forensic Medicine	M. D. in Forensic Medicine.	
11.	Paediatrics	M. D. in Paediatrics M. D. in Medicine with D. C. H.	
12.	Tuberculosis	M. D. in Tuberculosis or Chest Disease. M. D. in Medicine with T. D. D. or D. C. T. D.	
13.	Veneriology & Dermatology	M. D. in Veneriology or Dermatology. M. D. in Medicine with D. V. D. or D. V.	
14.	Cardiology	M. D. (Cardiology) M. D. (Medicine) with one year special training in Cardiology in a recognised Institution. M.D. (Medicine) with professional experience in Cardiology for a period of three years in a recognised institution.	
15.	Neurology	M. D. (Neurology) M. D. Medicine with one year special Training in Neurology in a recognised Institution.	

16.	Orthopoedics	M. S. in Orthopoedics M. S. (General) Surgery with Diploma in Orthopoedics. M.S. with professional experience in Orthopoedics for a period of three years in a recognised institution.
		M. D. (Anaesthesiology) M. S. (Anaesthesiology) M. D. or M. S. in General Medicine or Surgery with D. A.
18.	Radiology	M. D./M. S. (Radiology) or Diploma in Radiology after two years training. M. D. M. S. (General Medicine) or Surgery with Diploma in Radiology.
19.	Otorhino-Laryangology	M. S. (E. N. T.) M. S. (General Surgery) with D. L. O.
20.	Urology	M. S. Urology, M. S. General Surgery with special Training in Urology for one year in a recognised Institution. M.S. with professional experience in Urology for a period of three years in a recognised institution.

1	2	3
21.	Ophthalmology	M. S. in Ophthalmology, M. S. General Surgery with D.O. or D.O.M.S.
22.	Thoracic Surgery	M. S. in Thoracic Surgery. M. S. in General Surgery with one year special training in Thoracic Surgery in a recognised institution.
		M. S. in Neuro-Surgery M.S. in General Surgery with two years special training in Neuro-Surgery in a recognised institution.
24.	Plastic Surgery	M.S. in Plastic Surgery. M.S. in General Surgery with one year special training in Plastic Surgery in a recognised institution.
		M.S. with professional experience in Plastic Surgery for a period of three years in a recognised institution.

C.R.R.

ANNEXURE B

(Post graduate Qualifications acquired outside India)

1	2	3	4

The qualifications prescribed below should be the ones awarded by

(a) the following Universities :

University of London, Bristol, Edinburgh Clasgow, Aberdeen New Castle, Upon Tyne, Andrews, Liverpool, Birmingham, Leeds, Durham, Manchester, Glasgow, Sheffield, Oxford, Cambridge, Dublin, Ireland, Queens University of Belfast,

Universities of :–Sydney	Illinois
Melbourne	Berkley-California
Adelade	Chicago
Alberta	Michigan
Newzealand	Ohio
Manitoba	New York
Toronto	Pensylvania
Montreal	George Washington University
Harvard	Tulare University
Johns Hopkins	Yale University

(b) Membership and Fellowships awarded by the Royal College of Physicians, Royal College of Surgeons and Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynæcologists of London, Edinburgh, Glasgow, Ireland and Canada.

(c) Diplomas awarded by the American Speciality Boards, U.S.A. in the specialties concerned.

Sl. No.	Subject	Qualifications such as	Remarks
1	2	3	4
1.	Anatomy	... M. Sc., M. S. or M. D. Ph. D. D. Sc. in Anatomy. F. R. C. S. with Anatomy as special subject.	
2.	Physiology	... M.Sc., Ph. D., M. S., D. Sc. in Physiology. M. R. C. P. with Physiology as special subject.	
3.	Bio-Chemistry	... M. Sc., Ph. D., D. Sc., M. D., M. S. in Bio-Chemistry. M. R C P. with Bio-Chemistry as special subject.	

4	Pharmacology	...	M. D., Ph. D., D. (Phil). M. Sc., D. Sc., in Pharmacology. M. R. C. P. with Pharmacology as special subject.
5	Pathology Microbiology	...	M. Sc., M. D., Ph. D., D. Sc., D. (Phil). in Pathology or Bacteriology, Diploma of the Speciality Board of Pathology, (U. S. A.) M. R. C. P. with Pathology/ Bacteriology as Special subject. M. D., M. R. C. P. or F. R. C. P. in Medicine with D. B. D. C. P. or D. Pathology.
		...	M. R. C. P. F. R. C. P. F. R. F. P. S. M. D. Diploma of the Speciality Board of Internal Medicine (U. S. A.) M. S. Illinois with teaching experience in Medicine for a period of five years.

1	2	3	4
7.	Surgery ...	F. R. C. S. M. S. F. R. F. P. S. Diploma of the Speciality Board of Surgery (U.S.A.)	
	Obstetrics & Gynaecology. ...	M.R.C.O.G. F. R. F. P. S. and F. R. C. S. with Obstetrics and Gynaecology as Speciality. M. R. C. P. with Obstetrics & Gynaecology as Speciality. M. S. (Michigan) with teaching experience in Obstetrics and Gynaecology for a period of five years. M. S. and Diploma of the Speciality Board of Obstetrics and Gynaecology (U. S. A.)	
9.	Preventive & Social Medicine.	M. D., M. P. H., Dr. P. H. M. R. C. P. with Preventive and Social Medicine as special subject or Public Health. Diploma of Speciality Board in Preventive and Social Medicine (U. S. A.)	

10.	Forensic Medicine	...	D.Sc., Ph.D., M.Sc., in Forensic Medicine. Diploma of the Speciality Board of Forensic Medicine U.S.A. M.R.C.P., M.D., F.R.C.P. with Forensic Medicine as special subject. M.D., M.R.C.P., F.R.C.P. in Medicine, with D.F.M. (Diploma in Forensic Medicine).
		...	M.D., M.R.C P., F.R.C.P. with Paediatrics as Special subject. Diploma of the Speciality Board of Paediatrics (U.S.A.). M.D., M.R.C.P., F.R.C.P. in General Medicine with D.C.H.
		...	M.D., M.R.C.P., F.R.C.P. F.R.F.P.S. with Tuberculosis or Chest Diseases as Special Subject or M.D., M.R.C.P., F.R.C.P., in General Medicine with T.D.D. or D.C.T.D.

1	2	3	4
13.	Venereology and Dermatology	M.D., M.R.C.P., F.R.C.P., F.R.F.P.S. F.R.C.S., with Venereology or Dermatology as Special Subject M.Sc. (Pennsylvania). Diploma of the Speciality Board of Venereology and Dermatology (U.S.A.). M.D., M.R.C.P., F.R.C.P., F.R.F.P.S. in General Medicine with D.V.D. or D.V.	
14	Cardiology ...	M.D., M.R.C.P. with Cardiology as Special Subject. M.D., M.R.C.P. in General Medicine with one year special training in Cardiology in a recognised institution. Diploma of the Speciality Board of Cardiology (U.S.A.). M.D., M.R.C.P. with professional exprience in Gardiology for a period of three years in a recognised institution.	

15.	Neurology	...	M.D., M.R.C.P. with Neurology as Special Subject. M.D., M.R.C.P. in General Medicine with one year special training in Neurology in a recognised Institution Diploma of the Speciality Board in Psychiatry Neurology (U.S.A.).
16.	Orthopedics	...	M.S., R.S. (Ortho). M.Ch. (Ortho). Diploma of the Specialitv Board of Orthopaedic Surgery (U.S.A). M.S., F.R.C.S., in General Surgery with Diploma in Orthopaedics, F.R.C.S. with Orthopaedics as Special subject. M.S., F.R.C.S., with Professional experience in Orthopaedics, for a period of three years in a recognised Institution
17	Anaesthesiology		M.D./M.S (Anaesthsiology F.F.A.R.C.S., Diploma of the Speciality Board of Anaesthesiology (U.S.A.). M.D., F.R.C.S., M.R.C.P., M.D., F.R.F.P.S., with Anaesthesia as Special Subject, M.D., M.R.C.P., F.R.C.S., in General Medicine or Surgery with D.A.

1	2	3	4
18.	Radiology	... M. D./M. S./M. R. C. P./F. R. C. P./ F. R. C. S/with Radiology as Special Subject. Diploma of the Speciality Board of Radiology (U.S.A.). M. D./M. R. C. P/F. R. C. S./M. S. in General Medicine or Surgery with D. M. R. D., D. M. R. T. or D. M. R. E.	
19.	Oto-Rhina-Laryngology	... M. S., F. R. C. S., F.R.F.P.S., with Ear, Nose, Throat, as Special Subject or M. S., F.R.C.S, in General Surgery with D. L. O. Diploma of the Speciality Board of Oto-Rhino-Laryngology (U. S. A.).	
20.	Urology	... F.R.C.S., M.S., with Genito-Urinary Surgery as Speciality. D. C., M. S., F. R. C. S. with special training in a recognised institution for one year. M. S., F. R. C. S. with Professional experience in Urology for a period of three years in a recognised institution.	

C.R.R.

21.	Ophthalmology	...	M. S. in Ophthalmology F.R.C.S. Ophthalmology F. R. C. S. in General Surgery with D. O. or D.O.M.S. Diploma of the Speciality Board of U. S. A. Ophthalmology.
22.	Thoracic Surgery	...	F. R. C. S. in Thoracic Surgery F. R. C. S. in General Surgery with special traning for one year in the Thoracic Surgery in recognised institution. Diploma of the Speciality Board of U. S. A. in Thoracic Surgery.
23.	Neuro-Surgery		F. R. C. S. in Neuro-Surgery F.R.C.S. in General Surgery with special training for two years in Neuro-Surgery in a recognised institution.
24.	Plastic Surgery		F. R. C. S. in Plastic Surgery F.R.C.S. in General Surgery with special training for one year in Plastic Surgery in a recognised institution. Diploma of the Speciality Board of U.S.A. in Plastic Surgery. F. R. C. S. with professional experience in Plastic Surgery for a period of three years in a recognised institution.

Under-Graduate and Post-Graduate qualifications required for appointment to the Mysore Health Services (Collegiate Branch).

ANNEXURE–C

(1) Under-Graduate Qualifications

B.D.S. Degree of Lucknow University, Lucknow.
B.D.S. Degree of Madras University, Madras.
B.D.S. Degree of Calcutta University, Calcutta.
B.D.S. Degree of Punjab University, Solan/Chandigarh.
B.D.S. Degree of Osmania University, Hyderabad (A.P.)
B.D.S. Degree of Kerala University, Trivandrum.
B.D.S. Degree of University of Mysore/Mysore.
B.D.S. Degree of Bangalore University/Bangalore.

(2) Post-Graduate Qualifications

M.D.S. (Bombay)
M.D.S. (Lucknow)
M.D.S. (Amrithsar)
M.D.S. (Bangalore)
M.D.S. (Trivandrum)

1 D.M.D. Berlin.
2 D.M.D. Frankfurt.
3 D.D.S. & M.S. Degree of the Baltimore College Dental Surgery.
4 D.M.D. Degree of University of Rostock, Rostock, Germany.
5 D.D.S. & M.S. University of Detroit, Detroit, U.S.A.
6 Degree of Ph. D., University of Rochester, U.S.A.
7 B.D.S. Degree of University of Edinburgh.
8 D.M.D. of Tufts University, Boston, U.S.A.
9 D.D.S. of University of Michigan, Michigan.
10 D.D.S. Atlanta Georgia, University of Illinois.
Chicago, Loyola University, Chicago.
North Western University, Indiana.
University of Lowa, Harvard University.
Dental School, Boston, University of Nebrasca.
Columbia University, New York, University Pennsylvania, Texas State Dental School, Texas.
University of Minnesota, University of St. Louis.
University of Tranto, Mc. Gill University of Montreal.

11 D.D.S. Degree of Tulane, University of Lousianac (U.S.A.).

12 D.E.D., C.D. of Diploma of Paris.

13 Z.D. Dusseldorn, Germany.

14 Z.D.S. (VIENNA)

15 M.S. (Washington University, California University, Detroit, Baltimore).

16 F.D.S., R.C.S. (England, Edinburough, Ireland for Oral Surgery only).

17 M.D.S. (New Zealand, Sidney).

18 D.M Sc., (Tokyo).

19 Ph.D. (Colorado, Rochester and most of the American Universities).

3. **Repeal** :—The Mysore Medical Service (Teaching and Technical Personnel in Medical and Dental Colleges) Recruitment Rules, 1964, in so far as they are applicable to the posts to which these rules are applicable are hereby repealed.

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore.

[No. GAD 39 ORR 67.]

R. SRINIVASAN,
Under Secretary to Government,
General Administration Department (*O. & M.*)

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (i)

BANGALORE, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1967
(ASVIJA 18, SAKA ERA 1889).

No. 213

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, dated the 10th October 1967.

G. S. R. 444.—The following draft of the Mysore Excise (Tapping of Trees) Rules, 1967, which the Government of Mysore proposes to make in exercise of powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), and in supersession of all rules, orders and Notifications on the subject made or issued under any enactment repealed by section 72 of the said Act, is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 25th October 1967.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft by the State Government before the aforesaid date, will be considered by the Government of Mysore. Objections or suggestions may be addressed to the Secretary to Government, Home Department, Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore-1.

DRAFT RULES

1. Title, extent and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Tapping of Trees) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to all the areas of the State where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. Licensee not to tap certain trees.—Where a licence to sell date, palmyra, cocoanut, Bagini and Dadasal toddy has been issued, the licensee in the case of a licence to sell, date toddy shall not tap bagini trees and the licensee in the case of a licence to sell bagini toddy shall not tap date trees. Both such licensees may tap any other palm trees.

3. Assignment of trees.—Every licensee to sell toddy shall be assigned such Government trees from which he may tap toddy for being supplied to the licensed shop, subject to payment of tree tax and tree rent.

4. Tapping licence.—A licence to tap trees (hereinafter called the tapping licence) shall be issued subject to the following conditions, namely.—

(1) A tapping licence may be issued on the application of the (*a*) licensee to sell toddy or (*b*) his authorised agent.

(2) The application shall be made to the Excise Inspector in the prescribed form and shall be accompanied by the challan for having credited the first instalment of tree tax and tree rent in respect of the Government trees which he desires to tap for his shop.

(3) Where tapping is from private trees, the licensee shall obtain on the application the countersignature of the owner of such trees, as a token of his consent and willingness to pay the tree tax in case the licensee fails to pay. The application shall be attested by village officers. The

consent of the forest range Officer shall also be obtained in the case of trees located in forest areas.

(4) On the receipt of application, the Excise Inspector shall at once take steps for marking the trees and timely issuance of tapping licence and transport permits to the licensee.

(5) No trees shall be tapped nor toddy be drawn from them, until the trees have been marked. But trees may be prepared for tapping after tree tax is credited.

(6) In the case of date trees, tapping period shall be ordinarily four months but in special cases the Deputy Commissioner may grant extension which shall not exceed one month.

(7) In case of cocoanut trees, the tapping period shall be half yearly, *i.e.*, from 1st July or any subsequent date to 31st December and 1st January or any subsequent date to 30th June next. But under no condition tapping will be permitted beyond 30th June.

(8) Marking will be made during the fifteen days before 1st July, for convenience, but pots shall not be attached before the evening of 23rd June.

(9) Licensee shall return the tapping licence and transport permits to the concerned Excise Officer after their expiry.

(10) Toddy shall not be drawn or kept between sunset and sunrise by the licensee.

5. Deputy Commissioner's powers to prohibit.—The Deputy Commissioner, if he is of the opinion that trees in occupied lands should not be tapped, he may,

(i) refuse to grant tapping licence;

or

(ii) if such licence has already been granted, withdraw the licence and in such a case the licensee shall not be entitled to any Compensation.

6. **Conditions to be observed by licensees.**—(1) The Deputy Commissioner may prohibit the tapping of trees in the assigned groves to a licensee, if there is any dispute between the neighbouring licensees or for any other valid reasons.

(2) Trees within the radius of five kilometers from a town or eight kilometers from a city shall not be tapped by any other licensee except the concerned licensee of that town or city.

(3) The licensee shall not purchase toddy from any other toddy licensee except on application to the Excise Inspector who may grant the required permit on proof of necessity in the following cases, namely :—

(i) Where there is an unusual demand for toddy in a shop in consequence of a festival or for any other valid reason to be recorded by the Excise Inspector.

(ii) Where trees have ceased to yield during the last few days of a lease.

(iii) Where toddy drawn by one shop keeper at the end of the lease cannot reach the shop before first few days of the new lease.

(4) No toddy in excess of the produce of trees assigned shall be transported, kept or sold.

(5) The licensee shall be responsible for all the payments of tree tax and tree rent of the assigned trees.

(6) If any portion of the tree tax or tree rent is not paid within the stipulated time by the licensee, the tapping licence may be cancelled or suspended under section 29 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and no fresh licence shall be issued till all the dues are paid.

(7) If, in spite of notice being served, the licensee fails to pay the arrears of tree tax or tree rent within the time limit, the licensee shall be liable for being prosecuted in the court of law for illicit tapping.

(8) The licensee shall credit the tree rent prescribed for every tree belonging to Government in the Government Treasury along with the tree tax.

(9) The tapping of the trees shall be subject to the following conditions,. namely :—

(*a*) tree shall be tapped only by professional men experienced in tapping ;

(*b*) no date trees shall be tapped oftener than once in three years or for more than four months in the year. But the Deputy Commissioner may allow them to be tapped in alternate years if in his opinion the tapping is necessary for want of other trees ;

(*c*) the trees shall not be overtapped or tapped every day, but alternate days during the currency of the tapping permit ;

(*d*) no initial incision shall be made in the case of date trees at any point within two metres from the foot of the tree or forty-five centimetres from the top of any other incision ;

(*e*) the depth and width of the incision shall not be more than one-third of the diameter of the tree at the point of incision and the length of the incision shall not exceed twenty centimetres ;

(*f*) the central spike-like cluster shall not be touched. Not less than eight leaves shall be left excluding the central spike-like cluster on that face of the tree on which incision is made, above the top line of the incision ;

(*g*) the licensee shall not cut or incure or permit to be cut or injured the trees licensed to him ;

(*h*) the licensee shall not prepare or make incision into the date tree licensed to him that will cause its death ;

(i) the licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation (*i*) if his licensed trees are withdrawn for pubbic purposes;

(*ii*) if his shop or shops are re-sold due to non-payment of Government dues.

(10) The licensee shall not interfere with the persons holding licence for cutting date leaves for making mats, ropes, baskets or for agriculture and other purposes.

(11) Adulteration of toddy or distillation of spirit from toddy is prohibited.

(12) The toddy drawn for one shop shall not be mixed up with that for the other or transported in one receptacle, unless, the licensee of a group of shops obtains a permission to maintain a Depot, where toddy will be collected and distributed to different shops according to the transport permits for such shops. No distribution of the toddy shall be made to the shops *en route* during transportation, before coming to the depot.

(13) Toddy shall be sold only at the licensed premises and not anywhere else.

(14) The licensee or his licensed vendor shall not sell to any person, toddy more than the quantity allowed at a time.

(15) The licensee shall furnish all facilities to the Excise Officer for his inspection of the shop or in the groves.

7. Tree Tax and Tree Rent.—The licensee to sell toddy shall pay tree tax and tree rent at the following rates, namely :—

(i) **Tree Tax per tree :**

(a) Date tree	Rs. 7–50 for 4 months.
(b) Cocoanut tree	Rs. 8–50 Half yearly.
(c) Palmyra tree	Rs. 7–50 per year.
(d) Ragini tree	Rs. 5–00 per year.
(e) Dadasal	Rs. 3–00 per year.

(ii) **Tree Rent.**—The tree rent shall be Rs. 1-75 per tree.

8. **Manner of payment.**—The tree tax and tree rent shall be paid in the following instalments unless the Excise Commissioner otherwise directs.

Provided that tree tax and tree rent in respect of Bagini trees shall be paid in full at the time of application for tapping licence only.

Period within which licence is applied.	Proportion of tree tax and tree rent to be paid at the time of application.	Proportion of tree tax and tree rent to be paid on 20th of the second month.
1. Between 1st July to end of February.	One half	The remaining half.
2. Between 1st March to end of June.	Whole	

[No. HD 78 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secy. to Govt., Home Dept.

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (i)

BANGALORE, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1967
(ASVIJA 18, SAKA ERA 1889). | No. 214

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, dated the 10th October 1967.

G.S.R. 445.—The following draft of the Mysore Excise (Bottling of Liquor) Rules, 1967, which the Government of Mysore proposes to make in exercise of powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), read with sub-section (e) of section 13 of the said Act and in supersession of all rules, orders and notifications on the subject made or issued under any enactment repealed by section 72 of the said Act, is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 25th October 1967.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft by the State Government before the aforesaid date, will be considered by the Government of Mysore. Objections or suggestions may be addressed to the Secretary to Government, Home Department, Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore-1.

DRAFT RULES

1. **Title, extent and commencement.**—(1) These Rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Bottling of Liquor) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to such of the areas of the State where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. **Definitions.**—In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires :—

(*a*) "Act" means the Mysore Excise Act, 1965;

(*b*) "Form" means a form appended to these rules;

(*c*) "Licence" means a licence granted under these rules;

(*d*) "Warehouse" means a warehouse established or licensed under section 16(*c*) of the Act or any premises specially licensed for this purpose;

(*e*) "Warehouse Officer" means the Excise Officer placed in charge of the warehouse.

3. **Restrictions on the grant of licences to bottle liquor.**—(1) Liquor shall not be bottled except at a warehouse.

(2) No person shall be granted a licence to bottle liquor unless he holds a licence for the distillation or manufacture of liquor or a trade and import licence or a licence for compounding, blending or reducing of liquors or any other licence which requires possession of bottling licence.

4. **Application for licence.**—A person holding any of the licences specified in rule 3 and desirous of obtaining a licence to bottle liquor may make an application specifying the warehouse in which the operation ot bottling of liquors is to be carried on together with the detailed plan thereof.

5. **Grant of licence**.—If after making such enquiries as he may deem necessary, the Excise Commissioner is satisfied that the applicant is a fit person to hold a licence and that the warehouse in which he proposes to carry on bottling operation is suitable, he shall, subject to the conditions hereinafter provided grant a licence on payment of a fee of rupees one thousand per annum.

6. **Duration of licence**.—The licence shall be granted in Form MEB 1 and shall take effect from the day specified therein and shall remain in force until 30th June next year.

7. **Arrangement of Warehouse**.—(1) Separate rooms or compartments shall be provided for (*a*) storage of liquor in bulk (*b*) bottling operation and (*c*) storage of liquor in sealed bottles.

(2) Every room or compartment in the warehouse shall be well ventilated and all the windows shall be well secured. Each room shall bear a sign board stating the purpose of the room or compartment. The warehouse and every room shall be locked by the Warehouse Officer and by the licensee if he so desires.

(3) The licensee shall not make any alterations in the permanent structure without the previous approval of the Deputy Commissioner.

(4) The licensee shall make necessary arrangements and give all the facilities to the Warehouse Officer and his staff for the performance of official work.

(5) No smoking or any naked light or fire shall be allowed within the premises of the warehouse.

8. **Conditions to be observed by the licensee**.—(1) The licensee shall give notice of his intention to the Warehouse Officer for bottling liquor at least six hours before.

(2) He shall not carry on the bottling operation except in the presence of the Warehouse Officer.

(3) He shall carry on the bottling operation during the hours prescribed in the licence.

9. Cost of the Supervisory Staff .—The licensee shall pay in advance to the Government at the beginning of each quarter the cost including the pension contribution, house rent allowance, conveyance allowance and other charges of the supervisory staff as may be fixed by the Excise Commissioner.

10. Fee for Examination of samples.—The licensee shall pay such fees, as fixed by the Excise Commissioner for the examination of the sample of liquor sent for Chemical Examination.

11. Notice for discontinuing bottling operation :—The licensee shall not discontinue the bottling operation unless he gives 90 days notice to the Excise Commissioner of his intention to do so.

12. What Spirits may be bottled:—(1) No spirit of a strength lower than 35° U. P. in case of Gin and 25° U. P. in case of potable spirits or lower than such strength as may be fixed, by the Excise Commissioner from time to time, for such spirits shall be bottled :

Provided that duty paid on imported spirit which is of the strength lower than 25° U. P and any liquors which are obscured in strength may be bottled.

(2) No spirit shall be bottled which is not allowed to settle in a woodenvat or receptacle at least for 36 hours after it has been finally compounded.

(3) No Indian made spirit, the obscured strength of which is lower than 35° U. P., shall be bottled.

13. Accounts and storage:—(1) No liquor shall be bottled unless the quantity and strength are taken down by the warehouse officer.

(2) The licensee shall maintain true accounts of the quantity of liquor used in bottling operations which will remain in the custody of warehouse officer who will check them at the close of the each day's work.

(3) The licensee shall store the liquor in cask or containers serially marked with their capacities.

14. Procedure for starting bottling operation.—(1) The licensee shall make the application to the Warehouse Officer of his intention to bottle the liquor giving the description of the liquor to be bottled.

(2) (*a*) The Warehouse Officer shall note down and compare the mark on the cask or containers as stated in the application.

(*b*) He shall note down the quantity and strength of the liquor to be bottled.

(*c*) He shall make note of the quantity and strength on the application.

(3) The entire quantity of liquor shall be removed from the store room to the bottling room.

(4) Bottling will be carried by the licensee in the presence of the Warehouse Officer.

15. Cleaning of bottles and bottling of liquor.—(1) The bottles shall be cleaned and rinsed by freshly prepared solution of permanganate of potash in the proportion of 0.065 gram to 4.546 litres of water, or any other disinfectants of such strength as the Commissioner may prescribe.

(2) Each bottle shall contain either 750 or 650 or 375 or 250 or 200 or 100 milli litres.

(3) After the bottles are filled with liquor they shall immediately be corked and sealed and labelled as approved by the Excise Commissioner in the following manner :—

(*a*) Brand and description of the liquor with strength ;

(*b*) Place of manufacture ;

(*c*) The fact that the compounding or blending if any was done in India ;

(*d*) Place of bottling ;

(*e*) Full name of the licensee ;

(*f*) Full name of the manufacturer.

(4) The labels or capsules shall bear the words "Bottled in the Excise Bonded Warehouse" with no misdescription of any operation.

(5) The Warehouse Officer shall see that capsuling and labeling of bottles are done according to the provisions of Indian Merchandise Markets Act, 1889.

(6) The whole of the contents of a cask or a container shall be bottled in one operation, at the end of which, the Warehouse Officer shall note down the quantity and strength of the liquor bottled and adjust the accounts by writing off ullage and wastage.

(7) The bottles shall be immediately packed after filling. Each package shall contain six or twelve or multiple thereof. This shall be carried on in the presence of the Warehouse Officer and stored in the storeroom.

(8) Rebottling shall not be carried out without the previous permission of the Excise Commissioner.

(9) The Warehouse Officer shall record all the details in the register.

16. Cleaning of the premises.—The licensee shall get the entire premises cleaned to the satisfaction of the Warehouse Officer.

17. Samples for analysis.- The licensee shall allow to take the sample of liquor up to 1/5 of a litre, for Chemical analysis and the Warehouse Officer shall give a written acknowledgment of the same.

18. Rent of Warehouse.—The licensee shall pay a rent fixed by the Excise Commissioner for such portion of the warehouse, which is made use of for bottling.

19. Repeal and Savings.—All rules corresponding to the foregoing rules framed under any enactment repealed by Section 72 of the Act are hereby repealed :

Provided that the repeal shall not affect—

(a) The previous operation of the rules so repealed or anything duly done or suffered thereunder, or

(b) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under any rule so repealed, or

(c) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any rule so repealed, or

(d) any investigation or legal proceedings or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid, and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted. continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if such rules had not been repealed :

Provided further that subject to the preceding proviso anything done or any action taken (including any appointment or delegation made, notification, order, instruction or direction issued from, certificate obtained, permit or licence granted or registration affected under any such rules) shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these rules and shall continue to be in force accordingly, unless and until superseded by anything done or any action taken under the Act or these rules as the case may be.

Form No. M. E. B. I

(*See* rule 6)

LICENCE FOR THE BOTTLING OF LIQUORS

Licence No. and Date. District

Licence is hereby granted to.....(hereinafter called as "The Licensee") on payment of a licence fee of Rs. 1,000 per annum authorising him to bottle liquors under and subject to the provisions of Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the rules, regulations and orders made thereunder at the warehouse situated at.....(hereinafter called as "The Licensed Premises") during the period from..... .....to.....subject to the following conditions, namely :—

CONDITIONS.

1. The licensee shall not bottle liquor except at the licensed premises and under the supervision of the Warehouse Officer.

2. The licensee shall not dilute or strengthen the liquor permitted to be bottled under the licence unless he holds a licence.

3. The licensee shall not on any day carry on operation of bottling after 5-30 P.M. (Indian Standard Time) or before 9 A.M., nor shall be carry on any day the said operations between 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. nor on Sunday and Public Holidays sanctioned by Government.

4. The licensee shall provide suitable office accommodation with sanitary arrangements free of cost for the Warehouse Officer and his staff within the premises and shall also supply such furniture and other articles free of cost for the use of the Warehouse Officer and his staff as the Deputy Commissioner may consider necessary.

5. No smoking or naked lights or fire shall be allowed within the premises of the Warehouse.

6. The licensee shall always give 6 hours notice of his intention of bottling liquor to the Warehouse Officer.

7. The licensee shall not carry on the bottling operations except in the presence of the Warehouse Officer or such other Officer as the Deputy Commissioner may depute in that behalf.

8. The licensee shall display the licence in a conspicuous place.

9. The licensee shall not discontinue the bottling operations unless he has given three clear calendar months' notice of his intention to do so.

10. At the end of each working day, the licenced room or compartment(s) shall be locked by the licensee and Warehouse Officer with separate locks.

11. The licensee shall maintain accounts of all liquors used in the bottling operations and the number of bottle bottled everyday.

12. Except with the written permission of the Excise Commissioner the licensee shall not sell, transfer or sublet the right conferred upon him by this licence nor shall he, in connection with the exercise of the said right, enter into any agreement or arrangement which is in the nature of a sub-lease. If any question arise whether any agreement or arrangement is in the nature of a sub-lease, the decision of the Excise Commissioner on such question shall be final and binding on the licensee.

13. No person shall be recognised as a partner of the licensee for the purpose of this licence unless the partnership has been declared by the Deputy Commissioner

before the licenc is granted and the name(s) of the partner(s) have been entered jointly in the licence or if the partnership is entered into after the granting of the licence unless the Deputy Commissioner agrees on application made to him to alter the licence and to add the name or names of the partner or partners in the licence.

14. The licensee shall maintain in his Warehouse such measures as may be prescribed by the Deputy Commissioner in this behalf.

15. The licensee, his successors or assignees shall have no claim whatsoever to the continuance or renewal of licence after the expiry of the period for which it is granted. It shall be entirely within the discretion of the Deputy Commissioner whether to permit or not to permit in case of sale or transfer, the assignee of the licensee to have the benefit of the licence for the unexpired portion of the term for which it is granted.

16. The licence may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965.

17. The licensee shall pay the Government every quarter in advance the sum of Rs..... being the cost of the supervisory staff as detailed below.

Granted this.....day of.....19.....

Seal of the

Excise Commissioner. Excise Commissioner.

[H. D. 74 EFL 67].

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department.

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore.

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2 C-(i)

BANGALORE, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1967
(ASVIJA 18, SAKA ERA 1889). | No. 215

HOME SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, dated 10th October 1967.

G.S.R. 446.—The following draft of the Mysore Excise (Grant of Rewards) Rules, 1967, which the Government of Mysore proposes to make in exercise of powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), and in supersession of all rules, orders and notifications on the subject made or issued under any enactment repealed by section 72 of the said Act, is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 25th October 1967.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft by the State Government before the aforesaid date, will be considered by the Government of Mysore. Objections or suggestions may be addressed to the Secretary to Government, Home Department, Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore-1.

1. Title, extent and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Grant of Rewards) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to all the areas of the State of Mysore, where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. Grant of rewards.—(a) In any case in which a penalty is imposed or confiscation ordered by a competent authority under any law for the time being in force for the administration or protection of excise revenue, the undermentioned Officers of the Excise Department may grant in such proportions, as they think fit to any person or persons, who may have contributed to the conviction of the offender or to the seizure of the property so confiscated, a reward not exceeding the proceeds of the liquor or intoxicating drug confiscated, plus the amount for which any other article confiscated in the same case may sell, plus the amount of any fine imposed therein.

Provided always that the aggregate amount of the reward thus granted in any one case, shall not exceed if the reward is to be made by the Excise Commissioner rupees two hundred fifty and if the reward is to be made by the Deputy Commissioner rupees fifty.

(b) In any case in which any person or persons may have been convicted for an offence under the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 but in which no penalty or confiscation may have been imposed or ordered or in which any person has performed any service of special merit in respect of prevention or detection of any such offence rewards may be granted :

Provided always that the aggregate amount of the reward thus granted in any one case, shall not exceed rupees one hundred or rupees fifty if the reward is to be made by the Excise Commissioner or by the Deputy Commissioner respectively.

3. Incurring expenditure.—The Excise Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner with the sanction of the Excise Commissioner may incur at his discretion an expenditure not exceeding rupees fifty in each case, for the employment of informers or for any other purpose connected with the

prevention or detection of any offence against the laws relating to Excise Revenue.

4. Government sanction.—In all cases where the reward proposed and expenditure to be incurred exceeds the amounts mentioned in rules 2 and 3, previous sanction of Government shall be necessary.

5. Minimum reward.—(i) No reward shall be less than half the aggregate amount of the fines and confiscations realised :

Provided that where the aggregate amount of fines and confiscations realised is small not exceeding rupees ten the reward may be of equal amount :

Provided further that the rewards to the village officials shall in no case be less than rupees five.

6. Rewards where fine etc., not imposed.—Where any sentence of imprisonment is passed and no fine is imposed or realised or no confiscation is ordered reward may, in the discretion of the officer authorised under rules 2 and 3 be granted subject to the limits specified of sanction in these rules.

7. Reward to Informer, etc.—Not less than half of the amount of reward shall be given to the informer, if any, and the remainder to the persons actually co-operating in the seizure or arrest. Provided that where the amount is realised in execution of the Magistrates warrant the amount of reward to the persons co-operating shall one-fourth of the amount of reward admissible under these rules and one-fourth shall be given to the person who applied for the warrant.

8. Distribution to be equal.—Rewards shall be as far as possible, be distributed equally among the officers engaged in the transaction for which the reward is granted.

9. Sanction of Excise Commissioner.—No reward shall be given to the Excise Inspectors without the previous sanction of the Excise Commissioner. Rewards to the officers of other Departments shall be made through the Heads of the Departments concerned.

10. Cases where no informer.—Where there is no informer in a case the entire amount of reward shall be given to the persons who actually co-operated in the detection and seizure.

11. Manner of payment.—(1) Recommendation rolls in Form No. I, or bills as the case may be, for payment of rewards should be submitted to the Excise Commissioner after the case has ended in conviction of the offenders and where an appeal has been presented after the conviction is confirmed and where no appeal is filed after the limitation period for filing the appeal has expired. The rolls or bills shall clearly indicate the amount of fine or penalty, if any, and sales of confiscated property in the case, realised.

(2) On receipt of the recommendation rolls or bills, the amount sanctioned or passed by the Excise Commissioner will be drawn on abstract contingent bills and forwarded to the officers concerned. The payment of reward may be made personally by the Deputy Commissioner or the District Excise Officer as the case may be, and acknowledgment obtained from the payees and forwarded to the Excise Commissioner's Office.

No delay should be permitted in the disbursement of rewards.

(3) Reward in special cases, may, with the previous sanction of the Government, be made in any other form than the grant of money.

FORM No. I

(*See* Rule 14)

Combined roll of Rewards

From

To

Dated

Despatched

Received

Enclosures

Statement of Rewards recommended for the month of..... ...

Signature and Designatior.

FORM No. I—*contd.*

Statement of Rewards recommended in the month of.....

Court	Calendar No.	Crime Register No.	Brief statement of the nature of the case	No. of persons		Punishment awarded									Amount of fine levied.
						Substantive imprisonment		Fine			Imprisonment in default of payment of the				
				Charged	Convicted	Description	No. of persons	Period	No. of persons	Amount of each	Total amount	Description	No. of persons	Period	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

FORM No. I—*concld.*

Confiscation ordered			Reward recommended by		Rewards sanctioned or recommended by	Remarks
Description of articles	Quantity	Value	To whom and on what grounds	Amount		
17	18	19	20	21	22	23

Signature and Designation.

[No. HD 82 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department.

Printed by the Director of Printing, Stationery & Publications at the Govt. Press, Bangalore

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C(i)

BANGALORE, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1967
(ASVIJA 18, SAKA ERA 1889).

No. 216

HOME SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION

Bangalore, dated the 10th October 1967.

G.S.R. 447.—The following draft of the Mysore Excise (Cutting and removal of date leaves and dead wood) Rules, 1967, which the Government of Mysore proposes to make in exercise of powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), and in supersession of all rules, orders and notifications on the subject made or issued under any enactment repealed by section 72 of the said Act, is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 25th October 1967.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft by the State Government before the aforesaid date, will be considered by the Government of Mysore. Objections or suggestions may be addressed to the Secretary to Government, Home Department, Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore-1.

1. Title, extent and commencement.—(1) These Rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Cutting and removal of date leaves and dead wood) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to all the areas where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires :—

(*a*) "Act" means, the Mysore Excise Act, 1965;

(*b*) "Licence" means, a licence granted under these rules;

(*c*) "Licensee" means, a person holding the licence issued under these rules.

3. Cutting to be under licence.—(1) No person shall cut or remove dead date wood or leaves from date trees belonging to or under the control of the State Government except under a licence obtained in accordance with these rules:

Provided that in localities where date groves are in excess of demand for toddy or may not be required for supply of toddy elsewhere or where Kir-ichal (Phoenix Farinifera) is not available, persons who are not professional rope makers, basket makers or mat makers may be allowed, free of charge, the use of date leaves to be required for making ropes or for any other *bona fide* agricultural purposes.

Provided further that in such localities as may be specified by the Deputy Commissioner, any manufacturer of jaggery or a potter who pays "mohatarfa" tax may be permitted to remove dry date leaves for fuel free of charge:

Provided also that no licence shall be necessary for cutting or using leaves of date trees when such cutting is incidental to drawing toddy.

(2) Professional rope makers, basket makers, mat makers and others not entitled to use date leaves free of charge under sub-rule (1) may be granted a licence for

removal of date leaves on payment of fees at the following rates, namely :—

(a) For a period not exceeding 6 months... Rs. 6

(b) For a period exceeding six months .... Rs. 12

(3) No licence shall be granted in the localities where Kir-ichal is available or where date trees are rare or not sufficient for the purposes of drawing toddy.

(4) No licence shall be granted for a period exceeding one year.

4. App ication for licence :— (1) Any person desiring to obtain a licence under these rules may apply to the Deputy Commissioner for the same.

(2) The application shall be accompanied by the prescribed fee.

(3) The Deputy Commissioner may, after such enquiry as he deems fit, grant the licence.

(4) The licence shall be issued in form No. I and the licensing authority shall specify therein the number of head or cart loads of the leaves permitted to be removed from the date trees at a time.

(5) The licence shall not be transferable and no person except the licensee or a member of his family or a *bona fide* servant of his shall cut the date leaves under the licence.

(6) The licence shall be produced whenever required by an Officer of the Excise, Police or Revenue Department, not below the rank of an Excise Assistant Inspector, Police Sub-Inspector or Revenue Inspector, as the case may be.

(7) The licensee shall return the licence to the Excise Department after its period has expired.

5. Conditions of the licence :—Every licensee and every person permitted to cut the dead date wood or leaves shall

while cutting the date leaves comply with the following conditions, namely :—

(*a*) No leaves shall be cut or removed from the groves other than such as may be specified in the licence.

(*b*) No leaves shall be removed from the trees of the groves which have been reserved for tapping toddy.

(*c*) No leaves shall be cut from young and immature trees, the trunk of which is less than 1.83 metres in height from the ground to the point of springing of the branches.

(*d*) Only two leaves from each tree will be removed in one year.

(*e*) The four tender leaves including the central shoot shall on no account be removed.

6. Permission to cut trees in certain cases.—The Deputy Commissioner may permit an agriculturist to cut the dead date trees for *bona fide* building purposes from the groves which are not reserved for drawing toddy and issue a permit in this behalf.

(2) In localities where fuel is scarce, the Deputy Commissioner may permit the use of dry date leaves and unserviceable dead wood as firewood for *bona fide* use as fuel for domestic purposes but not for sale.

(3) During a famine or scarcity or drought seasons the Deputy Commissioner may permit the cutting of date leaves from the trees which are not reserved for drawing toddy for being used as fodder.

7. Cutting from Bagini and Palmyra trees.—These rules shall be applicable, *mutatis mutandis*, for the cutting and removal of dead wood and of leaves of Bagini and Palmyra trees, other than Kir-ichal or Hul-ichal.

8. **Repeal and Savings.**—All rules corresponding to the foregoing rules framed under any enactment repealed by section 72 of the Act are hereby repealed :—

Provided that the repeal shall not affect—

(*a*) The previous operation of the rules so repealed or anything duly done or suffered thereunder, or

(*b*) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under any rule so repealed, or

(*c*) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any rule so repealed, or

(*d*) any investigation or legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid, and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if such rules had not been repealed :

Provided further that subject to the preceding provisions anything done or any action taken (including any appointment or delegation made, notification, order, instructions or direction issued from, certificate obtained, permit or licence granted or registration effected under any such rules) shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these rules and shall continue to be in force accordingly, unless and until superseded by anything done or any action taken under the Act or these rules as the case may be.

FORM No. I

(*See* Rule 4)

Form of licence for the cutting and removal of date leaves on lands at the disposal of Government other than State Forests.

1. Taluk.....
2. Village.....
3. Licence number.....
4. Name and address of the licensee.....
5. Profession of licentee..... .....
6. Quantity covered by the licence..... .....
7. Date groves from which date leaves should be cut.....
8. For what purpose date leaves or dead wood required.....
9. Time within which the licence should be returned.....
10. Date..... .....

To be in triplicate.....

1. Original, for record in Taluk Office.....
2. Duplicate for the applicant.....
3. Triplicate for transmission to the Range Officer.....

Signature and Designation
of the Officer.

[HD 75 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department.

---

by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore.

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, 12, 1967
(ASVIJA 20, SAKA ERA 1889).

No. 217

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, dated 10th October 1967.

G.S.R. 448.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), read with section 52 of the said Act, the Government of Mysore hereby makes the following rules, the draft of the same having been previously published, as required by sub-section(1) of section 71 of the said Act, in Notification G.S R. No. 400 in part IV—2-C (1) of the *Mysore Gazette* (Extraordinary) dated 13th September 1967, namely :—

THE MYSORE EXCISE (RESTRICTION ON POWERS TO ARREST WITHOUT WARRANT, SEARCH AND SEIZE ARTICLES) RULES, 1967.

1. Title, Extent and Commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Restriction on Powers to Arrest Without Warrant, Search and Seize Articles Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to all the areas of the State of Mysore where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. Restriction on powers.—No Excise Guard shall exercise the powers under Section 52 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 except when the offences under the other sections of the Act specified therein are found committed in any thoroughfare or public place other than a dwelling house.

[No. HD 58 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department (Excise).

P · the · of P · · , Sty. & Publications at the Govt. P , B

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1967
(ASVIJA 20, SAKA ERA 1889).

No. 218

HOME SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore dated the 10th October 1967.

G.S.R. 449.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1965), read with sections 51, 54 and 55 of the said Act, the Government of Mysore hereby makes the following rules, the draft of the same having been previously published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the said Act, in Notification G.S.R. No. 401 in Part IV-2-C (i) of the *Mysore Gazette* (Extraordinary) dated 13th September 1967, namely.—

THE MYSORE EXCISE (ENTRY, INSPECTION AND INVESTIGATION AUTHORISATION) RULES, 1967.

1. **Title Extent and Commencement.**—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Entry, inspection and investigation authorisation) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extent to all the areas of the State of Mysore where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. Officers authorised.—In addition to the Excise Commissioner or a Deputy Commissioner, any Excise Officer not below the rank of an Excise Assistant Inspector and Excise Sub-Inspector may exercise the following powers, namely :—

(i) powers of entry and inspection under Section 51 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 ;

(ii) power to search without warrant under Section 54 of the said Act ; and

(iii) power to investigate under Section 55 thereof.

[No. HD 57 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department (Excise).

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press Bhavan

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2C (i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1967
(ASVIJA, 20, SAKA ERA 1889)

No. 219

HOME SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore dated 10th October 1967.

G.S.R. 450.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), the Government of Mysore hereby makes the following rules, the draft of the same having been previously published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the said Act, in Notification G.S.R. No. 402 in Part IV-2 C (i) of the *Mysore Gazette* (Extraordinary), dated 13th September 1967, namely :—

THE MYSORE EXCISE (GRANT OF EXPENSES) RULES, 1967.

1. **Title, extent and commencement.**—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Grant of Expenses) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to all the areas of the State of Mysore where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. Classification of persons summoned to give information.—(1) Persons other than Government servants summoned as witnesses by the Excise Officers to give information in investigations in respect of offences under the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 shall, for purposes of these rules, be classified as hereunder, namely :—

1. Class A.
2. Class B.
3. Class C.

(2) The class to which a person belongs shall be decided by the Excise Officer who called such person to give information.

(3) Government servants called for the purpose mentioned in sub-rule (1) shall be entitled to the travelling allowance and daily allowance admissible to them under the rules regulating their service conditions.

3. Rates at which expenses are allowed.—Expenses shall be paid to the different classes of persons mentioned in sub-rule (1) of rule 2 at the rates specified in the Table below :—

Class of Witness	T.A. by Rail	T.A. by Public Transport	T.A. by Road	Daily Allowance
1. Class A	I Class fare	Actual fare	20 paise per kilometre	Rs. 5/- per day
2. Class B	II Class fare	Actual fare	12.50 paise per kilometre	Rs. 3/- per day
3. Class C	III Class fare	Actual fare	6.25 paise per kilometre	Re. 1-50 per day

4. Calculation of travelling and daily allowance.—(1) Travelling allowance shall be admissible only in respect of a journey by the shortest available route.

(2) The number of days for which daily allowance is payable shall be determined by the Excise Officer investigating the case.

5. Payment.—The expenses shall be paid by the Excise Officer on the same day on which the enquiry is held. All bills for such payment shall after payment be submitted for scrutiny to the authority to whom the said Excise Officer making the payment is subordinate.

6. Repeal and savings.—All rules corresponding to the foregoing rules framed under any enactment repealed by section 72 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 are hereby repealed:

Provided that anything done or any action taken under the said rules shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these rules.

[No. HD 50 EFL 67]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. G. KRISHNA,

Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department (Excise).

Printed by the Director of Printing, Stg. & Publications at the Govt. Press, Bflore.

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1967
(ASVIJA 20, SAKA ERA 1889)

No. 220

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore dated 10th October 1967.

G.S.R. 451 In exercise of the powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), the Government of Mysore hereby makes the following rules, the draft of the same having been previously published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the said Act, in Notification G.S.R. No. 404 in part IV-2-C (i) of the *Mysore Gazette* (Extraordinary), dated 13th September 1967, namely :—

THE MYSORE EXCISE (POSSESSION, TRANSPORT, IMPORT AND EXPORT OF INTOXICANTS) RULES, 1967

1. **Title, extent and commencement.**—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Possession, Transport, Import and Export of Intoxicants) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to all the areas of the Mysore State where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(*a*) "Act" means the Mysore Excise Act, 1965;

(*b*) "Bonded Warehouse" means a licensed private bonded warehouse or part of a public bonded warehouse established under clauses (*d*) and (*e*) of Section 16;

(*c*) "Form" means a form appended to these rules;

(*d*) "Licence" means a licence granted under any of the rules made under the Act;

(*e*) "Permit" means and includes a pass and an authorisation;

(*f*) "Section" means a section of the Act;

(*g*) "Verification" means—

(*i*) examining the seals of the cask, drum or other receptacle forming the consignment of intoxicants to verify that they are not tampered with during transit; (*ii*) ascertaining that the number and marks on the casks, drums or packages tally with those shown on the reverse of the permit; (*iii*) ascertaining that the quantity transported tallies with the quantity mentioned in the permit and includes in the case of spirit the real strength of which can be ascertained by the hydrometer examining the contents by drawing samples from the cask or drum or other package in order to find out that the strength of the spirit corresponds to that shown on the reverse of the permit; and (*iv*) satisfying that the duty, etc., required to be paid under the rules have been correctly levied and credited.

3. Transporter to apply for Permit.—Any person holding a licence, or permit for the possession, and/or sale of any intoxicants and desiring to transport the same from any licensed premises to his place of residence or licensed premises shall apply to the Deputy Commissioner of the District to which the intoxicant is to be conveyed for a transport permit.

4. Issue of Permit.—The Deputy Commissioner shall after verifying the application and after making such enquiries as he may consider necessary issue a transport permit in quadruplicate in form E. P. (T).

5. Disposal of four parts of Permit.—(1) Part I of the permit shall be kept on the record in the Deputy Commissioner's Office; Part II of the permit shall be sent by post to the Deputy Commissioner or Excise Authority of the District from where the intoxicant is to be transported; Part III shall be handed over to the transporter or to the person authorised by him to receive it; and Part IV shall be sent to the Excise Officer having jurisdiction over the place to which the intoxicant is to be transported.

(2) The transporter or his agent at the place from which the intoxicant has to be transported shall present his copy of the transport permit with an application to the Deputy Commissioner having jurisdiction over the licensed premises (in case such licensed premises are situated in a different district) from which the intoxicants have to be transported. On receipt of this application the Deputy Commissioner if he sees no objection, will after comparing it with the copy of transport permit received by him authorise the transport of the intoxicants mentioned in the transport permit by making suitable endorsement on the copy of the permit presented by the transporter. In cases where the transport is from one place to another place in the same District, Part II of the permit shall be sent to the Excise Officer having jurisdiction over the place from which the intoxicant

is to be transported, and he will endorse on the transporter's copy of the permit his permission approving the transport after comparing the transporter's copy of the transport permit with the copy received by him.

6. Delivery of the Intoxicants to the Transporter.—The transporter shall, unless he holds a Bonded Warehouse licence after payment of duty, if any, in the manner prescribed produce a chalan showing such payment to the Officer-in-charge of the Distillery, Brewery or Bonded Warehouse. On production of the chalan, if any, and/or the transport permit duly endorsed in the manner prescribed in rule 5, the officer or the licensee shall issue the intoxicants mentioned in the transport permit. The issuing officer or the licensee shall seal each cask, drum, package or other receptacles containing the intoxicants issued and shall return to the transporter or his agent his copy of the transport permit after filling in the particulars on the reverse thereof.

7. Transporter to give intimation of the arrival of the Consignment.—Immediately after the consignment covered by the transport permit is received, the transporter shall intimate the local Excise Officer or the Officer-in-charge of the warehouse of the arrival of the consignment. On receipt of such intimation the Excise Officer or the Officer-in-charge of the warehouse shall verify the consignment.

8. Verification, etc.—After verifying the consignment, the Excise Officer or the Officer-in-charge shall then permit the sale or warehousing of the intoxicants,as the case may be.

IMPORT

9. Application for an Import Permit.- Any person holding a licence, or permit for the possession, and/or sale of any intoxicants and desiring to import the same shall apply to the Deputy Commissioner of the District or other authorised officer who granted him the licence, or permit, for the grant of an import permit.

10. Particulars of Application.—Every application under rule 9 shall contain the following particulars namely :—

(*a*) Name of the importer, his address and licence number ;

(*b*) Name and place of the distillery or bonded warehouse or customs house or other place from which intoxicants are to be imported ;

(*c*) Descriptions of the intoxicants to be imported ;

(*d*) Quantity of each kind of intoxicant to be imported ;

(*e*) The alcoholic or other strength of the intoxicant ;

(*f*) Number and nature of receptacles or packages containing intoxicants ;

(*g*) Purposes for which the intoxicants are to be imported ; and

(*h*) Route by which the intoxicants are to be imported.

11. Procedure for Payment of Duty if any, and Grant of an Import Permit.—On receipt of an application under rule 10, the Deputy Commissioner or any other Authorised Officer shall after making such enquiries as he deems fit and if he is satisfied that there is no objection to grant the import permit applied for, in all cases where the importer does not have a bonded warehouse licence, calculate the duty leviable on the different kinds of intoxicants intended to be imported at the rates in force for the time being. He shall then communicate the same to the applicant who shall prepare the required challans in respect of the amount payable by him or if the applicant can himself correctly calculate the duty payable by him he may with a view to save time, calculate the duty and prepare the challans. The applicant shall then credit the amount to the Treasury or Bank, as the case may be, and produce the challan to the Deputy Commissioner or other Authorised Officer for the grant of an import permit who shall thereupon prepare the import permit in Form E.P. (T) in four parts.

12. **Disposal of the four Parts of the Permit.**—Part I of the permit shall be kept on the record of the Deputy Commissioner or other Authorised Officer issuing the permit;

Part II shall be sent by post to the Excise Authority of the State from where the intoxicant is to be imported or to the Collector of customs in case the import is from ship;

Part III shall be handed over to the importer or to the person authorised by him to receive it; and

Part IV shall be sent to the Excise Officer having jurisdiction over the place to which the intoxicant is to be imported or the Officer-in-charge in case of a Bonded Warehouse.

13. Importer to give Intimation of the Arrival of the Consignment.—Immediately after the consignment covered by the import permit is received, the importer shall intimate the authority to whom Part IV of the permit has been sent of the arrival of the consignment. On receipt of such intimation the Excise Officer or Officer-in-charge shall verify the consignment.

14. Verification of the Consignment. After verification the Excise Officer or Officer-in-charge shall then permit the sale, warehousing of imported intoxicants as the case may be.

Export.

15. Exporter to apply for Permit.—Any person holding a licence for the possession and sale of intoxicants and desiring to export the intoxicants from his licensed premises shall apply to the Deputy Commissioner of the District where his licensed premises is situated for the grant of an export permit. The application shall be accompanied by an import permit granted by the Excise Authority of the State to which the intoxicants have to be exported.

16. **Particulars of Application.**—Every such application shall contain the following particulars :

(*a*) Name of the exporter and his address ;

(*b*) Name of the importer and his address including the nature of licence held by him ;

(*c*) Description of intoxicants to be exported ;

(*d*) Quantity of each kind of intoxicants to be exported ; the nature of licence held by him ;

(*e*) The alcoholic or other strength of intoxicant ;

(*f*) Number and nature of receptacles of packages containing intoxicants ; and

(*g*) Route by which intoxicants are to be exported.

17. **Grant of Export Permit.**—On receipt of an application under rule 15, the Deputy Commissioner or other Authorised Officer after making such enquiries as he deems fit and if he sees no objection, may grant, an export permit in form E.P. (T) subject to the following conditions :—

(i) That the exporter executes a bond with or without sureties for the payment of duty on the intoxicants covered by the export permit at the rates for the time being in force.

(ii) That the exporter pays and produces the challan for having credited the export duty, if any, on the intoxicants at the rates for the time being in force.

(iii) That the bond will be in force till a report of verification of the consignment from the Excise Officer or other Authorised Officer of the place of import has been received.

18. **Disposal of the four Parts of the Permit.**—Part I of the permit shall be kept on the record of the Office of the Deputy Commissioner ;

Part II of the export permit shall be sent by post to the Excise Authority of the State to which the intoxicants have to be exported;

Part III shall be handed over to the exporter; and

Part IV shall be sent to the Officer-in-charge of the Bonded Warehouse or to the officer within whose jurisdiction the licensed premises of the exporter is situated.

19. Export of the Intoxicants.—The exporter shall after executing the bond and after paying the export duty, if any, in the prescribed manner produce the challan, export permit and bond before the officer to whom Part IV of the permit was sent. On presentation of these, the Officer-in-charge shall issue the intoxicants mentioned in the export permit. The Officer shall seal each receptacle or package containing the intoxicants and return to the exporter the copy of his permit after duly endorsing thereon the issue of intoxicants.

20. Cancellation of the Bond, etc.—After receipt of a report of either payment of duty or warehousing of the intoxicants in the importing State, the bond executed by the exporter shall be cancelled by the Deputy Commissioner and the Officer-in-charge of the warehouse or other officer shall also note the verification in the registers of the exporters.

In cases where the report of verification of the consignment or warehousing of the intoxicants in the importing State has not been received within the stipulated time, then the duty on the intoxicants shall be collected from the exporter and the sureties.

21. Cases where permit or licence is not required.—No permit or licence, under these rules, shall be required for

the possession or transport of the following quantities of liquors :—

	Liquor	*Quantity*
1.	Toddy	**3.5 litres**
2.	Molasses Arrack in places other than Coorg District	**0.4 litres**
3.	Molasses Arrack in Coorg District	**0.8 litres**
4.	Country Beer	**18.2 litres**
5.	Brandy, Whisky, Gin, Rum Milk Punch and such other liquors manufactured in Mysore State and manufactured in other places in India and imported to Mysore State	**2.3 litres**
6.	Foreign Liquors (Imported) ...	**9.1 litres**
7.	Denatured Spirit	**4.55 litres**
8.	Methylated spirit or Methyl alcohol ...	**0.76 litres**

22. Repeal and Savings.—All rules corresponding to the foregoing rules framed under any enactment repealed by section 72 of the Act are hereby repealed :—

Provided that any permit, licence or authorisation made or issued under any of the repealed rules shall so far as it is not inconsistent with the provisions of these rules, be deemed to have been made or issued under the corresponding provisions of these rules and shall continue to be in force accordingly, unless and until it expires or is superseded by anything done or any action taken under the Act or these rules as the case may be.

No. 220

Form No. E. P. (T)

(See *Rules 4, 11 and 17*)

1	2	3	4
Permit for Transport/Import/Export of the intoxicants.	Permit for Transport/Import/Export of the intoxicants.	Permit for Tranaport/Import/Export of the intoxicants.	Permit for Transport/Import/Export of the intoxicants.
PART I	*PART II*	*PART III*	*PART IV*
Permit No. District	Permit No. District	Permit No. District	Permit No. District
1. Name and address of the licensee.	1. Name and address of the licensee.	1. Name and address of the licensee.	1. Name and address of the licensee.
2. Name and address of the person from whom intoxicants is to be transported/imported/or to whom intoxicants is to be exported.	2. Name and address of the person from whom intoxicants is to be transported/imported or to whom intoxicants is to be exported.	2. Name and address of the person from whom intoxicants is to be transported/imported or to whom intoxicants is to be exported.	2. Name and address of the person from whom intoxicants is to be transported/imported/or to whom intoxicants is to be exported.
3. Place from which intoxicants have to be transported/imported or to which they are to be exported.	3. Place from which intoxicants have to be transported/imported or to which they are to be exported.	3. Place from which intoxicants have to be transported/imorted or to which they are to be exported.	3. Place from which intoxicants have to be transported/imported or to which they are to be exported.
4. Route (State whether road, rail, air or road-*cum*-rail, etc.)	4. Route (State whether road, rail, air or road-*cum*-rail, etc.)	4. Route (State whether road, rail, air or road-*cum*-rail, etc.)	4. Route (State whether road, rail, air or road-*cum*-rail, etc.)
5. Period of validity of permit.	5. Period of validity of permit.	5. Period of validity of permit.	5. Period of validity of permit.
6. Description of intoxicants to be transported/imported/ exported.	6. Description of intoxicants to be transported/imported/exported.	6. Description of intoxicants to be transported/imported/exported.	6. Description of inoxicants to be transported/imported/exported.

1	1	1	1 .....
2	2	2	2 .....
3	3	3	3 .....
4	4	4	4 .....
5	5	5	5 .....
7 Quantity of each kind of intoxicant.	7 Quantity of each kind of intoxicant	7 Quantity of each kind of intoxicant.	7 Quantity of each kind of intoxicant.
8 The alcoholic or other strength of the intoxicant.	8 The alcoholic or other strength of the intoxicant.	8 The alcoholic or other strength of the intoxicant.	8 The alcoholic or other strength of the intoxicant.
9 No. and nature of receptacles contained in the intoxicants.	9 No. and nature of receptacles contained in the intoxicants.	9 No. and nature of receptacles contained in the intoxicants.	9 No. and nature receptacles contianed in the intoxicants.
10 Purposes for which intoxicants transported or imported.	10 Purposes for which intoxicants transported or imported.	10 Purposes for which intoxicants transported or imported.	10 Purposes for which intoxicants transported or imported.
This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and rules made thereunder authorising the above transport/import/export subject to the following conditions :-	This permit is granted under and subject to the provisons of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and rules made thereunder authorising the above transport/import/export subject to the following conditions :—	This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Exeise Act, 1965 and rules made thereunder authorising the above transport/import/export subject to the following conditions:—	This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and rules made thereunder authorising the above transport/import/export subject to the following conditions :—
Conditions	**Conditions**	**Conditions**	**Conditions**
1. The entire quantity of intoxicants shall be transported / imported/ exported in one consignment only and shall not be broken in transit.	1. The entire quantity of intoxicants shall be transported/imported / exported in one consignment only and shall not be broken in transit.	1. The entire quantity of intoxicants shall be transported / imported/exported in one consignment only and shall not be broken transit.	1. The entire quantity of intoxicants shall be transported/imported / exported in one consignment only and shall not be broken in transit.

1	2	3	4
2. The licensee shall pay such cost of the Excise or other Escort, if any, as the Deputy Commissioner may decide.	2. The licensee shall pay such cost of the Excise or other Escort, if any, as the Deputy Commissioner may decide,	2. The Licensee shall pay such cost of the Excise or other Escort, if any, as the Deputy Commissioner may decide	2. The licensee shall pay such cost of the Excise or other Escort, if any, as the Deputy Commissioner may decide.
Station : Seal of the Deputy Commissioner	Signature of the Deputy Commissioner	Station: Seal of the Deputy Commissioner.	Signature of the Deputy Commissioner	Station: Seal of the Deputy Commissioner.	Signature of the Deputy Commissioner	Station Seal of the Deputy Commissioner.	Signature of the Deputy Commissioner

[No. HD 52 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department (Excise).

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore.

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV-2-C (i)

BANGALORE, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1967
(ASVIJA 18, SAKA ERA 1889)

No. 221

No. 221, Bangalore, dated the 10tr October 1967.

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION

G.S.R. No. 452. In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), read with Sections 13 and 16 of the said Act, the Government of Mysore hereby makes the following rules, the draft of the same having been previously published, as required bu sub-section (1) of Section 71 of the said Act, in Notification G.S.R. No. 405 in Part IV-2-C(i) of the *Mysore Gazette* (Extraordinary), dated 13th September 1967, namely :—

THE MYSORE EXCISE (DISTILLERY AND WAREHOUSE) RULES, 1967.

Draft Rules

1. *Title, extent and commencement.*—These Rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Distillery and (Warehouse) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to the areas of the State of Mysore where the Act is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. *Definitions.*—In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :

(*a*) "Act" means, the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 ;

(*b*) "Commissioner" means, the Excise Commissioner in Mysore.

(*c*) "Deputy Commissioner" means, the Deputy Commissioner of the district in which the distillery is located ;

(*d*) "Distiller" means a person to whom a distillery licence is granted.

(*e*) "Distillery Officer" means an Excise Officer in charge of a distillery.

(*f*) "Form" means a form appended to these rules ;

(*g*) "Government" means the Government of Mysore ;

(*h*) "licence" means a licence granted under the Act or rules ;

(*i*) "Licensee" means a person to whom a licence is granted ;

(*j*) "receiver" means a vessel into which the spirit discharges directly from a still ;

(*k*) "section" means a section of the Act ;

(*l*) "to guage" means to determine the quantity of spirits contained in or taken from any cask or receptacle or to determine the capacity of any cask or receptacle ;

(*m*) " to prove " means to test the strength of spirits by a hydrometer or other instrument ;

(*n*) " Warehouse " means, that part of the distillery in which spirits in a fit state for consumption or intended for redistillation are kept.

(*o*) " Wash back " means, any vessel used for preparation of wash and formation.

3. *Establishment of Distillery.*—(1) Every person who wishes to obtain a licence to establish and work a Distillery shall make an application in form 1 to the Commissioner through the Deputy Commissioner of the district in which he wishes to establish a distillery furnishing in duplicate rull description of the premises, plan of the building wherein he proposes to locate the distillery together with a description of the stills and all other apparatus,

(2) A treasury challan for having credited the fee prescribed in rule 7.

(3) On receipt of the application, the Deputy Commissioner or any other officer authorised by him in that behalf shall check, verify and certify to the correctness of the facts stated therein and forward it to the Commissioner, retaining a copy for his office records.

(4) The Commissioner may, either by himself or through any officer authorised by him in this behalf make such further verification as he considers necessary.

(5) No alteration or addition be made in or to the building in which the distillery is established or in or to the stills or other permanent apparatus used therein, without the permission of the Deputy Commissioner.

4. *Grant of licence.*—On receipt of the application under rule 3 and after such verification referred to therein, the Commissioner may grant, with the previous sanction of the State Government, a licence in Form 2 subject to these rules and the conditions of the licence.

5. *Duration of licence.*—No licence shall be for a period exceeding one year.

6. Renewal of licence.—A licence may be renewed on application being made to the Commissioner accompanied by the licence fee prescribed in rule 7 :

Provided that every such application shall be made at least one month before the expiry of the licence already granted.

7. *Licence fee.*—The fee for a licence under these rules and for renewal of a licence shall be rupees seven thousand and five hundred.

8. *Arrangements of stills, etc.*—Every Distiller shall so arrange the stills that the distilate shall discharge into closed and locked receivers provided by him and approved by the Commissioner. He shall provide at his cost suitable and secure locks to all stills, spirit receivers, fermentation rooms and doors. The keys of the locks shall be deposited with the Distillery Officer. The Distiller may, if he so wishes, attach his own locks, but he shall remove them whenever requisitioned by the Distillery Officer or any other competent Officer authorised by the Commissioner in this behalf.

9. *Safes and Sampling Apparatus.*—The Distiller shall, if the Commissioner so directs, provide either a glass safe between the still and spirit receiver to note the quality and strength of the spirit running through at any moment or a sampling apparatus so constructed that for every sample drawn off an exactly equal quantity shall be discharged in a closed and locked receptacle. The distiller shall provide branch pipes fitted with cocks which may be diverted to separate receivers for spirits of different strengths and qualities.

10. *Receivers and Vats.*—The distiller shall arrange his spirit receivers and store vats in such a way that the spirit may be conveyed to the store vats through closed pipes by

gravitation or where this is not possible, an arrangement to pump up through closed pipes shall be made.

11. *Preparation of wash.*—No wash shall be prepared except within the distillery nor shall any vat be removed from the distillery on any account. All wash shall be kept securely well locked up in such places as may be approved by the Deputy Commissioner. The distiller shall see that the saccharine materials used are thoroughly dissolved when the wash is set up by him and he shall submit a declaration in writing to the Deputy Commissioner and to the Distillery Officer giving the actual saccharomatric gravity corrected for temperature before fermentation starts, and the total quantity of wash made and he shall furnish generally with all the information, which the Deputy Commissioner may require, bearing on the question of levying a charge from attenuation of wash.

12. *Vessels and Gauging.*—All the vessels in the distillery whether used as wash back, water vat or spirit vat shall be so arranged as to permit the accurate gauging or measuring of their contents and shall be fitted to the satisfaction of the Deputy Commissioner with proper dipping rods so adjusted to fixed dipping places that the contents may be ascertained at any time. These vessels shall be gauged as the Deputy Commissioner directs from time to time, and no vessel be used as wash back, water vat or spirit vat until it has been properly gauged and the gauging checked by the Deputy Commissioner or any person authorised by him.

13. *Distiller to give notice of beginning of distillation*—The Distiller shall give the Commissioner not less than fifteen days notce in writing of the date on which he proposes to begin the distillation.

14. *Supervisory Staff.*—The Commissioner may employ at the distillery, such number of Excise officers as may be necessary, for supervision and securing compliance with the provisions of the Act and these rules. The cost of the establishment including pay, leave salary, contributory proyident-*cum*-pension fund and pensionary contribution in respect of such officers shall be paid by the distiller in advance.

15. *Attendance of Officers.*—The Deputy Commissioner, with the previous sanction of the Commissioner, shall regulate the timings of the working of the distillery which the Distillery Officer and his staff are required to attend, which shall not exceed 8 hours a day and also the holidays exclusive of Sundays. The Excise Staff deputed at distillery shall not ordinarily attend the distillery on Sundays and other authorised holidays. If the distiller wants the said staff to work beyond the hours fixed on working days and on Sundays or authorised holidays he shall make a requisition to the Distillery Officer in advance and he shall also be liable to pay overtime fees. Every fraction of an hour not less than fifteen minutes shall be treated as one hour and the remuneration shall be double the usual emoluments. If the staff is required to work during the night hours the remuneration will be four times the usual emoluments.

16. *Receipt of spirit into the distillery.*—No spirits shall be received into distillery unless they are accompanied by the permits issued by the Deputy Commissioner. All such spirits shall be gauged and proved on their arrival in the presence of the distiller or his representative, who will be responsible for the quantity and strength of the spirits received and stored in the warehouse, which are under the joint lock and key of the Distillery Officer and the Distiller.

17. *Appointment of the Distillery Officer and provision of quarters and furniture.*—The Commissioner shall post such staff at the Distillery as he deems fit. The distiller shall provide necessary office furniture for the use of the staff. The distiller shall also provide the staff so deputed with the quarters properly furnished, and maintained, without interference in their use or enjoyment thereof. If the distiller is unable to provide such quarters, the Commissioner may obtain through the Deputy Commissioner accommodation on rent and the distiller shall be liable to all the cost and expenses therefor.

18. *Government not liable for loss of spirits in distillery.*—The Government shall not be responsible for the

destruction or loss or damage to any spirits stored in a distillery by fire or theft or by gauging or proving or by any other cause whatever. In case of fire or other accident the Distillery Officer shall immediately attend and open it, if necessary, at any hour by day or night.

19. *Noxious materials not to be used.*—The materials used in the distillery shall be of good quality and no ingredient harmful or noxious to health shall be used in distillation or in the spirits stored therein :

Provided that approved denatures may be stored for denaturation in special receptacles or vats.

20. *Supervision of distillery.*—The distillery shall be under the direct supervision of the Distillery Officer who shall be subordinate to the Deputy Commissioner and carry out all the provisions of these rules either in person or through his subordinates as the Deputy Commissioner may from time to time direct.

21. *Admission into the distillery of the persons.*—No person other than the licensee or his authorised vendors or agents or employees of the Distillery shall be allowed to enter the distillery premises without the permission of the Distillery Officer. A list of such employees of the distillery shall be furnished to the Distillery Officer by the distiller.

22. *Control over the persons entering the distillery.*—All persons entering the distillery shall be under the orders of the Distillery Officer in respect of their conduct and proceedings within the distillery and shall be liable to search on their exit, at the discretion of the Distillery Officer.

23. *Distiller to furnish Inventory of Apparatus.*—If a distiller intends to use any permanent apparatus which is not included in his original application he shall furnish an inventory of such apparatus to the Distillery Officer not earlier than two clear working days before using the same.

24. *Accounts to be kept*—(1) The distiller shall maintain regular accounts in the forms required by the Commissioner from time to time and such accounts shall be open for inspection at all times, by the Distillery Officer or any Officer duly authorised.

(2) Spirits in the Distillery shall, at all times be open to gauging and proving by the Officers referred to in sub-rule (1).

25. *Distiller to account deficiency in stock.*—An account shall be taken of the stocks of spirits kept in the distillery at such intervals not exceeding three months and in such manner as the Deputy Commissioner may direct. The distiller shall pay such duty on all spirits which are not forthcoming and which could not be accounted for to the satisfaction of the Deputy Commissioner, in excess of an allowance of one per cent of wastage. The wastage shall be calculated at the end of every twelve months or at the end of licence period, if it is shorter, for purpose of calculating duty on the excess as aforesaid :

Provided that if it is proved to the satisfaction of the Deputy Commissioner or any Officer appointed by him that any deficiency in excess of the margin allowed could not have been prevented by the exercise of proper care and precaution, the payment of duty on such deficiency may be waived.

26. *Distiller bound to report breaches of law, etc., committed by their servants.*—The distiller shall be bound to report immediately to the Distillery Officer and the Deputy Commissioner any breaches committed by any person employed by him in the manufacture, storage, receipt blending or issue of spirits and he shall be bound to comply with the directions of the Deputy Commissioner respecting the continued employment of such persons.

27. *Lights in Distilleries.*—No naked lights of any description shall be used within the distillery by the distiller or his employees.

28. *Ejection of riotous persons.*—The Distillery Officer may eject and exclude from the distillery premises any person who has committed or is about to commit any breach of the provisions of the Act or these rules or who is intoxicated, riotuous or disorderly. All such action taken by the Distillery Officer shall be recorded in writing and communicated to the Deputy Commissioner forthwith.

29. *Distiller bound to obey all the additional rules.*—The distiller shall be bound by all additional general rules for the management of the distillery or for issue of spirits therefrom, which may hereafter be prescribed under the Act or under any law which may hereafter be enacted and by all special orders issued by the Commissioner, with regard to distillery and shall cause all persons employed by him to obey all such rules

30. *Appeal.*— (1) Except otherwise provided, an appeal shall lie

(*a*) to the Deputy Commissioner from any order passed or proceedings taken under these rules by the Distillery Officer or any person authorised by the Deputy Commissioner,

(*b*) to the Commissioner from any order passed or proceedings taken or an appellate order passed by the Deputy Commissioner.

(2) Such appeals shall be preferred in cases covered by clause (a) of sub-rule (1) within sixty days and in cases covered by clause (b) within ninety days from the date of the order or proceedings appealed against. The decision of the Commissioner shall be final.

31. *Issue.*—(1) The spirits intended for issue as Denatured Spirit or Rectified Spirit shall not be distilled at a strength lower than 52° over proof.

(2) The distiller shall issue at the distillery to the Distillery Officer such quantities of country spirits, rectified spirits and denatured spirits as may be indented for by him for the supply :

(*a*) to such Government Depots and warehouses as have been established or may from time to time be established and maintained within the State ;

(*b*) to such other places or persons or institutions as may be directed by the Deputy Commissioner or Commissioner ;

(3) In case of 2(a) after the issues are made, payment shall be made by the Distillery Officer on the instructions of the Commissioner to the Distiller, at such intervals as the Commissioner may prescribe for the value of spirits supplied.

In case of 2(b) the distiller shall himself recover the value of spirits supplied from the person concerned.

32. *Spirits may be blended or reduced in the distillery.*—For issue of spirits of prescribed strength, the distiller may blend or reduce the spirits to these strengths in such vats as may be approved by the Commissioner for this purpose. Blended or reduced spirits shall be kept in separate receptacles.

33. *Spirits to be gauged and proved before removal.*—No spirit shall be removed from the distillery until it has been gauged and proved by the Distillery Officer. The gauging of the spirits may be made by either actual measurements or by weighments.

34. *Spirits not to be removed save under certain conditions.*—No spirits shall be removed from the distillery except under a permit in Form 3 issued by the Distillery Officer.

35. *Power to suspend or cancel the licence.*—If a licensee or any person in his employment contravenes any of the provisions of the Act or the rules made thereunder or the conditions of the licence, the Commissioner may—

(1) suspend the licence for a period for which the licensee shall not be entitled to claim any compensation.

(2) or cancel the licence :

Provided that before taking action the Commissioner shall give a fortnight's notice to the Distiller in writing, stating the grounds on which it is proposed to take action and requiring him to show cause against it.

36. *Repeal and Savings.*—All rules corresponding to the foregoing rules framed under any enactment repealed by Section 72 are hereby repealed :

Provided that such repeal shall not effect—

(*a*) the previous operation of the rules so repealed or anything duly done or suffered thereunder, or

(*b*) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under any rule so repealed, or

(*c*) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any rule so repealed, or

(*d*) any investigation or legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid, and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if such rules had not been repealed ;

Provided further that subject to the preceding proviso anything done or any action taken (including any appointment or delegation made, notification, order, instructions or direction issued, form, certificate obtained, permit or licence granted or registration effected under any such rules) shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these rules and shall continue to be in force accordingly, unless and until superceded by anything done or any action taken under the Act or these rules as the case may be.

FORM No. 1

[*See* Rule 3 (1)]

Application for Distillery Licence

Court fee stamp of Rs. 2

To

The Excise Commissioner in Mysore,
Bangalore.

1. Name or names of the applicant with full postal address.

2. The amount of capital proposed to be invested.

3. The name of the place and the site in which the building for housing the Distillery is situated (Description and plans of the building to be furnished).

4. Description of the stills and other permanent apparatus.

5. Approximate production capacity of the Distillery.

6. Date from which the applicant desires to start the Distillery.

7. Whether the applicant is prepared to bear the cost of Excise Establishment posted at the Distillery.

8. Whether the quarters will be provided or rent will be paid to the Excise Staff posted at the Distillery.

9. Whether the applicant has enclosed the treasury challan for having credited the prescribed licence fee in favour of the Government.

DECLARATION

1. I/We hereby declare that the particulars mentioned in the application are correct.

2. I/We am/are not convicted of any offence under Mysore Excise Act or Rules made thereunder or any of the cognizable or non-bailable offence.

3. I/We have gone through the Mysore Excise Distillery Rules, 1967 relating to the licence applied for by me/us hereunder and am/are conversant with the provisions thereof.

4. I/We hereby undertake to abide by the conditions of the licence and provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the Rules and regulations made thereunder.

Signature of the applicant

FORM 2

(*See* Rule 4)

Distillery Licence

I, ... Excise ,Commissioner in Mysore under the provisions of Sections 13 and 16 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 hereby licence you .... (here after called the licensee) to manufacture the following spirits in the Distillery at ..... from ..... to ..... subject to the following conditions to be observed by you, the licensee :—

CONDITIONS

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, Notifications, Rules and Orders made or issued thereunder and the Mysore Excise Distillery Rules, 1967.

2. The licensee shall observe such rules as may be prescribed by the State Government or such instructions and orders as may be issued by the Commissioner from time to time in regard to the control of the manufacture, possession and sale or issue of the spirits.

3. The licensee shall be bound by such orders as may be passed by the State Government or the Commissioner, concerning the process of manufacture to be adopted and the standard and the quality of the spirits to be produced.

4. The licensee shall provide, a saccharometer and a thermometer of a kind to be approved by the Commissioner for testing the gravity of wash in the Distillery. A hydrometer should also be provided for testing the strength of spirits. The Stores, fermentation rooms, all vessels and apparatus in the Distillery shall be kept clean. The premises of the Distillery should also be kept clean and in sanitary conditions.

5. The licensee is prohibited from manufacturing any of the spirits, save the ones specifically instructed.

6. The licensee is prohibited from issuing any of the spirits except with the permission of the Distillery Officer or a competent authority.

7. The account of the transactions in the Distillery relating to wash and spirits should be maintained in such forms and in such manner as may be prescribed by the Commissioner.

8. The licensee shall furnish any statistics relating to the wash and spirits that may be required when called upon to do so by any competent authority.

9. With the sanction of the State Government the Excise Commissioner at his discretion after giving a fortnight's notice to the licensee is empowered to suspend or cancel the licence. The licensee shall not be entitled for any compensation on account of such suspension or cancellation.

Excise Commissioner

FORM 3.

(See rule 34)

(FORM OF PERMIT UNDER RULE 34)

(To be retained at the Distillery)

Permit for transport of liquor to the.....Taluk/District.

Sent viz.....Name of carrier..... .....Time allowed for transit... .....days.

No. of casks or packages	Description and strength of liquor	Quantity	In bottles
		Litres	Litres

Station.....

Dated.....196 .

.....

Distillery Officer.

Form No, 3—(*contd.*)

(To accompany the consignment)

Permit for transport of liquor to the.....Taluk /District. Sent *via*....
.....Name of carrier.....Time allowed for transit..... ...days.

No. of casks or packages	Description and strength of liquor	Quantity	In bottles
		Litres	Litres

Station.....

Dated..... ...196

.....

Distillery Officer.

Form No. 3 (concld)

(To be sent to the Excise Officer of the destination)

Permit for transport of liquor to the.....Taluk/District. Sent *via*.....
....Name of carrier.....Time allowed for transit.....days.

No. of casks of packages	Description and strength of liquor	Quantity	In bottles
		Litres	Litres

Station.....

Dated.....196 .

.....

Distillery Officer.

FORM No. 4

(*See* rule 24)

Register of Receivers / vats in use in the Spirit Store / Warehouse of the Distillery.

Consecutive number	Description of receiver	Wet Centimeters	Litres: Tenths of a Centimetre									
			0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

FORM No. 5.

(*See* rule 24)

Manufacturer's Account of Materials used.

Date	Materials				Wash				Remarks	Signature of Manufacturer
	Description	In hand	Received	Expended	In hand	Made	Used			
							Still No.	Quantity		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

FORM No. 6.

(*See* rule 24)

Manufacturer's Account of Spirit Store Transactions.

	Receipts								
	In hand			Received			Total in hand and received		
Date	Receiver No.	Quantity	Strength	From what still	Quantity	Strength	Quantity	Strength	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	

FORM No. 6—(*contd.*)

Issues						
Passed into Warehouse			Balance			
Vat No	Quantity	Strength	Quantity	Strength		Signature of Manufacturer
10	11	12	13	14	15	16

FORM No. 7

[*See* rule 24]

Register of Manufacture in the Distillery

Date	Still number	Materials used for distillation — Wash	Receiver No.	Spirits — In hand in spirit — Quantity	Spirits — In hand in spirit — Strength	Spirits — Received — From what still	Spirits — Received — Quantity	Spirits — Received — Strength
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Total in hand and received — Quantity	Total in hand and received — Strength	Spirits — Passed into Warehouse — Vat number	Spirits — Passed into Warehouse — Quantity	Spirits — Passed into Warehouse — Strength	Spirits — Total issues — Quantity	Spirits — Total issues — Strength	Remarks
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

FORM No. 8

(*See* rule 24)

Note of Gauges and Proofs at the..... .....Distillery.

Vat or Receiver number	Dip		Temperature	Indication	Strength	Remarks
1	2		3	4	5	6
	Centimetres	Tenths				

FORM No. 9

(*See* rule 24)

Register of Spirits received into and issued from each Vat in the.....
Distillery.....Vat No.....

In hand			Received						Total in hand and Received	
			Newly distilled			By transfer				
Date	Quantity	Strength	From what receiver	Quantity	Strength	From whence	Quantity	Strength	Quantity	Strength
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

Form No. 9—(concld)

Issues														
Under bond			On payment of duty		For redistillation			By transfer			Total issues			
Whither	Quantity	Strength	Quantity	Strength	To what still	Quantity	Strength	Whither	Quantity	Strength	Quantity	Strength	Wastage	Remarks
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26

FCRM No. 10

(*See* Rule 24)

Register showing wash made and spirit obtained therefrom in the Distillery.

Date when set up	Materials used in Kgs.					Litres of wash made	Number of wash back	Saccharometer readings corrected for temperature				Date when sent to still	Number of receiver
	Cane jaggery	Cane Molasses	Palmyra jaggery	Palmyra molasses				When set up	On day	On day	On day	When sent to still	
1	2(i)	2(ii)	2(iii)	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

FORM No. 10—*concld.*

Spirits obtained as per receiver charge								Litres of proof spirit obtained per cent				
Temperature	Indication	Strength		Litres		Percentage of outturn	Degree of attenuation for each litre of proof spirit per 100 litres of wash.	Jaggery	Molasses	Remarks	Initials	
		C. P.	U. P.	Bulk	At proof							
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	

FORM No. 11

(*See* rule 24)

Register of spirits issued "duty paid" or "duty free" from the .....Distillery,

Permit No. and date	To whom issued	Kind of spirit	Strength	Quantity of spirits issued		Particulars of duty recovered			If issued duty free or at concession rates, state authority	Page of ledger	Remarks
				In bottles	Quantity	Name of Treasury	Challan number and date	Amount			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

1. If issued in casks, No. of the cask will be inserted.
2. An extract from this register will be submitted to the Excise Commissioner every month together with the Treasury receipt, a copy thereof being also forwarded to Deputy Commissioner of District concerned.

FORM No. 12

(*See* rule 24)

Ledger Account / Statement of spirits issued from the Distillery, Name of Depot or Institution / Person.....

	Molasses Arrack		Brandy		Whisky		Gin		Rum	
Date of issue and Permit No.	Number of cask	Quantity	In bottles	Quantity	In bottles	Quantity	In bottles	Quantity	In bottles	Quantity
1	2	3	4	5	6		8	9	10	11

FORM No. 12 (*concld*).

Date of issue and Permit No.	Milk Punch		Proof spirit		Rectified spirit		Methylated spirit		Remarks	
	In bottles	Quantity	Number of bottles	Quantity	Number of bottles	Quantity	In bottles	Quantity	Page of under bond or duty paid Register	
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21

1. This register should be divided into 3 parts I part to treat of issues under bond, II for duty paid issues, III for "Duty free issues", issues made to Civil and Military Station Depot and the Mysore Pharmaceuticals being also separately booked.
2. An index to Depots and institutions, etc., should be put up in the beginning.
3. This register should be posted from "Duty Paid" and under bond registers at the close of every day, as far as possible.
4. Issues to each Bonded Depot made during the month should be tabulated by Districts in duplicate, one copy to be sent to Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the other to the Excise Commissioner's Office along with the monthly accounts. In the remarks column the name of the Depot or institution will be noted, Col. 20 being left blank.

FORM No 13

(*See* rule 24)

Register of the Issue of Spirits by weighment.....from the Distillery.

Date	Mark and package No.	Weight of empty package	Weight of full package	Weight of spirits	Hydrometer indication	Weight per litre	Contents of package	Where sent
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

FORM No. 14

(*See Rule* 24)

Register of employees in the Distillery.

Sl. No.	Employee's				Remarks
	Name	Father's name	Residence	Capacity in which employed	
1	2	3	4	5	6

[No. HD 42 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department (Excise).

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore.

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C—(i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1967
(ASVIJA 20, SAKA ERA 1889).

No. 222

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION

Bangalore, dated 10th October 1967.

G.S.R. 453. In exercise of the powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), read with sections 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of the said Act, the Government of Mysore hereby makes the following rules, the draft of the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the said Act, in Notification G.S.R. No. 407 in Part IV-2-C(1) of the *Mysore Gazette* (Extra-ordinary), dated 13th September 1967, namely :—

THE MYSORE EXCISE (DENATURED SPIRIT AND DENATURED SPIRITUOUS PREPARATIONS) RULES, 1967.

1. *Title, extent and commencement.*—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Denatured Spirit and Denatured Spirituous Preparations) Rules, 1967 ;

(2) These rules shall extend to all the areas of the State of Mysore where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 is in force ;

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. *Definitions.*—(1) In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires :—

(*a*) "Act" means the Mysore Excise Act, 1965.

(*b*) "Commissioner" means the Excise Commissioner.

(*c*) "Denatured Spirit" means specifically denatured alcohol specified in the schedule and includes spirit subjected to any of the following processes for the purpose of rendering it unfit for human consumption, namely :—

(i) The admixture with spirit of at least 50° over proof of light Caoutchoucine and Pyridine basis in the proportion of $\frac{1}{2}$ of one part of Pyridine and $\frac{1}{2}$ of one part Caoutchoucine to 99 parts of spirit by volume ;

(ii) The addition of liquid soap that is a preparation made by mixing together and heating three parts of castor oil and one part of caustic soda in the preparation of one part of liquid soap to 99 parts of spirits of at least 50° over-proof.

(iii) The addition of 5 parts of Woodnaptha or Methyl Alcohol with 100 parts of spirit of over 50° o.p. by volume ;

(iv) The addition of 4 parts of Formalin by weight to 100 parts of spirit by weight of 60 degrees o.p.;

(v) The addition of castor oil and caustic soda as specified below:—For hundred parts of spirit of over 50° o.p. use one part of castor oil and two-fifths of one part of caustic soda solution all by volume. The caustic soda solution is to be prepared by dissolving one part of caustic soda in three parts of water. Adding to castor oil, one and half times its volume of spirit, stirring and finally adding the caustic soda solution, and the clear solution which will be obtained will be added to the bulk of the spirit;

(vi) The addition of Ammonia in the proportion of three parts of liquor Ammonia containing 25 to 26 per cent by weight of Ammonia gas to 97 parts of spirits of over 72° o.p.;

(vii) The addition of 5 per cent of concentrated sulphuric acid to 95 per cent of spirit of over 50° o.p. by weight;

(viii) The addition of any of the above or other ingredients in such proportions as may be prescribed by the Government.

Explanation.—The light Caoutchoucine and the Pyridine bases must be of the standard prescribed by the Indian Standard Institution;

(*d*) "Form" means a form appended to these rules;

(*e*) "French Polish" means denatured spirituous preparation containing not more than 85 per cent by weight of denatured or methylated spirit and other ingredients including shellac in such proportion as may be specified by the Indian Standard Institution or prescribed by the Commissioner;

(*f*) "Licensing authority" means. the Deputy Commissioner or any other officer empowered as such for the

issue of licences for Denatured Spirits and Denatured Spirituous preparations under the Act and these rules ;

(*g*) "Methyl Alcohol" means, the liquid having the chemical formula as laid down by the Indian Standard Institution and having other chemical names, and includes Woodnaptha, Wood spirit, Wood alcohol, Pyroxylic spirit and Pyrcligneous spirit ;

(*h*) "Methylated spirit" means, denatured spirit rendered effectually unfit for human consumption by the admixture of crude woodnaptha otherwise than in highly purified condition, in the proportion of one part of woodnaptha to nine parts of spirits by volume or in any other proportion that may be specially prescribed by Government ;

(*i*) "Retail Sale" means, sale made to the public who do not hold license issued under these rules in quantities not exceeding the limit prescribed in rule 6 for possession without a license ;

(*j*) "Schedule" means the schedule appended to these rules ;

(*k*) "Thinner" means a Denatured Spirituous preparation containing not more than 20 per cent of denatured spirit and other ingredients in such proportion as may be specified by the Indian Standard Institution or as prescribed by the Commissioner ;

(*l*) "Varnish" means, a denatured spirituous preparation containing not more than 60 per cent of denatured spirit and such other ingredients in such proportions as may be specified by the Indian Standard Institution or as prescribed by the Commissioner ;

(*m*) "Whole-sale" means, sales made to holders of licenses issued under these rules.

3. *Manufacture of a denatured spirit, etc.*—(i) Spirit shall not be denatured by any process other than those specified in clause (*b*) of rule 2.

(ii) No denatured spirit, methylated spirit or methyl alcohol shall be manuactured except by the holder of a distillery license issued for the purpose of establishment of a distillery for the manufacture and issue therefrom of denatured spirit, methylated spirit or methyl alcohol in accordance with the rules for the time being in force relating to the issue of such license.

(iii) No Denatured Spirituous preparations shall be manufactured except in accordance with the terms and conditions of a license issued for the purpose under these rules.

4. *Export.*—No denatured spirit, methylated spirit, methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparation shall be exported except by the holder of a license for manufacture and issue of such spirits or denatured spirituous preparations, as the case may be referred to in rule 3. Such spirit shall be exported only under cover of an export permit in form D.L. 21 and issued by the Deputy Commissioner of the District. Before the issue of such an export permit, the exporter shall produce an import permit or a no objection certificate from the competent authority of the State or place to which the export is made, signifying that there is no objection to the issue of the export permit sought for.

5. *Import.*—(*a*) No denatured spirit, methylated spirit, methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations shall be imported except by persons or institutions holding licenses issued under these rules to deal in or use denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations and except under a import permit in the form D.L. 22 issued by the Deputy Commissioner of the District concerned. Provided that *bona fide* travellers may bring into the State without an import permit, denatured spirit or denatured spirituous preparations upto a maximum of one litre or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol upto a maximum of half litre.

(*b*) Before the permit for import of denatured spirit, methylated spirit, methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations is issued under sub-rule (*a*) the importer shall pay the rate of duty prescribed for denatured spirit on the quantities proposed to be imported.

(*c*) In the case of preparations containing a high percentage of alcohol and manufactured according to a process not detailed in sub-clauses (i) to (vii) of clause (*b*) of rule 2, the Deputy Commissioner may, after getting a sample of such preparations or commodity analysed, levy a fee at the prescribed rate on the spirit contents of the preparations before any such preparations is allowed to be imported.

6. *Possession.*—(1) Any person or institution may without a license possess denatured spirit upto a maximum of 4.55 litres, methylated spirit or methyl alcohol upto a maximum of 0.76 litre or denatured spirituous preparations upto a maximum of five litres for any medicinal, scientific, industrial or domestic purposes.

(2) Consignments of denatured spirit, methylated spirit, methyl alcohol and denatured spirituous preparations from outside the State intended for export through any harbour in the State of Mysore shall be permitted to be stored in the harbour pending export. This permission shall be granted in each individual case by the Commissioner subject to conditions set out in Appendix-I.

7. *Sale.*—No person or institution shall sell denatured spirit or methylated spirit, or methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations except in accordance with the provisions under these rules and on the terms and conditions of a license issued under these rules. Such license may be issued for wholesale vend or retail sale or both, as the case may be.

8. *Licence for the whole-sale vend of denatured spirit, etc.*—(1) License for the whole-sale vend of denatured

spirit, methylated spirit, or methyl alcohol shall be issued in form D.L. 2 on payment of a license fee of Rupees fifty per annum.

(2) Such licence shall provide for the possession of denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol and its sale in wholesale to holders of licenses issued under these rules for the possession and use or retail sale of denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol.

(3) The licensee shall obtain his supplies from a distillery in the State or from another holder of a license in this form or from sources outside the State, and issue it in whole-sale to holders of licenses issued under these rules in accordance with the provisions of these rules and the special conditions mentioned in the license.

(4) The licensee shall maintain accounts of his transactions in form D.L. 10.

9. *License for the Possession and use of Denatured spirit, etc.*—(1) License for possession of denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol either as such and or in the manufacture of specified commodities other than denatured spirituous preparations shall be in form D.L. 3 and shall be issued on payment of a licence fee of Rupees twenty-five per annum.

(2) An applicant for a license shall indicate in his application the purpose for which he requires the denatured spirit, or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol and specify whether he wishes to use the spirit as such and or use it in the manufacture of commodities. In the latter case the names and other particulars of the commodities shall be specified and the particular kind of denatured spirit, or methylated spirit required for the purpose shall also be indicated.

(3) The licensing authority shall enter in the license the quantity of each kind of denatured spirit or methylated spirit allowed and the commodities which the licensee is allowed to manufacture by using the spirit.

(4) No sale of spirit as such is permitted under this license.

(5) The licensee shall not manufacture any commodity other than those entered in the license without the prior approval of the licensing authority and without getting the name of such commodity entered in the license.

(6) The licensee shall obtain his supplies of denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol from a distillery in the State or from a holder of a license in form D.L. 2 in the State or from sources outside the State when specially authorised in that behalf.

(7) The licensee shall maintain accounts of transactions under his license in form D.L. 11.

10. *Licenses to Railway Authorities.*—(1) Licenses issued to an officer of the Railway for storage and use of denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol for distribution to out-stations or any other railway institutions in Mysore State under his control shall be in form D.L. 4 and shall be issued on payment of license fee of Rupees five per annum.

(2) The licensee shall get his supplies of denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol from a distillery or a person holding D.L. 2 license in the State or from sources outside the State.

(3) He shall maintain account of his transactions in form D.L. 12 and the licensee shall have similar accounts kept at the out-stations and other institutions which obtain supply from the licensees.

11. *License for retail sale of Denatured spirit, Methylated spirit or Methyl alcohol.*—(1) License for retail sale of denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol shall be in form D.L. 5 and shall be issued on payment of a license fee of Rupees fifty per annum.

(2) The license shall get his supplies of denatured spirit methylated spirit or methyl alcohol from a distillery in the

State or from a holder of license for whole-sale vend of denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol in form D.L. 2 or from sources outside the State.

(3) The licensee shall sell only in accordance with the special conditions mentioned in the license itself.

(4) The licensee shall maintain accounts of transactions under the license in form D.L. 13.

12. *License for the possession and use of denatured spirits in the manufacture of denatured spirituous preparations and use or sale of denatured spirituous preparations.*— (1) License for possession and use of denatured spirit in the manufacture of denatured spirituous preparations and use or sale of denatured spirituous preparations shall be in form D.L. 6 and shall be issued on payment of annual license fee of Rupees one hundred. It covers possession of spirit denatured in accordance with the provisions of sub-clauses (i) to (vii) of clause (*c*) of rule 2 and its use in the manufacture of denatured spirituous preparations which may either be used by the licensee himself or sold by him in whole sale to holders of licenses in forms D.L. 7, D.L. 8 and D.L. 9. The licence does not confer the privilege of both use and sale.

(2) The applicant for a license shall indicate in the application whether he proposes to use or sell the denatured spirituous preparations manufactured under the license.

(3) The licensee may obtain supplies of denatured spirit from a distillery in the State or from the holder of a license for wholesale vend of denatured spirit in form D.L. 2 or by import. No spirit as such shall be sold under the license.

(4) The licensee shall maintain accounts in form D.L. 14 regarding the spirit obtained and used by him in the manufacture of denatured spirituous preparations and in form D.L. 15 or D.L. 17 according as the denatured spirituous preparations manufactured is used by the licensee himself or sold.

(5) The sale of denatured spirituous preparations shall be strictly in accordance with the special conditions mentioned in the license.

13. *License for the possession and use of denatured spirituous preparations.*—(1) Licenses for possession and use of denatured spirituous preparations will be issued in form D.L. 7 on payment of a fee of Rupees ten per annum.

(2) No denatured spirituous preparations possessed under this license shall be sold. The licensee shall obtain his supplies of denatured spirituous preparations from a holder of a license in form D.L. 6 or in form D.L. 9, or by import.

(3) The licensee shall maintain an account of transactions under the license in form D.L. 15.

14. *License for possession of denatured spirituous preparations by an officer of the railway for use and distribution to out-stations or other railway institutions in Mysore State under his control.*—(1) License to posses denatured spirituous preparations for use and its distribution to out-stations or other railway institutions in the State under his control shall be issued in form D.L. 8 on payment of license fee of Rupees ten per annum to an officer of the Railways.

(2) Denatured spirituous preparations shall not be sold under this license. The licensee shall obtain his supply of denatured spirituous preparations from a holder of a license in form D.L. 6 or in form D.L. 9 or by import.

(3) The licensee shall maintain accounts of transactions under the license in form D.L. 16. Accounts in similar form shall be maintained in the out-stations and other railway institutions supplied by the licensee.

15. *License for the sale of denatured spirituous preparations.*—(1) License for possession and sale of denatured spirituous preparations in wholesale or retail shall be issued in form D.L. 9 on payment of fee of Rupees twenty-five per annum.

(2) The licensee shall get his supplies of denatured spirituous preparations from the holder of a license in form D.L. 6 or from the holder of a similar license or by import. The sales under this license shall be strictly in accordance with the special conditions mentioned in the license.

(3) The licensee shall maintain accounts of transactions in form D.L. 17.

16. *Indent for and supply of denatured spirit, mythylated spirit, methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations.*—(1) Supplies of denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations obtained by licensees shall be on indents in form D.L. 18. The indent shall be in printed form, in three parts and machine numbered consecutively. Whenever a licensee indents for spirit or denatured spirituous preparations, he shall prepare an indent in three parts, retain Part I on his file, send Part II of the indent to the distillery in the State or supplying licensee, if supply is sought for from sources within the State and to the authority competent to issue import permit in case supply is required from sources outside the State. In the latter case the indent shall be accompanied by an application for an import permit together with a treasury receipt in token of payment of fee leviable on the quantity of spirit or denatured spirituous preparations proposed to be imported. Part III of the indent shall be sent to the Excise Officer having jurisdiction over the indentor.

(2) On receipt of the indent the supplying licensee within the State, if he decides to comply with the indent shall make necessary arrangements to obtain a transport permit in form D.L. 23 from the Excise Officer having jurisdiction over his licensed premises to cover the transport of the commodity from the supplying licensee's premises to those of the indentor. The currency of the transport permit shall be restricted to a reasonable period but not exceeding one day for every 50 kilometers or part thereof. In case the supplier is the distillery,

the permit issued shall be by the District Excise Officer concerned after collection of the amount of the fee leviable on the quantity supplied. The transport permit issued to cover the transport from the distillary also, shall be in the same form as that in form D.L. 23, and it shall be issued by the Officer-in-charge of the distillery. If the distillery or the supplying licensee is not able to or decides not to comply with the indent, either in full or in part he shall inform the indentor accordingly furnishing his reasons therefor. A copy of the communication shall be sent to the Excise Officer of the district in which the indenting licensee is.

(3) The transport permit issued shall in all cases be prepared in four parts. Part I will be retained as office copy by the issuing officer, Part II will be sent to the indentor to be carried along with the consignment, Part III will be sent to the Excise Officer of the district in which the indenting licensee is, and Part IV will be given to the supplier for his file. The transport permit forms shall be bound in books and consecutively machine-numbered. In cases of supply sought from outside the State, the authority competent to issue the import permit shall, if there is no objection, issue an import permit in form D.L. 22, to the indentor to enable him to import the stock he has applied for. The import permit shall be made out in three parts. Part I will be retained as the office copy, Part II sent to the indentor for accompanying the consignment and Part III sent to the Excise Officer of the district in which the exporting licensee is. Consignments imported shall not be opened by the indentor and taken into stock until and unless verified by the Excise Officer. The importer shall give intimation to the verifying officer as soon as the consignment is received. The verifying officer will record his certificate of verification on Parts II and III of the transport permit return Part II to the indentor, retain Part III for his record and intimate the Excise Officer who issued the permit of the result of the verification.

17. *Applications for the grant of a License.*—(1) A person desiring to obtain a license under these rules shall

apply to the Deputy Commissioner in Form D.L.1 specifying the nature of license required to be granted. The application shall be affixed with court-fee stamp of the prescribed value. Separate applications shall be made for each kind of license applied for.

(2) No license under these rules shall be granted for a period beyond the 30th June next following the date of the commencement of the license.

(3) On receipt of the applications referred to in sub-rule (1), the Deputy Commissioner shall verify the particulars furnished in the application and satisfy himself after enquiry : (i) that the applicant has not been convicted of any offences against the Act or the rules made thereunder or of any cognizable or non-bailable offences ; (ii) that the applicant is a resident of the place where the license is required ; (iii) that the applicant's personal circumstances and local needs justify the grant of the license ; (iv) and that the privilege is not likely to be misused. If the Deputy Commissioner is satisfied that the applicant is eligible for the grant of the license applied for he may grant the license after satisfying himself that the fee if any, prescribed therefor has been paid.

(4) The license shall be issued in the name of the applicant. In the case of applications from a recognised institution or a registered firm or company the license shall be issued in favour of the accredited office-bearer or agent or other functionary who has been duly authorised by power of attorney, Articles of Association or similar rules relating to the management of the institution, firm or company.

The quantity of denatured spirit of methylated spirit or methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations, as the case may be, to be allowed under the license shall be fixed by the licensing authority at his discretion after taking into account the *bona fide* demands in the area the license is intended to serve. The quantity once fixed shall not be altered at any time during the license period, but may be altered at the discretion of the licensing authority

at the time of renewal of the license for reasons to be recorded in writing.

(5) In the case of licenses granted only for denatured spirit in the first instance, methylated spirit or methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations should not be included subsequently or *vice versa* except at the time of renewal of the license.

(6) If the licensing authority is satisfied that the applicant is not eligible for the license or that the grant of license is not justified with reference to conditions and circumstances specified in sub-rule (3) he shall by order in writing refuse to grant the license for reason to be specified in the order. In that case the license fee, if any, paid by the applicant shall be refunded.

(7) A license holder desiring to renew the license shall make an application in Form D.L. 1 atleast one month before the date of expiry of the license. The provisions of sub-rules (1) to (6) of this rule shall, as far as may be, apply to an application for renewal of license as if it were an application for the original grant of a license.

(8) Licenses granted under these rules may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of section 29 and 30 of the Act. Where a license is cancelled or suspended during its currency or it is not renewed on its expiry, the licensee shall forthwith intimate the Deputy Commissioner of the quantities of denatured spirit, methylated spirit, methyl alcohol and denatured spirituous preparations in stock with him. On receipt of such intimation the Deputy Commissioner shall instruct the Excise Officer or other authorised officer to verify the stock and seal up the premises where the stock is stored. The stocks will however be deemed to be in the custody of the ex-licensee who will make arrangements and will be responsible for its safety. The stock may only be sold with the permission of the Deputy Commissioner to other licensees. The licensee shall not however be allowed to receive fresh stock after his license expires or is suspended or cancelled.

The permission to sell the stock to other licensees shall be subject to the condition that all sums due to the State Government shall first be paid out of the sale proceeds.

(9) (i) Every licensee at the time of taking delivery of his license shall give to the Deputy Commissioner under taking in the form of a counter-part agreement executed on a stamped paper of appropriate value that he will abide by the provisions of the Act and rules, regulations and orders made thereunder and that he agrees to abide by all the conditions of the license.

(ii) A licensee shall, before the license is granted or at any time during its currency, if so required by the authority deposit with the Deputy Commissioner in cash or in Government promissory notes such sum as may be prescribed by the licensing authority as security for the due observance of the conditions of the license. In case of non-observance of the terms of the license the security so deposited may be forfeited to Government and the license cancelled. The forfeiture of the deposit and the cancellation of the license shall not be held to prevent the license from being proceeded against in a court of law under the provisions of the Act or the rules made thereunder or under any other law for the time being in force.

(iii) Licenses issued under these rules shall not be sold, transferred, sub-rented or sub-leased without the previous permission of the Deputy Commissioner.

(iv) The licensee or his successors or assigns shall have no claim whatsoever to the continuance or renewal of the license after the expiry of the period for which such license was granted.

(v) A licensee shall not change the premises in which he carries on business under his license except with the previous permission of the licensing authority. Permission to shift business outside the area which the licensee is intended to serve shall be treated as the grant of a fresh license and all the provisions relating to the grant of a license shall likewise apply to the granting of such permission.

18. *General Conditions of Licences.*—(1) The license shall, except where no business is transacted, be hung up in a conspicuous place in the premises, in which the business under the license is transacted. A sign board shall also be affixed to the licensed premises showing the number and kind of license and the hours of business.

(2) The licensed premises shall be kept open for business or for inspection by Excise or other authorised Officers on all days except the weekly holidays or such other days on which the Commissioner may order closure.

(3) In the absence of the licensee, his authorised representative shall be in charge of the license, stock and accounts books.

(4) The possession of denatured spirit, methylated spirit, methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations outside the licensed premises is forbidden unless the quantity possessed is within the limits of private possession.

(5) Premises for whole-sale and for retail sale shall not be located in the same place. Provided that when the licenses are held by one and the same person they may be located in the same premises if the portions relating to one license is effectively partitioned off from the portions relating to the other and the portions so partitioned off are sufficiently commodious to locate the business under the respective licenses.

(6) If licenses are held by one and the same person in the following combinations namely :—

(i) a license for whole-sale vend of denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol and license for the manufacture and sale of denatured spirituous preparations ; and

(ii) license for manufacture and sale of denatured spirituous preparations and license for the possession and use of denatured spirituous preparations. The respective licenses under each shall be located in separate premises.

(7) Denatured spirit, methylated spirit, methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations possessed or exposed for sale in the licensed premises shall be undiluted and unadulterated. Denatured spirit or methylated spirit whose strength is below 50°0.p. shall not be possessed or sold.

(8) If any inspecting officer is of opinion that any spirit or denatured spirituous preparations found by him in the licensed premises is not of the required standard, he may, after recording his reasons, take in the presence of the licensee or his authorised representative two samples from each of the receptacles containing such suspected spirit or denatured spirituous preparations and forward one sample in sealed bottle to the Chemical Examiner for analysis and cause the other to be sealed and kept with the licensee. Pending receipt of the report of analysis or test from the Chemical Examiner such officer shall cause such stock of suspected spirit or denatured spirituous preparations to be sealed with his seal and leave the stock so sealed with the licensee with written directions that it should be kept in safe custody. If the result of analysis or test shows that the suspected stock is not of the prescribed standard, the licensee shall abide by the order of the licensing authority regarding its disposal. Otherwise the sealed stock shall be forthwith released. The officer who takes action under this rule shall send a report forthwith to the licensing authority through his official superior detailing the circumstances under which the samples were taken.

Note.—The rendering or attempting to render any denatured spirit or preparations containing denatured spirit fit for human consumption or the possession of such spirit or preparation in respect of which such an attempt has been made is punishable under section 33 of the Act.

(9) (i) Every bottle, jar, cask or other receptacle containing denatured spirit, methylated spirit, methyl alcohol received into and kept for storage or sale in a premises licensed under these rules or possessed by a

private person or institution premitted to be in possession of such spirit or methyl alcohol shall have affixed to it in a conspicuous manner a label which should contain the picture of a full human skeleton at least three inches in length extending from top to bottom of the label with the following words printed on the right and left of the picture.

"Poison not to be taken internally."

DENATURED SPIRIT
METHYLATED SPIRIT
METHYL ALCOHOL.

"Spirits made in ..... and bottled by ....."

The words "Poison not to be taken internally" shall be printed in red and bold letters in English, Kannada, Telugu, Tamil, Urdu and Hindi. The design and style of the label shall be as in form D.L. 19 (*a*), D.L. 19 (*b*), D.L. 19 (*c*) as the case may be.

(ii) In the case of denatured spirituous preparations the labels to be affixed with reference to the provisions in sub-rule (i) above of this rule shall be in form D.L. 20.

(10) True accounts of transactions shall be maintained from day to day in ink in the form prescribed by these rules. The accounts shall be in printed books. The accounts, copies of indent, invoices, and permits relating to the purchase, import or transport of denatured spirit, or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations shall be preserved in support of accounts for one year after the period covered by the respective license and shall be produced when called for by any officer authorised to inspect the license. They shall be handed over to such officer on a receipt being given therefor. The licensee shall furnish to the licensing authority such statistics or information as may be required from time to time regarding the working of the license.

(11) An inspection book paged and stamped with the seal of the Deputy Commissioner shall be maintained at the licensed premises for the use of the inspecting officers. The book being Government property should be handed over to the licensing authority or inspecting officer either on demand during the currency of the license or voluntarily after the license expires or is cancelled, on a receipt given therefor.

(12) The holder of a license issued under these rules shall, if so ordered by the licensing authority, provide himself with such weights and measures as may be prescribed for use in the licensed premises. The weights and measures shall bear the stamp of the Inspector of Weights and Measures or other authorised officer. The weights and measures shall be available at the licensed premises for use by inspecting officers whenever they need them.

(13) The licensee shall pay such duty as are prescribed by rules on the Denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol obtained by holders of licenses from a distillery or warehouse in the State, and Denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations obtained from sources outside the State. In the former case the Duty shall be paid by the licensee at the time of purchase of stock from the distillery or bonded warehouse and in the latter case the duty shall be credited into a treasury and the challan shall be enclosed to the application for an import permit. No refund of duty is permissible on denatured spirituous preparations exported to places outside the State. No remission, refund or abatement of any duty leviable under these rules or under the terms of any licence issued thereunder shall be allowed on grounds of loss, leakages, etc., of denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations or for any other cause whatsoever. All arrears or dues outstanding against any licensee shall be adjusted from the deposit, if any, furnished by the licensee or collected from him. Any shortage or leakage or loss of

denatured spirit or methylated spirit or methyl alcohol or denatured spirituous preparations not accounted for to the satisfaction of the licensing authority will render the licence liable to cancellation and the licensee being proceeded against under the provisions of the Act or these rules.

(14) The licensee shall be bound by any additional general rules and conditions that may be prescribed under the Act, and shall if so required, by the licensing authority or any officer authorised by such authority deliver the licence for amendment or for issue of a fresh licence.

(15) All Excise Officers and other Officers duly empowered under the rules are entitled to inspect licensed premises and check the accounts maintained under the rules and carry out the duties and perform the functions appertaining to them. The licensee is prohibited from having any pecuniary dealings whatsoever with such officers.

(16) If it is found that a licensee is suffering from leprosy or such other contagious disease, he shall not be allowed to continue to hold the licence nor shall any person suffering from any such disease be employed by the licensee in any capacity within the licensed premises. The licensee shall not also employ any person convicted of an offence under the Act or the Rules or under the Indian Penal Code.

19. *Submission of Returns.*—At the close of each month the licensee shall prepare a return of transactions showing the opening balance, receipts, issues and closing balance with the amount of duty paid by him, if any, and send it on or before the 10th of the succeeding month to the Deputy Commissioner of the District. The particulars in respect of each commodity dealt with under the licence shall be shown separately in the return.

20 *Repeal and Savings.*—All rules corresponding to the foregoing rules framed under any enactment repealed by Section 72 of the Act are hereby repealed :

Provided that the repeal shall not affect—

(*a*) the previous operation of the rules so repealed or anything duly done or suffered thereunder, or

(*b*) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under any rule so repealed, or

(*c*) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any rule so repealed, or

(*d*) any investigation or legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid,

and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if such rules had not been repealed :

Provided further that subject to the preceding proviso anything done or any action taken (including any appointment or delegation made, notification, order, instructions or direction issued, form, certificate obtained, permit or licence granted or registration effected under any such rules) shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these rules and shall continue to be in force accordingly, unless and until superseded by anything done or any action taken under the Act or these rules as the case may be.

SCHEDULE

[*See* Rule 2 (*c*)]

Specially denatured Alcohol :—

(*a*) For all industrial uses involving Chemical conversion of the Alcohol, *e.g.*, manufacture of ethylene and its derivatives, manufacture of acetaldehyde and its derivatives, manufacture of ether acetone, etc.

Formula No. SD. 1 : 22.73 litres of Metryl Alcohol.

Formula No. SD. 2 : 9.092 litres of Methyl Alcohol with 9.092 litres of Benzene.

Formula No. SD. 3 : 2.273 litres of Benzent with 2.273 litres of Petroleum Ether.

Formula No. SD. 4 : 22.73 litres of Ethyl Ether.

Formula No. SD. 5 : 0.909 litres of Crotonal Dehyde.

Formula No. SD. 6 : 2.273 litres of Acetone.

Formula No. SD. 7 : 2.273 litres of Acetaldol or acetaldehyde.

(*b*) For use in the manufacture of Chloroform, Chlorol and its derivatives including D.D.T.

Formula No. SD. 8 : 4.546 litres of Crude Chloroform.

F ormula No. SD. 9 : 1 per cent by weight Chloral Hydrate.

(*c*) For manufacture of Ethyl Acetate, Ethyl Benzoate and various other ethyl esters.

Formula No. SD. 10 : 2 per cent of esters of the organic acid which is to be produced.

(*d*) For use—(i) As a solvent in Lacquers, polishes and Varnishes.

(ii) Manufacture of Thinners and of Cellulose and resinous materials.

(ii) Purification of Chemicals.

(iv) For use in extraction processes.

Formula No. SD. 11 : 22.73 litres of Methyl Alcohol or Benzene or acetone or Ether or Ethyl Acetate or any combination of these chemicals.

(*e*) For manufacture of Adhesives of binders, disinfectants, insecticides, embalming and preserving solution, etc.

Formula No. SD. 12: 45.46 litres of formaldehyde solution containing not less than 37 per cent formaldehyde.

(*f*) For manufacture of Shellac from Crude Lac.

Formula No. SD. 13: 1 per cent of Acetone or 1 per cent of Methyl Alcohol.

(*g*) For manufacture of Transperent Soap:

Formula No. SD. 14: 0.6 per cent of Caustic Soda or caustic potash together with 0.5 per cent of Castor Oil.

(*h*) For manufacture of Synthetic pine Oil.

Formula No. SD. 15: 5 per cent of Turpentine Oil.

(*i*) Perfumery Industries:

Formula No. SD. 16: One litre (per 100) litres of alcohol. Diethyl Phalate.

Formula No. SD. 17: 22.5 grams per 100 litres of alcohol. Brucine or Brucine Sulphate.

APPENDIX I

[*See* Rule 6(2)]

The interim storage at any private godown in Mysore State of consignments of denatured spirit brought from outside the State and intended for shipment through any harbour of this State shall be subject to the following conditions :—

Conditions

1. The godown for the storage shall be sufficiently strong and secure and shall be provided with locking arrangements to the satisfaction of the Excise Officer.

2. All means of communication from and to the godown shall be effectively barred, when the main entrance of the godown is closed and locked as required in condition 3.

3. The godown shall be under the joint lock and key of the Excise Officer and of the Exporter. The Excise Officer shall secure it with a Revenue lock.

4. Only the quantity of denatured spirit actually allowed for export on any particular occasion shall be brought into the godown. The company shall satisfy the Excise Officer in charge of the godown as to the *bona fide* of each export.

5. The place of export and the quantity contained in each drum shall be indicated on each drum in red paint in addition to the usual marks made on it, at the time of issue from the distillery. Only metallic drums in sound condition shall be used for the purpose and they should be serially numbered in respect of each consignment.

6. The export permit granted by the Excise Authorities of the exporting State shall accompany the consignment intended to be stored in the godowns and it shall be handed over to the Excise Officer in charge of the godown on arrival of the consignments. The Excise Officer will make necessary verification and endorse the result on the reverse of the export permit and return it to the exporter. Similarly at the time of releasing the consignments for export the exporter shall hand over the export permit to the Excise Officer who will again endorse the fact of release of the consignments on the export permit.

7. The exporter shall pay such supervision charges as the Deputy Commissioner may decide but not exceeding Rs. 5 for every visit of the Excise Officer.

8. No allowance will be made for wastage either during the storage of the consignment or during its passage through this State. The company shall obtain an authenticated certificate from the officer in charge of the distillery of issue showing the quantity of denatured spirit in each drum and its gross weight at the time of issue from the distillery and produce the certificate before the Excise Officer along with the Export permit mentioned in condition 6. Similarly, the company shall furnish satisfactory evidence showing the quantity of denatured spirit accepted for shipping and the gross weight of each drum and produce the certificate before the Excise Officer on the day following the shipment of the consignments from the harbour. Any difference in the weights recorded at the time of issue of drums from the distillery and at the time of shipping shall be accounted for by the company to the satisfaction of the Commissioner.

9. If leakage of denatured spirit is noticed in any drum or if any drum shows signs of having been tampered within transit, duty will be levied on the quantity of spirit found deficient at the rate applicable to plain rectified spirit as calculated from the strength of the spirit at the time it left the distillery.

CONTENTS OF FORMS

Sl. No.	*Form No.*	*Description*	*Rule No.*
1.	D.L. 1	Form of application for grant/ renewal of licence under the Mysore Excise (Denatured Spirit and Denatured Spirituous Preparations) Rules, 1967.	17(1)
2.	D.L. 2	Form of licence for wholesale vend of Denatured Spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol.	8(1)
3.	D.L. 3	Form of licence for the possession and use of denatured spirit/ Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol either as such and or in the manufacture of specified commodities other than Denatured spirituous preparations.	9(1)
4.	D.L. 4	Form of licence issued to an Officer of the Railway for storage and use of Denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol and its disbution to out-stations or any other Railway Station in Mysore State under his control.	10(1)
5.	D.L. 5	Form of licence for retail sale of Denatured Spirit/Methylated spirit /Methyl alcohol.	11(1)
6.	D.L. 6	Form of licence for possession and use of Denatured spirit in the manufacture of Denatured Spirituous Preparations and use or sale of Denatured Spirituous Praparations.	12(1)
7.	D.L. 7	Form of licence for possession and use of Denatured Spirituous Preparations.	13(1)
8.	D.L. 8	Form of licence for possession of Denatured spirituous preparations by an officer of the Railway for use and distribution to out-stations or other Railay stations in Mysore State under his control.	14(1)
9.	D.L. 9	Form of licence for sale of Denatured Spirituous Preparations.	15(1)

Sl. No.	Form No.	Description	Rule No.
10.	D.L. 10	Form of account to be maintained by the holder of a licence in Form D.L. 2.	8(4)
11.	D.L. 11	Form of account to be maintained by the holder of a licence in Form D.L. 3.	9(7)
12.	D.L. 12	Form of account to be maintained by the holder of a licence in Form D.L. 4.	10(3)
13.	D.L. 13	Form of account to be maintained by the holder of a licence in Form D.L. 5.	11(4)
14.	D.L. 14	Form of account to be maintained by the holder of a licence in Form D.L. 6.	12(4)
15.	D.L. 15	Form of account to be maintained by the holder of a licence in Form D. L. 6 or D. L. 7.	13(3)
16.	D.L. 16	Form of account to be maintained by the holder of licence in Form D.L. 8.	14(3)
17.	D.L. 17	Form of account to be maintained by the holder of a licence in Form D. L. 6 or D. L. 9.	15(3)
18.	D.L. 18	Form of indent for Denatured spirit/ Mthylated spirit/Methyl alcohol/ Denatured Spirituous preparations.	16(1)
19.	D.L. 19	(*a*) Form of label to be affixed on a	18(9) (i)
	D.L. 19	(*b*) bottle, jar, cask or any other	
	D.L. 19	(*c*) receptacle constaining denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol.	
20.	D.L. 20	Form of label to be affixed on a bottle jar, cask or any other receptacle containing Denatured Spirituous Preparations.	18(9) (ii)
21.	D.L. 21	Form of Export Permit ..	4
22	D.L. 22	Form of Import Permit ..	5(a)
23	D.L. 23	Form of Transport Permit ..	10(2)

FORM D.L. 1

[*See Rule* 17(1)]

Application for grant, renewal of licence under the Mysore Excise (Denatured Spirit and Denatured Sprituous Preparations) Rules, 1967.

To

The Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

Original

Renewal

1. Kind of licence required.
2. Name of applicant.
3. Permanent Address.
4. Place of residence.
5. Occupation and approximate monthly income.
6. Address of premises in which the applicant proposes to do business under the licence applied for.
7. The area which the licence applied for is intended to serve.
8. Quantity and purpose for which the licence is required.

	At a time	In a quarter	In a year	Purpose for which required
Denatured Spirit ...				
Methylated Spirit ...				
Methyl Alcohol ...				
Denatured Spirituous Preparations.				

9. (*a*) If the licence applied for is for possession and use, whether it is for use of denatured spirt/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol as such or for use in the manufacture of commodities other than Denatured spirituous preparations (the name of commodities and kind of denatured spirit and methylated spirit required to be specified).

(*b*) If the application is for a licence for manufacture of Denatured Spirituous Preparations by the applicant-himself or for the manufacture and sale of Denatured Spirituous Preparations.

10. Other licences held by the applicant, if any, under the Mysore Excise Act and Rules.

11. The period for which the applicant was holding the licence if any mentioned in column 10.

12. Other business, if any, the applicant is doing.

13. Whether any previous application for licence under the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, made by the applicant in this or any other District of the State has been rejected. (If so, the number and date of the order and the authority which issued the order should be furnished) .

14. The amount of licence fee paid with Challan number and date (Challan to be enclosed) .

I hereby declare—

(*a*) that the particulars given above are correct ;

(*b*) that I have not been convicted of any offence under the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, or the rules made thereunder or of any other cognisable or non-bailable offence ;

(*c*) that I have gone through the Mysore Excise (Denatured Sprit, and Denatured Spirituous Preparations) Rules, 1967 relating to the licence applied for by me herein and am conversant with the provisions thereof ; and

(*d*) that I hereby undertake to abide by the conditions of the license and the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, and the rules, regulations and orders made thereunder.

Place .....
Date .....

Signature of the applicant.

FORM D.L. 2

[*See* Rule 8(1)]

Licence for the wholesale vend of Denatured Spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl Alcohol.

.....District.

Number of Licence.....

Licence is hereby granted and issued to .....(hereinafter called the "Licensee") of.....residing at ..... (hereinafter called the "Licensed Premises") in the Village/Town of ..... Taluk ..... District ..... for possession and wholesale vend of Denatured Spirit/Methylated Spirit/Methyl Alcohol during the year ending with ..... subject to the following conditions :—

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, rules, regulations, orders and the conditions of this licence.

2. The privilege conferred herein extends to the possession and issue or sale of Denatured Spirit/Methylated Spirit/Methyl Alcohol in wholesale to holders of licences issued under the rules and subject to the conditions applicable to those licences.

3. The licensee shall obtain his supplies of Denatured Spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl Alcohol from any of the following sources :—

(*a*) Distillery in this State ; or
(*b*) The holder of similar licence in the State ; or
(*c*) From outside the State by import ; or
(*d*) Such other source as the Commissioner may in special cases approve subject to such terms and conditions as he may impose in that regard. All imports and transports from the sources of supply to the licensed premises of Denatured Spirit/Methylated Spirit/Methyl Alcohol by the licence will be in accordance with the provisions of these rules.

4. The quantity of Denatured Spirit/Methylated Spirit/Methyl Alochol possessed and issued under the terms of the licence shall not exceed the following limits at any one time :—

Kind of Commodity	Quantity that may be possessed at any one time	Quantity that may be issued or sold in a year or the period covered by the licence
Denatured Spirit		
Methylated Spirit		
Methyl Alchol		

5. (*a*) The minimum quantity of Denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol sold at any one time by the licensee shall be 5 litres in the case of Denatured spirit and 2 litres in case of either Methylated spirit or Methyl alcohol; the maximum quantity that may be issued or sold shall not exceed the quantity the purchasing licensee is allowed to possess at any one time under the terms of this licence. The issue or sale of Denatured Spirit/Methylated Spirit/ Methyl Alcohol shall be against the indents of purchasing licensees. The licensee shall issue a bill in respect of each issue or sale and particulars of such a bill shall be entered in the appropriate column of account in Form D.L. 10 maintained by the licensee.

(*b*) The transport of Denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/ Methyl alcohol issued or sold by the licensee from licensed premises to the premises of purchasing licensee shall be covered by a transport permit in Form D.L. 23 issued in accordance of the provisions of the rules.

6. The licensee shall maintain daily accounts of transactions under this licence in form D.L. 10. The account in respect of Denatured Spirit/Methylated Spirit/Methyl Alcohol as the case may be shall be in different openings in the accounts register. The licensee shall maintain an inspection book as prescribed under the rules. The licensee shall submit returns as required by the rules.

Signature.

Station :

Deputy Commissioner,

Date :

Seal of the

Deputy Commissioner. .....District.

FORM D.L. 3

[*See* Rule 9(1)]

Form of licence for the possession and use of Denatured spirit/ Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol either as such or for use in the manufacture of specified commodities other than Denatured Spirituous Preparations.

Number of Licence. .....District.

Licence is hereby granted and issued to ..... (hereinafter called "The licensee") at ..... (hereinafter called "The Licensed Premises") in the village or town, Taluk ..... District .... to possess denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol for use either as such and or for use in the preparation or manufacture of the commodities mentioned in this licence during the period commencing from ..... and ending with the ..... subject to the following conditions namely :—

CONDITIONS

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, rules, regulations and orders made thereunder and tre conditions of this licence.

2. The privilege conferred by this licence extends to the possession and use of Denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol either as such and/or use in the manufacture or preparation of the commodities specified in this licence. The licensee is prohibited from selling denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol obtained under the licence. No commodity other than those specified in the licence shall be manufactured without the approval of the licensing authority and before the name of the commodity is included in the licence. Nor shall the spirits put to any other use other than that indicated in the licence.

3. The licensee shall obtain his supplies of denatured spirit/ methylated spirit/methyl alcohol from any of the following sources :—

(*a*) a distllery in the State ; or

(*b*) from the holder of a licence in Form D. L. 2 ; or

(*c*) sources outside the State by import ; or

(*d*) such other source as the Commissioner may in special cases appoint or approve subject to such terms and conditions as he may

impose in that regard. The supplies shall be obtained only in accordance with the provisions of the rules.

4. The quantity of denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol possessed at any one time and that used and consumed under the licence in a quarter and during the year or period for which the licence is current shall not exceed the quantities entered below :—

Kind of spirit	Quantity that may be possessed at any one time	Quantity that may be sold	
		In a quarter	In a year or the period of currency of licence
	litres	litres	litres
Denatured spirit ...			
Methylated spirit ...			
Methyl alcohol ...			

5. Denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol obtained under the licence shall not be purified, recovered or redistilled except with the previous sanction of the Commissioner. The licensee shall abide by the special terms and conditions, if any, which the Commissioner may impose with regard to each such sanction.

6. The licensee shall maintain daily accounts of transactions in Form D. L. 11. The accounts in respect of each kind of denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol as the case may be shall be on different openings in the accounts register.

Name of commodities permitted to be manufactured under the licence.

Sl. No.	Name of the commodity permitted to be manufactured.	Kind of denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol permitted to be used in the manufacture of commodity mentioned in Col. 2.	Remarks.

Station :

Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

Seal of the Deputy Commissioner.

Ex. 222

FORM D.L. 4

[*See* Rule 10(1)]

No. of licence.....

Form of licence issued to an officer of the Railway for storage of Denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol and its distribution to out-stations or any other Railway Stations in Mysore State under his control.

Licence is hereby granted and issued to ..... (name and address of the licensee) ..... (hereinafter called " The licensee ") in the village/town ..... taluk ..... District ..... to import, transport, store denatured spirit/ methylated spirit/methyl alcohol at ..... and for use in ..... and for distribution to out-stations or other railway institutions in Mysore State, under his control, during the year ending with..... .....subject to the following conditions, namely :—

(1) The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, rules, regulations, orders and the conditions of this licence.

(2) The licence extends only to the storage, use and to the distribution to out-stations or other railway institutions in this State, under the control of the licence of denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol and does not permit the sale thereof.

(3) The licensee shall not store the denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol obtained under this licence in any place other than the licensed premises.

(4) The licensee shall obtain his requirement of spirits either from a distillery or warehouse or from a licensee holding a licence in Form D.L. 2.

(5) Transport from the licensed premises to the Railway Institutions in the State and to out-stations shall be covered by a transport permit in Form D.L. 23.

(6) Accounts of the daily transactions under this licence shall be maintained in Form D.L. 12.

(7) The licensee shall send to the Deputy Commissioner of the District an extract of the account maintained in Form D.L. 12 on the 10th of the month following each quarter.

(8) An inspection book paged and stamped with the seal of the Deputy Commissioner shall be maintained for the use of inspecting officers and shall on demand be handed over to the Deputy Commissioner of the District or any other Officer authorised by him to receive it on a receipt being given therefor.

Station :

Date :

Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

Seal of Deputy Commissioner.

FORM D.L. 5

[*See* Rule 11(1)]

No. of licence .....District.

Licence for the Retail sale of Denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol.

Licence is hereby granted and issued to ..... (hereinafter called "The licensee") to possess and sell in retail denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol at ..... (hereinafter called the "Licensed Premises") in the village/town ..... taluk ..... District ..... during the year ending with ..... subject to the following conditions :—

CONDITIONS

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, rules, regulations, orders and the conditions of this licence.

2. The privilege conferred herein extends to the possession and retail sale of denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol to members of the public in quantities not exceeding the limits prescribed for possession without a licence.

3. The licensee shall obtain his supplies of denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol from any of the following sources :

(*a*) a distillery in the State ; or
(*b*) the holder of a licence in Form D.L. 2 ; or
(*c*) sources outside the State by import ; or
(*d*) such other sources as the Commissioner may in special cases permit.

The import or transport from the sources of supply to the licensed premises of the licensee, shall be in accordance with the provisions of the rules.

4. The quantity of denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol possessed at any time and that sold under the terms of the licence shall not exceed the limits specified below :—

Kind of spirit	Quantity that may be possessed at any one time.	Quantity that may be sold — In a quarter	Quantity that may be sold — In a year or the period of currency of licence.
1	2	3	4
	litres	litres	litres
Denatured spirit Methylated spirit Methyl alcohol			

5. (*a*) The licensee shall not sell at any one time more than two litres of Denatured spirit/one litre of methylated spirit/one litre of methyl alcohol to any person or institution other than the holder of a licence issued under the rules, provided that in case of a registered medical practitioner, the licensee may sell at one time methylated spirit up to a maximum of four litres.

(*b*) The licensee shall not sell denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol to any person or allow any person to remove such spirit from his licensed premises unless such person or his agent or servant, who shall be authorised in writing by such person to make the purchase on his behalf, give correct and full particulars required to fill in columns 8 to 11 of the form of account in Form D.L. 13 and signs his name or affixes his left thumb impression in column 12 of the form of account referred to above and unless the licensee is satisfied that the particulars furnished by the purchaser or his authorised agent or servant are true and that the denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol demanded is required *bona fide* by the said person for any of the purposes specified in the Act.

(*c*) The licensee shall issue a bill for each item of sale of denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol. The number and date of the bill shall be entered in the account.

6. The licensee shall maintain daily account of transactions under the licence in Form D.L. 13. The accounts in respect of denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol, as the case may be, shall be on different openings in the accounts. The licensee shall maintain an inspection book paged and stamped with the seal of the Deputy Commissioner.

Station : Signature of the Deputy Commissioner,

Date : ..... District.

Seal of the Deputy Commissioner.

FORM D.L. 6.

[*See* Rule 12(1)]

Form of licence for possession and use of denatured spirit in the manufacture of Denatured Spirituous Preparations and use or sale of Denatured Spirituous Preparations, in wholesale to licensees.

Use/sale Number of licence.....

.....District.

Licence is hereby granted and issued to .....(hereinafter called as " the Licensee ") to possess and use denatured spirit in the manufacture of Denatured Spirituous Preparations and to use/sell Denatured Spirituous Preparations at .....(hereinafter called " the licensed premises ") in the village/town of .....Taluk ..... District ..... during the year ending with..... subject to the following conditions :—

CONDITIONS

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, the rules, regulations and orders made thereunder and the conditions of this license.

2. The privilege conferred herein extends to the possession of denatured spirit and its use in the manufacture of Denatured Spirituous Preparations and to the use of the Denatured Spirituous Preparations so manufactured or its sale to holders of licences in Forms D.L. 7, D.L. 8 and D.L. 9. It does not extend both to the use of Denatured Spirituous Preparations by the licensee and to its sale, nor shall denatured spirit obtained by the licensee be sold as such.

3. The licensee shall obtain his supplies of denatured spirit from any of the following sources namely :—

(*a*) a distillery in the State ; or

(*b*) holder of a licence in Form D.L. 2 for wholesale vend of denatured spirit in the State ; or

(*c*) sources outside the State ; or

(*d*) such other sources as the Commissioner may in special cases approve.

The import or transport of denatured spirit from the source of supply to the licensed premises of the licensee shall be in accordance with the provisions of the rules.

4. The quantity of denatured spirit possessed at any one time and the quantity used in the manfacture of Denatured Spirituous Preparations in a quarter and in a year or the period during which the licence will be current, shall not exceed the following limits :—

Kind of spirit	Quantity that may be possessed at any one time	Quantity that may be used for the manufacture of Denatured Spirituous Preparations	
		In a quarter	In a year or period of currency of licence
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Litres	Litres	Litres

5. The licensee shall, if so required by the Excise Officer of the District concerned, give notice to the Excise Officer having jurisdiction over the area in which the licensed premises are situated, whenever he proposes to manufacture Denatured Spirituous Preparations, furnishing the date and time at which manuture shall start and the duration for which the manufacturing operations shall last, so that the Excise Officer, may at his discretion, inspect the licensed premises at the time of manufacture and if he considers it necessary take samples of the Denatured Spirituous preparations manfactured for purposes of analysis so as to ascertain the resinous contents. The licensee shall not sell or otherwise dispose of the stock of Denatured Spirituous Preparations in cases where samples are taken by the Excise Officer for the purpose of testing, unless the release of the stock for sale is authorised by the Excise Officer in writing or six weeks have elapsed since the Excise Officer took samples of Denatured Spiritous Preparations manufactured by the licensee.

6. The licensee shall not sell at any one time Denatured Spirituous Preparations in quantities exceeding :—

(*a*) the limit allowed for possession at a time by the purchasing licensee in the case of sale to holders of licences ;

(b) the licensee shall not sell Denatured Spirituous Preparations to any person or allow any person to remove Denatured

Spirituous Preparations from the licensed premises unless such person or his agent or servant who shall be authorised in writing by such person to make the purchase on his behalf—

(i) declares the purpose for which the Denatured Spirituous Preparation is required ;

(ii) gives correct and full particulars required to fill in columns 6 to 8 of the form of account in Form D.L. 17 ; and

(iii) signs his name, or if he is illiterate, affixes his left thumb impression in column 12 of the form of account referred to in clause (ii) above and unless the licensee is satisfied that the particulars furnished by the purchaser or his authorised agent or servant are true and that the Denatured Spirituous Preparations demanded is required *bona fide* by the said person for any of the purposes specified in the Act.

(*c*) The licensee shall issue a bill for each item of sale of Denatured Spirituous Preparations. The licensee shall issue a transport permit in Form D.L. 23 to cover the transport of the Denatured Spirituous Preparations sold and the transport permits shall be in printed forms, serially numbered and shall bear the office seal of the Deputy Commissioner. The number and date of the transport permit as also those of the bill shall be entered in columns (9) and (10) respectively of the accounts in Form D.L. 17.

The licensee shall also note the contents on the label affixed to every bottle or other container in which Denatured Spirituous Preparation is sold or exhibited for sale in the licensed premises.

Note :—This condition will be scored out if the licence is for use of Denatured Spirituous Preparations.

7. The licensee shall maintain accounts of daily transactions under this licence in Form D.L. 14 or D.L. 17 as the case may be, according as the Denatured Spirituous Preparations manufactured is used by the licensee himself, or is sold.

The licensee shall maintain corect accounts in respect of the ingredients such as shellac, resin, etc., purchased for the manufacture of Denatured Spirituous Preparations and produce proof of purchase and the accounts for verification, if so required by the Inspecting Officers. The licensee shall also maintain an inspection book prescribed under the rules.

Station :

Date :

Signature of the Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

The seal of the Deputy Commissioner.

FORM D.L. 7

[*See* Rule 13(1)]

Number of Licence .....District

Licence for the possession and use of Denatured Spirituous Preparations

Licence is hereby granted and issued to ..... (hereinafter called "The licensee") to possess and use denatured spirituous preparations at ..... (hereinafter called as "the licensed premises") in the village/town of ..... Taluk ..... District ..... during the year ending with ..... subject to the following conditions, namely :—

CONDITIONS

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, rules, regulations and orders made thereunder and the conditions of the licence as amended from time to time.

2. The privilege conferred herein extends to the possession of denatured spirituous preparations and its use by the licensee. The licensee shall not sell denatured spirituous preparations.

3. The licensee shall obtain his supplies of denatured spirituous preparations from—

(*a*) the holder of a licence in Form D.L. 6 for the manufacture and wholesale, sale of denatured spirituous preparations ; or

(*b*) from the holder of a licence in Form D.L. 9 for the possession and sale of denatured spirituous preparations ; or

(*c*) sources outside the State by import ; or

(*d*) such other sources as the Commissioner in special cases may approve.

The import or transport of denatured spirituous preparations from the source of supply to the licensed premises of the licensee shall be in accordance with the provisions of the rules.

4. The quantity of denatured spirituous preparations possessed at any one time and that issued by the licensee in a quarter and

in a year or the period of currency of licence shall not exceed the limits specified below :—

Kind of Commodity	Quantity that may be possessed at any one time	Quantity that may be used	
		In a quarter	In a year or the period of currency of the licence
1	2	3	4
	Litres	Litres	Litres
Denatured spirituous preparations			

5. The licensee shall maintain daily accounts of the transactions under the licence in Form D.L. 15 and an inspection book prescribed under the rules.

Station .....

Date .....

Signature of the Deputy Commissioner.
.....District.

Seal of the Deputy Commissioner.

FORM D.L. 8

[*See* Rule 14(1)]

No. and date of Licence ..... District.

Licence for the possession of denatured spirituous preparations by an officer of the Railway for use and distribution to out-stations or other Railway stations in Mysore State under his control.

Licence is hereby granted and issued to.....(hereinafter called "The licensee") to possess denatured spirituous preparations at .....(hereinafter called "the licensed premises") in the village/town.....Taluk.....District.....for use and distribution to out-stations or other railway institutions in Mysore State

under ris control during the year ending with ..... subject to the following conditions, namely :—

CONDITIONS

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, rules, regulations and orders made thereunder and the conditions of this licence.

2. The privilege conferred herein extends to the possession and use of denatured spirituous preparations by the licensee and its distribution to the out-stations and railway institutions mentioned in the licence up to the limit specified in each case. The licensee is prohibited from selling denatured spirituous preparations.

3. The licensee shall obtain his supplies of denatured spirituous preparations from any of the following sources, namely :—

(*a*) the holder of a licence in Form D.L. 6 in the State for the manufacture and wholesale vend of denatured spirituous preparations ;

(*b*) the holder of a licence in Form D.L. 9 for possession and sale of denatured spirituous preparations ;

(*c*) sources outside the State by import ; or

(*d*) any other sources as the Commissioner may in special cases approve.

The import or transport of denatured spirituous preparations from the sources of supply to the licensed premises of the licensee shall be in accordance with the provisions of the rules.

4. The quantity of denatured spirituous preparations that may be possessed at any one time and that may be used under the terms of this licence in a quarter and in a year or during the period of currency of the licence shall not exceed the following limits :—

Kind of commodity	Quantity that may be possessed at any one time	Quantity that may be used or issued	
		In a quarter	In a year or period of currency of the licence
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	litres	litres	litres
Denatured spirituous preparations			

5. The licensee shall not issue to any out-stations or other railway institutions denatured spirituous preparations in excess of the limits prescribed for respective stations or institutions and entered in the licence. The licensee shall issue a transport permit in Form D.L. 23 to cover every transport from the licensed premises to the out-stations or institutions or issues of denatured spirituous preparations exceeding 2 litres at a time.

6. The licensee shall maintain daily accounts of transactions under the licence in Form D.L. 16. Similar accounts in the same form shall also be maintained in each of the out-stations or railway institutions supplied by the licensee and the licensee shall be responsible for the correct maintenance of accounts at such out-stations or institutions. The licensee shall maintain an inspection book in accordance with the rules.

Name of the out-stations or Railway Institutions to which the denatured spirituous preparation is allowed to be issued by the licensee.	Maximum quantity to be issued	
	Monthly	Annually
(1)	(2)	(3)
-	litres	litres

Station :

Date and seal of the

Deputy Commissioner.

Signature of the Deputy Commissioner,
.....District.

FORM D.L. 9

[*See* Rule 15(1)]

No. and date of Licence ..... District.

Licence for sale of denatured spirituous preparations

Licence is hereby granted and issued to.....(hereinafter called "the licensee") to possess and sell denatured spirituous preparations at.....(hereinafter called "the licensed premises")

in the village/town.....taluk..... district..... during the year ending with.....subject to the following conditions, namely :—

CONDITIONS

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, rules, regulations and orders made thereunder as amended from time to time, and also by the conditions of this licence.

2. The privilege conferred herein extends to the possession and sale of denatured spirituous preparations either in wholesale to holders of licences or in retail to private persons or institutions not holding a licence.

3. The licensee shall obtain his supplies from any of the following sources :—

(*a*) The holder of a licence in Form D.L. 6 for manufacture and wholesale, sale of denatured spirituous preparations ; or

(*b*) The holder of a similar licence in Form D.L. 9 for possession and sale of denatured spirituous preparations ; or

(*c*) Sources outside the State by import ; or

(*d*) Such other sources as the Commissioner may in special cases approve.

The import and transport of denatured spirituous preparations from the sources of supply to the licensed premises of the licensee shall be in accordance with the provisions of the rules.

4. The quantity of denatured spirituous preparations possessed at any one time and that sold under the terms of the licence in a quarter and in a year or in the period of currency of the licence shall not exceed the limits, specified below :—

	Quantity that may be possessed at any one time.	Quantity that may be sold	
Commodity		In a quarter	In a year or the period of currency of the licence.
1	2	3	4
Denatured spirituous preparations.	(litres)	(litres)	(litres)

5. (*a*) The licensee shall not sell at any one time denatured spirituous preparations in quantities exceeding—

(i) the limit allowed for possession at a time in case of sale to holders of licences,

(ii) 5 litres in the case of sale to private persons or institutions not holding a licence.

(*b*) The licensee shall not sell or allow any person to remove denatured spirituous preparations from the licensed premises unless such person or his agent or servant who shall be authorised by such person to make the purchase on his behalf—

(i) declares the purchase for which the denatured spirituous preparation is required, and

(ii) gives correct particulars to fill in columns 6 to 8 of the form of account in Form D.L. 17, and

(iii) signs his name or if he is illiterate affixes his left thumb impression in column 12 in the form of account referred to above and unless the licensee is satisfied that the particulars furnished by the purchaser or his authorised agent or servant are true and that the denatured spirituous preparations demanded are required *bona fide* by the said person for any of the purposes specified in the Act.

(*c*) The licensee shall issue a bill for each item of sale of denatured spirituous preparations. If the quantity sold in the transaction is in excess of 5 litres the licensee shall issue a transport permit in Form D.L. 23. The number and date of the transport permit as also those of the bill shall be entered in Columns 9 and 10, of the accounts in Form D.L. 17. The licensee shall also note the contents of denatured spirituous preparations on the label affixed to every bottle or other container in which denatured spirituous preparation is sold or exhibited for sale in the licensed premises.

6. The licensee shall maintain daily accounts of transactions under the licence in Form D.L. 17. The licensee shall also maintain an inspection book numbered and stamped with the seal of the Deputy Commissioner.

Station

Signature of the Deputy Commissioner.

Date and Seal of the Deputy Commissioner. District.....

FORM D.L. 10.

[*See* Rule 8(4)]

Account to be maintained by holder of licence in Form D. L. 2 for the wholesale vend of Denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/Methylated alcohol.

Date	Opening balance		From where received permit number and date	Receipts		Total (opening balance *plus* receipts)		Issues or sales
	Number of casks or other receptacles	Quantity litres		Number of casks or other receptacles	Quantity litres	Number of casks or other receptacles	Quantity [column (3) *plus* column (6)] litres	Name and address of purchaser (particulars of licence held by purchaser)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Issues or sales (cont).				Total issues (for the day)			Closing Balance		
Quantity allowed to be possessed at a time by the purchaser	Number of indent with date. Number nd date of transport permit issued	Number of casks or other receptacles	Quantity — litres	Number (with date of the bill of sale)	Number of casks or other receptacles	Quantity — litres	Number of casks or other receptacles	Quantity [column (8) *minus* column(16)] — litres	Remarks
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19

FORM D. L. 11.

[*See* Rule 9(7)]

Account to be maintained by holder of a licence in Form D.L. 3 for possession and use of Denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol either as such or for use in the manufacture or preparation of commodities other than denatured spirituous preparation.

Date	Opening Balance	Receipts		Total (opening balance *plus* receipts) [column (2) *plus* column (4)]	Issues			Total issues for the day [column (6) *plus* column (8)]
		From whom received	Quantity		For use as such	For manufacture of preparation of Commodity		
		Permit number and date				Name of commodity	Quantity	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	litres		litres	litres	litres		litres	litres

Closing balance [column (5) *minus* Column (9)]	Commodities manufactured or prepared			Remarks
	Name of Commodity	Quantity of commodity (unit to be specified in each case)	Equivalent value in terms of denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol of quantity in column (12)	
10	11	12	13	14
Litres				

FORM D.L. 12

[*See* Rule 10(3)]

Accounts to be maintained by the licensee in respect of denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol obtained under licence in Form D. L. 4 for supply to Railway Institutions in Mysore State and to out-stations.

Date	Stock on hand	Source of supply	Quantity obtained	Total [column (2) *plus* column (4)]	Address of consignee
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Bulk litres		Bulk litres	Bulk litres	

Quantity supplied		Amount of litreage fee payable on the quantity noted in column (7)	Date of payment of litreage fee into a Government Treasury (challan number and date to be noted)	Remarks
Within this State				
7	8	9	10	11
Bulk litres	Bulk litres			

FORM D.L. 13

[*See* Rule 11(4)]

Account to be maintained by the holder of a licence in Form D.L. 5 for the retail sale of denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol.

Date	Opening balance	Receipts		Total opening balance and receipts (column 2 *plus* column 4)	Particulars regarding sale		
		From whom received / Permit number & date	Quantity		Quantity sold in each transaction	Number (with date) or bill of sale	Name and father's name of purchaser
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	litres		litres	litres	litres		

Particulars regarding sale (*contd.*)

Address of purchaser	Purpose for which required	Name and address of the authorised agent or servant making the purchase	Signature or left thumb impression of purchaser agent or servant making purchase	Quantity sold each day	Closing balance (column 5 *minus* column 13)	Remarks
(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
				litres	litres	

FORM D.L. 14

[*See* Rule 12(4)]

Account to be maintained by the holder of a licence in Form D. L. 6 for the possession and use of Denatured spirit in manufacture of denatured spirituous preparations.

Date	Opening balance	Receipts		Total (Column 2 *plus* column 4)	Issued or taken for the manufacture of denatured spirituous preparations	Closing balance	Quantity of denatured spirituous preperations manufactured	Remarks
		From whom received / Permit number and date	Quantity					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	litres		litres	litres	litres	litres	litres	

FORM D.L. 15

[*See* Rule 13(3)]

Account to be maintained by holder of a licence in Form D.L. 6/D.L. 7 for use of Denatured spirituous preparations.

Date	Opening balance	Receipt		Total (column 2 *plus* column 4)	Quantity taken or issued for use	Closing balance	Remarks
		From whom received	Quantity				
		Permit number and date					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Litres		Litres	Litres	Litres	Litres	

Form D.L. 16

[*See* Rule 14 (3)]

Account to be maintained by holder of a licence in Form D.L. 8 (Officer of the Railway for possession and use of Denatured Spirituous Preparations and its distribution to out-stations or other Railway Institutions in Mysore State under his control.)

Date	Receipts			Total [column (2) *plus* column (4)]
	Opening balance	From whom received Permit No. and date	Quantity	
1	2	3	4	5
	Litres		Litres	Litres

	Issues				
Issued or taken for use by the licensee himself	To out-stations and Railway institutions (Name of the institution permit number and date)	Quantity	Total quantity issued each day	Closing balance (column 5 *minus* column 9)	
6	7	8	9	10	11
litres		litres	litres	litres	

FORM D.L. 17

[*See* Rule 15 (3)]

Account to be maintained by holder of a licence in Form D.L. 6/D.L. 9 for sale of Denatured Spirituous Preparations.

Date	Opening balance	Receipts		Total [Column (2) *plus* column (4)]	Issues or sales		
		From whom received	Quantity		Name of purchaser	address of purchaser (if purchaser is a licensee, particulars of license held)	Purpose for which required
	litres	Permit Number and date	litres				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Issues or sales—(*contd.*)						
Number and date of indent, number and date of transport permit in case of sales to licensee	Number with date of the bills of sale	Quantity sold or issued in each transactions Litres	Signature or left thumb mark of the purchaser or his authorised agent or servant	Total quantity sold or issued each day Litres	Closing Balance [Column (5) *minus* Column (13)] Litres	Remarks
9	10	11	12	13	14	15

FORM—D.L. 21

(*See* Rule 4).

Permit for the export of Denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl alcohol/Denatured Spirituous preparations

No. District.....

Sri/Sriyuths.....is/are hereby permitted to export by road/rail/sea the following quantities of denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methylated alcohol/denatured spirituous preparations from.....in this State to .....in the State of.....

Kind of Commodity	Particulars of receptacles			Quantity litres	Apparent strength of spirit/Denatured spirituous preparations
	S. No.	Kind (with capacity of each kind of receptacle)	Description with marks if any		
Denatured Spirit ...					
Methylated Spirit ...					
Methyl Alcohol ...					
Denatured Spirituous preparations.					

2. This permit shall be valid for the period from..... .....to.....and shall accompany the consignment. It shall be used only once during its currency.

3. The consignment shall be exported in one lot and shall not be broken in transit, nor shall it be diverted or brought back into the State of Mysore after export.

4. The permit holder shall as soon as possible (in any case within one month from the date of expiry of this permit) produce proof of the consignment having reached the destination in.....State.

Seal.

Signature.
Designation.
(Permit Issuing Authority).

FORM—D.L. 22

[*See* RULE 5 (*a*)]

No..... District.....

Permit for the Import of Denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/ Methyl Alcohol/Denatured Spirituous preparations.

Sri/Sriyuths.....is/are hereby permitted to import by road/rail/sea the following quantities of denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol/Denatured Spirituous Preparations from.....State to.....in this State.

Kind of Commodity	Particulars of receptacles			Quantity Litre	Apparent strength of DNS/ MS/MA/ DSP
	S. No.	Kind (with capacity of each kind of receptacles)	Description with mark if any		
Denatured spirit					
Methylated spirit					
Methyl alcohol ...					
Denatured Spirituous Preparations					

2. The permit will be valid for the period from.....to..... ..... and shall accompany the consignment. It shall be used only once during its currency.

3. The consignment shall not be broken in bulk while in transit. The import shall be made in one lot. It shall be opened at the destination only in the presence of an officer of the Excise Department authorised to verify the consignment and shall be taken into account only after his verification.

4. The permit holder shall give prompt intimation to the officer of the Excise Department so that verification can be done expeditiously and the verification report sent to the authority which issued the permit within ten days of arrival of the consignment at the place of destination.

Signature.

Seal (Permit Issuing Authority)

FORM D.L. 23

[*See* Rule 16 (2)]

District.....

Permit for the transport of Denatured spirit/Methylated spirit/Methyl Alcohol/Denatured Spirituous Preparations

Sri/Sriyuths..... .....is/are hereby permitted to transport by road/rail/sea the following quantities of denatured spirit/methylated spirit/methyl alcohol/denatured spirituous preparations from..... .....to..... .....

Kind of Commodity	Particulars of receptacles			Quantity litres	Apparent strength of spirit/ Denatured Spirituous Preparations
	S. No.	Kind (with capacity of each kind of receptacle)	Description with marks, if any		
Denatured spirit ...					
Methylated spirit ...					
Methyl Alcohol ..					
Denatured spirituous preparation.					

2. This permit will be valid for the period from.....to.....and shall accompany the consignment. It shall be used only once during its currency.

3. The consignment shall be transported in one lot and shall not be broken in bulk during transport.

4. The consignment shall be verified by an officer of the Excise Department authorised in that behalf before it is opened and taken into account. But no such verification is necessary in cases in which the permit is issued by licensees authorised to issue the permit under the rules.

Signature

Designation

(Permit issuing authority).

[No. HD 44 EFL 67]. 33

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department (Excise).

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, Bl'ore

Reg. No. B.G 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1967
(ASVIJA 20, SAKA ERA 1889).

No. 223

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, dated the 10th October 1967.

G.S.R. 454.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), the Government of Mysore hereby makes the following rules, the draft of the same having been previously published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the said Act, in Notification G.S.R. No. 408 in Part IV-2 (i) of the *Mysore Gazette* (Extraordinary) dated 13th September 1967, namely :—

THE MYSORE EXCISE (ISSUE OF DUPLICATE LICENCES AND PERMITS) RULES, 1967.

1. Title, Extent and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Issue of duplicate licences and permits) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to all the areas of the State of Mysore where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires :—

(*a*) "Act" means, the Mysore Excise Act, 1965.

(*b*) "licence" means, a licence granted under the Act or the rules ;

(*c*) "permit" means, a permit granted under the Act or the rules, and includes an authorisation ;

(*d*) "rules" means rules framed under the Act and includes orders and notifications issued under the Act ;

(*e*) "Licencing Authority" means, the State Government or any other Officer who is empowered and who has issued the original licence or permit as the case may be.

3. Application for copy.—(1) When a licence, permit, or authorisation granted or issued under the Act or rules or orders made thereunder is lost, misplaced, destroyed, torn, defaced or otherwise becomes illegible, the holder of such licence, permit or authorisation may make an application to the Officer or authority who granted such licence, permit, or authorisation for the grant of a duplicate licence, permit or authorisation as the case may be.

(2) Such application shall be accompanied by an affidavit sworn by the applicant explaining the circumstances necessitating the request for a duplicate licence, permit or authorisation.

(3) When the application is made on the ground that the original licence, permit or authorisation is torn, defaced or has become illegible, such original document shall be enclosed to the application.

4. Grant of duplicate.—(1) On receipt of the application, affidavit and the enclosures, if any, referred to in rule 3, the Licencing Authority may, after making such enquiries, as he deems necessary, if he sees no objection, may grant the duplicate of the licence, permit or authorisation.

(2) When a duplicate licence, permit or authorisation is issued, it shall be clearly stamped "Duplicate" and shall be marked with the date of issue of the duplicate with that of the original.

(3) The following fee shall be paid for the grant of a duplicate licence, permit, or authorisation, namely :—

(*a*) In cases where a fee is charged for grant of the licence, permit or authorisation an amount of five rupees or an amount of equal to five per cent of the fee paid for the original licence, permit or authorisation, whichever is less.

(*b*) In cases where no fee is chargeable for the grant of the original licence, permit, or authorisation, a fee of one rupee.

5. Bond to be executed.—When the duplicate is applied for on the ground that the original licence, permit, or authorisation has been lost or misplaced, the licensee shall, before taking delivery of the duplicate licence, permit, or authorisation execute a bond on a stamp paper of appropriate value that he or she shall surrender the original lost or misplaced licence, permit, or authorisation if and when the same is found or recovered and that the applicant shall not before so surrendering make any use of the same.

6. Repeal and Savings.—All rules corresponding to the foregoing rules framed under any enactment repealed by Section 72 of the Act are hereby repealed :

Provided that the repeal shall not affect --

(*a*) The previous operation of the rules so repealed or anything duly done or suffered thereunder; or

(*b*) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under any rule so repealed, or

(*c*) any penalty forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any rules so repealed, or

(*d*) any investigation or legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid, and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced and any such penalty forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if such rules had not been repealed :

Provided further that subject to the preceding proviso anything done or any action taken (including any appointment or delegation made, notification, order, instructions or direction issued from, certificate obtained permit or licence granted or registration effected under any such rules) shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these rules and shall continue to be in force accordingly, unless and until superceded by anything done or any action taken under the Act or these rules as the case may be.

[No. HD 46 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department (*Excise*).

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, Mysore.

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1967
(ASVIJA 20, SAKA ERA 1889).

No. 224

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, dated 10th October 1967.

G.S.R. 455.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966) read with Section 61 of the said Act, the Government of Mysore hereby makes the following rules, the draft of the same having been previously published, as required by sub-section (1) of Section 71 of the said Act in Notification G.S.R. No. 410 in Part IV-2-C (i) of the *Mysore Gazette* (Extraordinary), dated 13th September 1967, namely :—

THE MYSORE EXCISE (APPEAL) RULES, 1967

1. Title, extent and commencement.—(1) These Rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Appeal) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to all the areas of the State of Mysore where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 is in force.

(3) They shall come in to force at once

2. Form of appeal —(1) Every appeal under section 61 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 shall be made in the form of a petition addressed to the authority to whom the appeal lies, and shall be drawn up in concise and intelligible language; and shall bear the signature or mark of the appellant or his duly authorised agent and shall also bear a court-fee stamp of the requisite amount as fixed under the Mysore Court Fees and Suits Valuation Act, 1958.

(2) The petition of appeal shall contain the following particulars :—

(i) the name, father's name, occupation and place of residence or address of the appellant;

(ii) the name and address of the writer (or typist, if it is typed) of the appeal petition;

(iii) the date of order appealed against;

(iv) a brief and precise statement of the facts;

(v) the grounds of objection to the order appealed against.

(3) The petition shall be accompanied by the order appealed against in original or an authenticated copy thereof, unless the omission to produce such order or its copy, as the case may be, is explained at the time of the presentation of the petition of appeal to the satisfaction of the appellate authority.

3. Appeals how presented.—The petition of appeal shall either be presented to the appellate authority by the appellant or his agent or be forwarded to such authority by registered post.

4. Rejection of appeal.—(1) If the petition of appeal does not comply with the requirements of rules 2 and 3 it may summarily be rejected :

Provided that no appeal shall be rejected under this sub-rule unless the appellant is given such opportunity, as the appellate authority thinks fit, so as to enable him to comply with the requirements of the said rules.

(2) An appeal may also be rejected on other grounds which shall be reduced to writing by the appellate authority :

Provided that before an order rejecting an appeal under this sub-rule is passed, the appellant shall be given a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

5. Hearing of appeal.—(1) If the appellate authority does not reject the appeal under rule 4 it shall fix a date for hearing the appellant or his agent.

(2) The appellate authority may at any stage adjourn the hearing of an appeal to any other date.

(3) If on the date fixed for hearing or any other date to which the hearing may be adjourned, the appellant does not appear before the said authority either in person or through an agent, the said authority may dismiss the appeal or may decide it *ex parte* as it thinks fit.

6. Reasonable opportunity to be given.—Before an appellate authority passes any order in appeal, likely to affect any person adversely, it shall send to such person a notice and give him reasonable opportunity of being heard.

7. Copy of order to be supplied.—A copy of order passed in appeal shall be supplied free of cost to the appellant or the person affected thereby and another copy shall be sent to the Officer whose order forms the subject matter of appeal.

8. **Repeal and savings.**—All rules corresponding to these rules framed under the enactments repealed under section 72 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 are hereby repealed :

Provided that anything done or any action taken under the repealed rules shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these rules and shall be continued and disposed of accordingly.

[*No. HD 47 EFL 67.*]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore.

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department (Excise).

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore.

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1967
(ASVIJA 20, AKA ERA 1889). | No 25

HOME SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION

Bangalore, dated 10th October 1967.

G.S.R. 456.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), the Government of Mysore hereby makes the following rules, the draft of the same having been previously published, as required by sub section (1) of section 71 of the said Act, in Notification G.S.R. No. 411 in Part IV-2-C (1) of the *Mysore Gazette* (Extraordinary) dated 13th September 1967, namely :—

THE MYSORE EXCISE (INTOXICANTS DESTRUCTIONS) RULES, 1967.

1. Title, Extent and Commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Intoxicants Destructions) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to all the areas where the Mysore Excise Act 1965, is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. **Definitions.**—In these rules unless the context otherwise requires.—

(a) "Act" means, the Mysore Excise Act, 1965.

(b) "Licenced Premises" means, the premises in respect of which a licence has been issued under the Act, rules, regulations or orders, made thereunder.

3. **Intoxicants in licenced premises.**—(1) Any intoxicant kept in any licenced premises which may, on examination, be declared to be unfit for use by reason of admixture with such intoxicant or substances deemed to be noxious or objectionable, in contravention of the rules made under section 71 or for any other reason shall be destroyed under the orders of the Deputy Commissioner concerned.

(2) Any intoxicant kept in any licenced premises which may on examination be declared to be unfit for use by reason of its being fermented or admixed as aforesaid shall be destroyed by the Excise Officer in whose jurisdiction the licenced premises are situated.

4. **Destruction how made.**—Whenever any intoxicant is ordered to be destroyed under these rules by the Deputy Commissioner, it shall be destroyed in the presence of such Officer as the Deputy Commissioner may depute in that behalf.

5. **Compensation not payable.**—No compensation shall be payable to any person in respect of the intoxicant destroyed under these rules.

6. **Other proceedings not affected.**—The destruction of intoxicant under these rules shall be without prejudice to any proceedings that may be deemed necessary in respect of the breach, if any, of the conditions or restrictions subject to which any licence in respect of such intoxicant has been granted.

7. Repeal and Savings.—All rules corresponding to these rules framed under any of the enactments repealed under section 72 are hereby repealed:

Provided that such repeal shall not affect the previous operation of the said rules and any action taken under the said rules shall be deemed to have been taken under these rules.

[No. HD 49 EFL 67.]

By order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department (Excise).

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore.

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (i)

BANGALORE, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1967
(ASVIJA 18, SAKA ERA 1889)

No. 226

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION

Bangalore, dated 10th October 1967

G.S.R. 457.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), the Government of Mysore hereby makes the following rules, the draft of the same having been previously published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the said Act, in Notification G.S.R. No. 412 in part IV-2-C (1) of the *Mysore Gazette* (Extraordinary), dated 13th September 1967, namely :—

THE MYSORE EXCISE (RECTIFIED SPIRITS) RULES, 1967

1. *Title, extent and commencement.*—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Rectified Spirits) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to all the areas of the State of Mysore where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. *Definitions.*—In these rules unless the context otherwise requires —

(*a*) " Act " means, the Mysore Excise Act, 1965.

(*b*) "Commissioner" means the Excise Commissioner.

(*c*) "Duty free rectified spirit" means, rectified spirit in respect of which any person or institution or museum or picture gallery has been exempted from the payment of excise duty under section 67 of the Act.

(*d*) " Form " means, a form appended to these rules.

(*e*) " Licence " means, a licence granted under these rules.

(*f*) " Rectified Spirit " includes absolute alcohol.

PART I.

Possession and Use

3. *Applications for licences.*—(1) Any person desiring to possess and use rectified spirit for any *bona fide*, medicinal, industrial, scientific, educational or any other similar purpose shall make an application for a licence to the Deputy Commissioner or any other officer duly authorised to grant licences in that behalf.

(2) The application shall contain the following particulars namely:—

(*a*) name and address of the applicant ;

(*b*) place where the rectified spirit will be kept and used ;

(*c*) quantity of rectified spirit to be used per month ;

(*d*) specific purpose for which rectified spirit is required, and the use it will be put to ;

(*e*) whether the applicant held any rectified spirit licence in the year before the date of application and if so, the number of the licence and the quantity sanctioned ;

(*f*) the period for which the licence is required ;

(*g*) registration number of the applicant, if he is a registered medical practitioner.

4. *Grant of licence.*—(1) On receipt of the application under rule 3—

(*a*) if the applicant is a registered medical practitioner and the quantity of rectified spirit applied for does not exceed five litres a year, the applicant may be granted by the Deputy Commissioner a licence in Form R.S. (1) with the previous sanction of the Commissioner.

(*b*) if the applicant is any other person or if the applicant being a registered medical practitioner has applied for a quantity exceeding that specified in clause (*a*), the Deputy Commissioner or the other authorised officer shall make such enquiries as he deems necessary and if he is satisfied that there is no objection to grant the applicant the licence applied for, he may grant him a licence in Form R.S. (2) with the previous sanction of the Commissioner.

(2) A licence under sub-rule (1) may be granted on payment of a fee specified below :—

(*a*) for a licence in Form R.S. (1) rupees ten per annum ;

(*b*) for a licence in Form R.S. (2) where the quantity of rectified spirit does not exceed twenty-five litres per year, rupees twenty-five

In all other cases rupees twenty-five plus rupee one per extra litre per annum.

5. *Licensees to give undertaking to abide by the provisions of the Act, etc.*—All licences will be effective only after the execution by the licensee of an undertaking in the form of a counterpart agreement on duly stamped paper that he will abide by all the provisions of the Act, rules, regulations and orders made thereunder and the conditions of the licence:

Provided that where the licensee is a Government servant holding the licence in his official capacity, the counterpart agreement may be executed on non-stamped paper:

Provided further that where the quantity of rectified spirit granted exceeds two hundred litres per annum, the licensee shall give such security as may be required by the Deputy Commissioner but not exceeding rupees twenty per litre.

6. *Duration of licences.*—(1) No licence in Form R.S. (1) or R.S. (2) shall be granted for a period extending beyond the 30th June next following the date of the commencement of the licence.

(2) No such licence shall be granted to a minor.

7. *Procedure for obtaining supply of rectified spirit.*—(1) The licensee shall not obtain his supply of rectified spirit except from a person holding a licence to sell rectified spirit or from a Government warehouse or a distillery.

(2) All licensees shall obtain their supply of rectified spirit only under a valid transport permit.

8. *Place of use of rectified spirit.*—The licensee shall not use rectified spirit except at the place specified in his

licence and except in his own presence or in the presence of any other person duly authorised in writing by him in this behalf :

Provided that a licensee holding a licence in Form R.S. (1) or a registered medical practitioner holding a licence in Form R.S. (2) may, subject to the provisions of the licence, use rectified spirit in any place in the State of Mysore.

9. *Licensee not allowed to consume rectified spirit.*— The licensee shall not consume or allow to be consumed any rectified spirit possessed by him under the licence.

10. *Use of rectified spirit for industrial purpose.*— (1) No licensee shall use rectified spirit for industrial purposes except on the recommendation of the Director of Industries or such other officer as may be authorised by Government and in the manner and to the extent recommended by him. The rectified spirit recommended by the said Officer shall be used after obtaining the permission of and subject to such conditions as may be imposed by the Commissioner in that behalf.

(2) The Commissioner may appoint such staff for supervision over the use of rectified spirit as he deems necessary.

11. *Use of rectified spirit for educational or scientific purpose.*—No licensee shall use rectified spirit for educational or scientific purpose except on the recommendation of the concerned District Educational Officer or Principal of the College or Head of the concerned institution.

12. *Regulation of business of licensee.*—(1) The premises of the licensee holding a licence in Form R.S. (1) or Form R.S. (2), the rectified spirit kept therein, the accounts maintained therein andthe licence shall at all times be open to inspection by the Deputy Commissioner or any Excise Officer.

(2) All licensees holding licences in Form R.S. (2) shall keep in their premises an inspection book, paged and stamped with the seal of the Deputy Commissioner in which inspecting officers may record their remarks. The other licensees shall keep an ordinary paged book, in which inspecting officers may record their remarks.

13. *Suspension or cancellation of licence.*—(1) All licences granted under rule 4 may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of sections 29 and 30 of the Act.

(2) In cases where the licence is suspended or cancelled during the currency of the licence period or is not renewed on its expiry, the licensee shall forthwith intimate the Deputy Commissioner of the quantity of rectified spirit in stock with him. On receipt of such intimation the Deputy Commissioner shall instruct the Excise Officer or other authorised officer to verify the stock and seal the premises where the stock is stored. The stock shall however be deemed to be in the custody of the ex-licensee who will make arrangements and will be responsible for its safety. The stock may only be sold with the permission of the Deputy Commissioner to other licensees.

(3) The licensee shall not however be allowed to receive fresh stock after his licence expires or is suspended or cancelled. The permission to sell the stock to other licensees shall be subject to the condition that all sums due to the State Government shall be first paid out of the sale proceeds:

Provided that where the stock does not exceed five litres the Deputy Commissioner may dispose off the stock in any manner he thinks fit, subject to the condition that the licensee is compensated at least to the extent of fifty per cent of the value he has paid for such stock:

Provided further that where the Deputy Commissioner is of the opinion that the stock is not fit for further use, it will be competent for the Deputy Commissioner to destroy such stock and the licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation.

PART II

POSSESSION AND USE OF DUTY FREE RECTIFIED SPIRIT

14. *Application for obtaining duty free rectified spirit.*—(1) Any person holding a licence for the possession of rectified spirit for use or for any *bona fide* research or educational purpose or for the purpose of preservation of specimen of natural history or other specimens maintained at any museum or picture gallery and desiring to obtain duty free rectified spirit for such purpose shall make an application in that behalf to the Commissioner through the Deputy Commissioner.

(2) The application shall contain the following particulars, namely—

(1) name and address of the applicant;

(2) where duty free rectified spirit is required on behalf of the institution or museum or picture gallery :

(*a*) the name of the institution or museum or picture gallery ;

(*b*) the capacity in which the applicant represents the institution or museum or picture gallery ;

(*c*) the place where duty free rectified spirit will be used ;

(*d*) specific purpose for which duty free rectified spirit is required ;

(*e*) where duty free rectified spirit is required for research purposes in an institution, the total number of laboratories attached to such institution;

(*f*) when duty free rectified spirit is required in an educational institution, whether the institution has a laboratory and if so the number of students who require rectified spirit for use in the laboratory ;

(*g*) the name of the distillery or warehouse from which the applicant desires to purchase duty free rectified spirit;

(*h*) the quantity of duty free rectified spirit required by the applicant in a year;

(*i*) the quantity of rectified spirit which the applicant is allowed to have in his possession at any one time under the licence if any held by him;

(*j*) the quantity of rectified spirit which the applicant is allowed to buy in the aggregate in any one month under the licence if any held by him;

(*k*) the number and date of the licence if any held by the applicant and the designation of the licensing authority which granted it.

(3) When the application under sub-rule (1) is made on behalf of an educational institution, the application shall be accompanied by a certificate granted by the departmental head approved by the Commissioner in that behalf, showing the number of students studying at the institution and the quantity of duty free rectified spirit required therein for educational purpose.

15. *Deputy Commissioner to forward application to Commissioner.*— On receipt of the application under sub-rule (1) of rule 14, the Deputy Commissioner shall make such enquiries as he deems necessary and if he is satisfied,—

(*a*) that duty free rectified spirit is required by the applicant for *bona fide* research or educational purpose;

(*b*) where spirit is required on behalf of an institution, museum or picture gallery that such institutions is *bona fide* research or educational institution or museum or picture gallery as the case may be;

(*c*) that there is no objection to issue duty free rectified spirit to the applicant, he shall forward the application to the Commissioner with his recommendation

stating the quantity of duty free rectified spirit which may be issued to the applicant :

Provided that no such application other than that made on behalf of the Government, Municipal or local self-Government Institution or an educational institution or a museum or picture gallery shall be forwarded to the Commissioner unless the applicant has executed a bond in Form 'A' for such sum as may be required by the Deputy Commissioner not exceeding ten times the licence fee for the proper observance of these rules and the conditions of the order of exemption.

16. *Order of exemption to be passed by Commissioner.*—(1) On receipt of the application forwarded by the Deputy Commissioner under rule 15, the Commissioner, if he is satisfied that there is no objection to sanction the application, may by an order under Section 67 of the Act, exempt the applicant from payment of the excise duty on the rectified spirit covered by his licence hereinafter referred to as the order of exemption).

(2) Copies of the order of exemption shall be sent to the Deputy Commissioner concerned, Excise Officer, and the Officer-in-charge of the distillery or warehouse from which the applicant is authorised to obtain duty free rectified spirit.

17. *Duration of order of exemption.*—The order of exemption shall remain in force for such period as may be specified in the order :

Provided that the Commissioner may, at any time during the currency of the order, cancel or modify the same for any adequate reason recorded in writing.

18. *Procedure for issue of duty free rectified spirit from distillery or warehouse.*—(1) No duty free rectified spirit shall be issued to any person holding a licence except from a distillery or warehouse and except on presentation by him of an order of exemption to the Officer-in-charge of the distillery or warehouse.

(2) The Officer-in-charge of the distillery or warehouse shall on each occasion on which he issues duty free rectified spirit make an entry in that behalf in the order of exemption presented to him and also in the copy of such order received by him and thereafter return the order to the holder thereof. The holder of the order of exemption shall not remove any rectified spirit from the distillery or warehouse unless the quantity issued to him therefrom has been entered in the order of exemption by the Officer-in-charge of the distillery or warehouse.

19. *Duty free rectified spirit to be used in the licensed premises and for the purpose specified.*—Duty free rectified spirit obtained on behalf of an institution or museum or picture gallery shall not be used in any premises other than that of the institution or museum or picture gallery for which it is obtained and for any purpose other than that which is specified in the order of exemption.

20. *Production of order of exemption for inspection.*—Every person holding an order of exemption shall on demand by an Officer duly empowered under the Act produce the same for inspection.

PART III

PURCHASE AND TRANSPORT

21. *Licensee to give requisition and procedure thereon.*—(1) Any licensee desiring to purchase and transport rectified spirit so purchased shall submit a requisition in Form R.S. (3) signed by himself to the local Excise Officer.

(2) The Excise Officer shall on demand by the applicant supply him with a requisition form in R. S. (3) in quadruplicate.

(3) The applicant shall fill in all the four parts of the requisition form and submit it to the Excise Officer.

(4) On receipt of the requisition the Excise Officer shall make such enquiries as he deems necessary and if he is satisfied that there is no objection to allow the purchase of rectified spirit, he may countersign the requisition.

(5) The four parts of the requisition shall be dealt with as under :—

Part I shall be kept on the record of Excise Officer.

Part II shall be handed over to the applicant.

Part III shall be sent to the person holding a licence or a warehouse or the distillery Officer as the case may be from whom rectified spirit is to be purchased, and

Part IV shall be forwarded to the Excise Officer in whose jurisdiction the licensed premises of the said person or the warehouse or the distillery as the case may be is situated.

22. *Procedure for grant of transport permit.*—(1) The applicant shall then make an application to the Deputy Commissioner or any other Officer duly authorised on that behalf within whose jurisdiction the licensed premises of the person holding the licence or the warehouse or distillery as the case may be is situated, for a permit to transport rectified spirit therefrom to the licensed premises of the applicant and shall present Part II of the requisition along with the application.

(2) If the Deputy Commissioner or the Authorised Officer is satisfied that there is no objection to grant the permit applied for, he may, grant the permit in Form R. S. (4).

(3) Such permit shall be in four parts and shall be dealt with as under :—

Part I shall be kept on the record of the Officer granting the permit ;

Part II shall be handed over to the applicant for sending it with the consignment;

Part III shall be sent to the person holding a licence or warehouse or distillery officer as the case may be from whom the rectified spirit is to be purchased, and

Part IV shall be sent to the Excise Officer of the place to which the rectified spirit is to be transported.

Part II of the requisition shall also be handed over to the applicant along with Part II of the transport permit.

(4) The transporter shall then present Part II of the transport permit and Part II of the requisition to the person holding a licence of the warehouse or distillery Officers as the case may be, who shall check these parts with the Part IIIof the transport permit and of the requisition received by him under sub-rule (4) of Rule 21 and if they tally in all respects, the said person or the warehouse or distillery officer as the case may be, may issue the quantity of rectified spirit stated in the transport permit and make an endorsement to that effect under his signature on Parts II and III of transport permit and as also on Parts II and III of the requisition and hand over Part II of the transport permit and of the requisition to the transporter and retain Part III thereof on his record.

(5) (*a*) No person other than a person holding a licence to sell rectified spirit or a licence to possess it shall be granted any requisition in Form R.S. (3) or a transport permit in Form R. S. (4).

(*b*) No such requisition in Form R. S. (3) or a transport permit in Form R. S. (4) shall be granted unless the transport is incidental to the purchase of rectified spirit.

23. *Grant of transport permit.*—(1) Any person desiring to transport rectified spirit shall make an application to an officer duly authorised in that behalf for a permit. If the said Officer on receiving the application is satisfied that there is no objection to grant the permit applied for, he may grant the applicant a permit in Form R. S. (5).

(2) The permit shall be in three parts and shall be dealt with as under :—

Part I shall be kept on the record of the officer granting the permit.

Part II shall be handed over to the applicant for sending it with consignment, and

Part III shall be sent to the Excise Officer of the place to which the rectified spirit is to be transported.

(3) The provisions of sub-rule (1) shall not apply to the transport of rectified spirit to which the provisions of rule 22 apply.

24. *Provision not to apply in certain cases.*—Nothing in rules 21 to 23 shall apply to the transport in bond of rectified spirit.

PART IV

SALE

25. *Application for a licence to sell.*—Any person desiring to sell rectified spirit shall apply to the Deputy Commissioner for a licence in that behalf. The application shall contain the following particulars namely :—

(a) name and address of the applicant.

(*b*) place where he wants to sell rectified spirit with the number of the house or building, name of street and city or town as the case may be.

(*c*) whether any rectified spirit was sold at the above place in the past and if so the years during which it was sold.

(*d*) whether the applicant held any licence to sell rectified spirit in the past, if so, the years in which he held the licence.

26. *Grant of licence.*—On receipt of the application under rule 25, the Deputy Commissioner shall make such enquiries as he deems necessary and if he is satisfied that

there is no objection to grant the licence applied for he may grant the applicant a licence in Form R.S. (6) on payment of a fee of rupees fifty.

27. *Duration of licence.*—No licence in Form R.S. (6) shall be granted for any period beyond the 30th June next following the date of commencement of such licence.

28. *Manner of sale.*—The licensee shall not sell rectified spirit except in sealed bottles bearing a label specifying;

(a) the name and address of the manufacturer;

(*b*) the place of bottling;

(*c*) the name and address of the bottler.

29. *Source of supply.*—(1) The licensee shall not obtain his supply of rectified spirit except from (a) licensed distillery in the State of Mysore, (b) a bonded warehouse and (c) a licensed distillery or dealer in any part of India outside the State of Mysore provided that the licensee may obtain his supply of rectified spirit with the special permission of the Government from a place outside India through a custom house and subject to the customs regulations.

(2) The licensee shall not bring rectified spirit to the licensed premises except under a transport permit issued under rules 21 and 23.

30. *Licensee to pay duty or fee prescribed.*—The licensee shall be liable to pay such duty or fee as the case may be on rectified spirit brought to the licensed premises at the rate, if any, prescribed by the State Government under the Act before such spirit is issued to him.

31. *Sale to licence holders.*—The licensee shall not sell the rectified spirit except to a person who holds a licence to possess the same and produces Part II of the requisition in Form R.S. (3) and the relevant transport permit in Form R.S. (4) issued in his favour.

32. *Business of licensee how carried on.*—The licensee shall carry on the business of his rectified spirit shop either

personally or by an agent or servant duly authorised by him in this behalf by a written nowkarnama signed by himself and countersigned by the Excise Officer: Provided that any such nowkarnama signed by the licensee shall be valid unless and until countersignature is refused. If for any reason the Deputy Commissioner shall order the withdrawal of any nowkarnama issued by the licensee, the nowkarnama shall be forthwith withdrawn. For every nowkarnama issued by him the licensee shall pay a fee of rupee one to the State Government. No nowkarnama shall be issued to any person under twenty-one years of age, and no nowkarnama if issued to such a person shall be valid.

33. *Regulation of business of licensee.*—(1) The licensee shall not sell, transfer or sublet the right of vend conferred upon him by the licence nor shall he in connection with the exercise of the said right enter into any agreement or arrangement, which in the opinion of the Deputy Commissioner is in the nature of sale, transfer or sub-lease.

(2) No person shall be recognised as a partner of the licensee for the purpose of the licence unless the partnership has been declared to the Deputy Commissioner before the licence is granted and the names of the partners have been entered jointly in the licence or if the partnership is entered into after the granting of the licence unless the Deputy Commissioner agrees on application made to him to alter the licence and to add the names of partners in the licence.

34. *Licensee to abide by the provisions of the Act, etc.*—The licensee shall execute at the time of taking delivery of the licence an undertaking in the form of a counterpart agreement on a duly stamped paper agreeing to abide by the conditions of the licence and provisions of the Act and the rules, regulations and orders made thereunder.

35. *Suspension or cancellation of licence.*—The licence may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of sections 29 and 30 of the Act.

36. *Unsold rectified spirit.*—In case the licence is cancelled or suspended during the currency of the licence period or is not renewed on its expiry, the licensee shall forthwith intimate the Deputy Commissioner of the quantity of rectified spirit in stock with him. On receipt of such information, the Deputy Commissioner shall instruct the Excise Officer or other authorised officer to verify the stock and to seal the premises where the stock is stored. The stock shall however be deemed to be in the custody of the ex-licensee who will make arrangements for its safety. The stock may only be sold with the permission of the Deputy Commissioner to other licensees. The licensee shall not however be allowed to receive fresh stock after his licence expires or is suspended or cancelled. The permission to sell the stock to other licensees will be subject to the condition that all sums due to State Government shall first be paid out of the sale proceeds.

37. *Application to purchase and transport rectified spirit in bond.*—(1) Any person, desiring to purchase and transport in bond, rectified spirit, from a distillery or warehouse, to a bonded laboratory in the State, shall apply in writing, in that behalf, to the Deputy Commissioner through the Officer-in-charge. No permit to obtain rectified spirit underbond, shall be issued unless the bonded werehouse or Laboratory, has got adequate staff for supervision.

(2) The application shall contain the following particulars, namely.—

(*a*) the name and address of the applicant.
(*b*) the name of the bonded laboratory and its situation.
(*c*) the name of the distillery or warehouse from which spirit is to be purchased.
(*d*) the quantity and strength of spirit required by the applicant.
(*e*) the route by which the spirit is proposed to be transported.

38. *Procedure on application.*—(1) The applicant shall along with the application under sub-rule (1) of rule 37 also submit a requisition in Form R. S. (7) as provided by sub-rule (2).

(*2*) The Officer-in-charge shall on demand by the applicant supply him with a requisition in Form (7) in quadruplicate. The applicant shall fill in all the parts of the requisition form under his signature and submit the same to the Officer-in-charge.

(*3*) (*a*) On receipt of the requisition under sub-rule (2) the Officer-in-charge shall make such enquiries as he deems necessary and if he is satisfied that there is no objection to allow the purchase and transport in bond of the rectified spirit applied for, he may countersign the requisition.

(*b*) The four parts of the requisition shall be dealt with as under :—

Part I shall be kept on record of the Officer-in-charge.

Part II shall be handed over to the applicant.

Part III shall be sent to the distillery or ware house officer.

Part IV shall be sent to the Excise Officer in whose charge the ware house or distillery is situated.

(*4*) (*a*) On receipt of the application the Deputy Commissioner shall intimate to the applicant the cost of the spirit required by him, if the spirit is to be issued from a distillery.

(*b*) On receipt of such intimation, the applicant shall pay the amount into the treasury.

(*c*) The applicant shall then produce the challan and Part II of the requisition before the Deputy Commissioner who may, if he is satisfied after making such enquiries as he deems necessary that there is no objection to allow the purchase and transport in bond of spirit applied for, issue a permit in Form R. S. (8).

(*d*) The permit shall be in three parts and shall be dealt with as under :—

Part I of the permit shall be kept on the record of the Office of the Deputy Commissioner.

Part II shall be handed over to the applicant.

Part III shall be sent to the distillery or ware house officer as the case may be from where the spirit is to be transported.

(e) No requisition in Form R. S. (7) or R. S. (8) shall be issued to any person unless that person holds a licence for possession and use of under bond rectified spirit.

39. *Issue of rectified spirit in bond or distillery or ware house.*—(1) The applicant shall present Part II of the permit to the distillery or ware house officer as the case may be, who after comparing it with Part III of the permit received by him under clause (d) of sub-rule (4) of rule 38 shall if he is satisfied that there is no objection, issue the quantity of spirit mentioned in the permit.

(2) The spirit shall be issued in casks, drums or other receptacles duly sealed with the seal of the distillery or ware house officer as the case may be. The said Officer shall also fill in the particulars to be filled up by him of part II of the permit and shall return Part II of the permit to the applicant duly endorsed and forward Part III with an impression of the seal placed on the drums or casks to the Officer-in-charge.

40. *Bonded rectified spirit how dealt with at laboratory.*—(1) On arrival of the consignment at the bonded laboratory the Officer-in-charge shall compare the particulars given in Part II with those of Part III of the permit shall examine the seals and if he has no reason to believe that the consignment has been tampered with he shall admit the consignment into the laboratory.

(2) The Officer-in-charge shall then draw samples from each cask or drum and examine them to see that the particulars regarding strength of spirit actually ascertained by him correspond with those given by the distillery or warehouse Officer in Part II of the permit accompanying the consignment. The consignment shall then be entered in the register maintained by him for the purpose. He shall then return Part III duly completed to the distillery or warehouse Officer through the Deputy Commissioner and retain Part II for his record. In case of any wastage of spirit found by the Officer-in-charge on arrival of the consignment in excess of $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent, he shall report the fact to the Deputy Commissioner for obtaining the orders of the Commissioner as regards the amount of duty to be levied on such excess wastage from the persons liable to pay the same. If the wastage is $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent or below, then he may himself write it off.

41. Payment of duty on rectified spirit.—No rectified spirit shall be issued from any distillery or warehouse without payment of duty at the prescribed rate except duty free rectified spirit covered by an exemption order and rectified spirit issued under bond.

42. Accounts and returns.—(1) Every licensee holding a licence in Form R. S. (2) shall maintain accounts in Form R. S. (9) and submit returns in Form R. S. (10).

(2) Every licensee holding a licence in Form R S. (6) shall maintain accounts in Form R. S. (11) and submit returns in Form R. S. (12).

43. Repeal and Savings.—All rules corresponding to the foregoing rules framed under any enactment repealed by section 72 of the Act are hereby repealed .

Provided that the repeal shall not affect—

(*a*) the previous operation of the rules so repealed or anything duly done or suffered thereunder, or

(*b*) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under any rule so repealed, or

(*c*) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against the rules repealed, or

(*d*) any investigation or legal proceeding or remedy, in respect of any such right, privilege obligation, liability penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid,
and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if such rules had not been repealed :

Provided further that subject to the preceding proviso anything done or any action taken (including any appointment or delegation made, notification order, instructions or direction issued, form, certificate obtained, permit or pass or licence granted or registration effected under any such rules) shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these rules and shall continue to be in force accordingly, unless and until superseded by anything done or any action taken under the Act or these rules as the case may be.

FORM R. S. (1)

[*See* rule 4 (1) (*a*)]

Licence No... .....

Licence for the possession of Rectified Spirit including absolute alcohol for medicinal use by a registered medical practitioner.

Licence is hereby granted under and subject to the provisions of Mysore Excise Act, 1965, and the rules, regulations and orders made there under to ..... of..... (hereinafter called the " Licensee " on payment of a fee of Rs. 10 in advance authorising him to buy, possess, transport, and use rectified spirit including absolute alcohol (hereinafter called "Spirit") during the period from ..... to .... at his premises situated at ..... (hereinafter referred to as " The licensed premises "), subject to the ollowing conditions :—

CONDITIONS

(1) The licensee shall not use the spirit for any purpose other than medicinal.

(2) The licensee shall not use the spirit exceeding one litre in the aggregate during a period of two months, provided the total spirit used in one year does not exceed fiv litres.

(3) The licensee may during any month buy spirit not exceeding one litre, provided that the licensee will not have in his possession at any one time a quantity exceeding one and a half litres.

(4) The licensee shall not obtain the supply of spirit except from a licensee holding a sale licence. He shall not remove the spirit purchased by him from the licensed premises of such licensee unless he gets the details of its purchase entered on the reverse of his licence by the said licensee or any other person authorised by him in writing in this behalf.

(5) The licensee shall transport his quota of rectified spirit only under a transport permit.

(6) The licensee shall keep all the spirit received by him in a place in the licensed premises under lock and key and all issues of spirit from the said place shall be made in the presence of the licensee or a person duly authorised by him in writing in this behalf. He shall not keep or use spirit at any place other than the licensed premises.

(7) Notwithstanding anything contained in condition 5, the licensee may transport, possess and use spirit obtained under this licence throughout the State of Mysore, if the quantity to be transported, possessed or used does not exceed one-fourth litre and this licence is produced for inspection on demand by an excise Officer.

Granted this.....day.....19.....

Signature of the Deputy Commissioner.

Seal of the Deputy Commissioner

[Reverse of the Licence in Form R. S. (1)]

Details of purchase of rectified Spirit made by the licensee.

Date	Quantity of rectified spirit purchased		Details of licensee holding sale licence		
	On the date	Progressive total purchased up to and including this day	Licence No.	Name and address	Signature of the seller or his authorised agent
1	2	3	4	5	6

FORM R. S. (*2*)

[*See* rule 4 (1) (b)]

Licence No. .....

Licence for the possession and use of Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol) for Industral, Medicinal, Scientific, Educational and other similar purposes.

Licence is hereby granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, and the rules, regulations and orders made thereunder to.....
of .....
(hereinafter called " the licencee ") on payment of a fee of Rs. .....
in advance, authorising him to buy, possess and use Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol) (hereinafter called "the Spirit") during the period from..... to ..... at his premises situated at .....(hereinafter referred to as "the licensed premises") subject to the following conditions, namely.—

CONDITIONS

(1) The licensee shall not use spirit except for .....
[The purpose to be stated *vide* Rule 3 (*d*)].

(2) (*a*) The licensee shall not buy spirit except on a requ'stion countersigned by an officer of Excise Department duly authorised in that behalf.

(*b*) The licensee shall not buy spirit in any one month a quantity exceeding one-tenth of his annual quota and during the licensed period of. ....
months a quantity exceeding. .....
litres.

(*c*) The licensee shall not use spirit exceeding one-tenth of his annual quota in any one month.

(3) The licensee shall not have in his possession at any one time more than one-eighth of his annual quota.

(4) The licensee shall keep all the spirit received by him in the licensed premises approved by the Officer-in-charge or Excise Officer under lock and key and all issues of spirit from the said place shall be made in the presence of the licensee or a person duly authorised by him in writing in that behalf.

(5) (*a*) The licensee shall maintain a full and complete day-to-day account of the rectified spirit possessed and used by him under.

the licence. The account shall be kept in a bounded book paged and stamped with seal of the Deputy Commissioner.

(*b*) The licensee shall keep along with the account book the requisitions and transport permits relating to the spirit received at the licensed premises.

(*c*) The licensee shall submit before the 10th of every month to the Deputy Commissioner, statements of account for the preceding month showing the quantity of rectified spirit in stock on the first of the month, the quantity received in the month, total of both, the quantity of rectified spirit utilised in the month, the purpose or purposes for which it was utilised, the quantity of rectified spirit in stock on the last day of the month.

(*d*) The licensee shall furnish to the Deputy Commissioner such other information relating to the subject matter of this licence as the Deputy Commissioner may from time to time require.

(6) The licensed premises, the spirit kept therein, the account books, the requisitions and transport permits and this licence shall be open at all times to inspection by the Deputy Commissioner or any Excise Officer or any other Officer duly empowered under the Act.

(7) All the accounts, requisitions and transport permits shall be preserved by the licensee during the whole of the period of this licence and shall be handed over to the Deputy Commissioner within one month from the date the licence ceases to be operative.

Granted this day.....of.....19.....

Deputy Commissioner,
of.....

Seal of the Deputy Commissioner.

FORM A

[*See* rule 15 (c)]

Form of bond to be executed by an applicant under Rule 17 to use duty free rectified spirit (including absolute alcohol).

Whereas I/we.....of the village/town of .....have made an application to the Commissioner in Mysore, through the Deputy Commissioner of..... for exempting me/us from the payment of duty on the rectified spirit (including absolute alcohol) required by me/us for use in..... ..... I/we hereby bind myself/ourselves jointly and severally that if the exemption applied for is granted, I/we shall use the rectified spirit (including absolute alcohol), in respect of which such exemption is granted, for the said purpose at..... situated at ..... in the village/town of..... in the district of..... in accordance with the Mysore Excise (Rectified Spirit) Rules, 1967 and the conditions specified in the order of exemption referred to in the said rules and in case of my/our making default in the observance of the said rules and conditions of the order of exemption I/we bind myself/ourselves jointly and severally and each and everyone of my/our respective heirs, executors, administrators and representatives to forfeit to the Governor of Mysore the sum of Rs.....

Signatures.

Place.....

Dated this..... .....day of.....19.....

In the presence of :—

(1)
(2)

We (1) ..... of .....
and (2) ..... of .....
do hereby declare ourselves sureties for the above named that he/they shall do and perform all that he/they has/have undertaken to do and perform and in case of his/their making default therein, I/we hereby bind myself/ourselves jointly and severally to forfeit to the Governor of Mysore the sum of Rs.....—.....

Place.....

Dated this.....day of..... .....19.....

In the presence of :—

(1) (1)
(2) (2)

Signature of the sureties.

FORM R. S (3)

[*See* Rule 21 (1)]

PART I

No.

Requisition for Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol.

(to be kept by the Excise officer or other Officer countersigning the requisition).

Place

Date

To Messrs.

The warehouse/distillery Officer.

Please supply me/us with .....liters of Rectified Spirit/absolute alcohol for ..... purposes.

The No. of my licence is .....

Yours faithfully

Signature of the Purchaser

PART II

No.

Requisition for Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol.

(to be handed over to the applicant and to be kept by him with the permits).

Place

Date

To Messers.

The warehouse/distillery Officer.

Please supply me/us with .....litres of Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol for..... purposes.

The No. of my licence is .....

Yours faithfully

Signature of the Purchaser

PART III

No.

Requisition for Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol.

(to be sent to the person holding a sale licence or to the warehouse Officer or distillery Officer from whom the spirit is to be purchased)

Place

Date

To Messrs.

The warehouse/distillery Officer.

Please supply me/us with .....litres of Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol for..... purposes.

The No. of my licence is .....

Yours faithfully

Signature of the Purchaser

PART IV

No.

Requisition for Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol.

(to be sent to the Excise Officer in whose jurisdiction the licensed premises of a person holding a sale licence, warehouse or distillery is situated).

Place

Date

To Messers.

The warehouse/distillery Officer.

Please supply me/us with .....litres of Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol for..... purposes.

The No. of my license ....

Yoursfaithfully

Signature of the Purchaser

Countersigned

Excise officer or other officer.
Seal of the officer countersigning the requisition,
No..... Date.....

Part II handed over to the licensee on.....

Part III sent to the supplying licensee, warehouse officer or distillery officer on.....
.....

Part IV sent to the Excise Officer or other officer in whose jurisdiction the licensed premises of the person holding a sale licence, warehouse or distillery is situated on.....

Intimation of the supply received on.....

Verified with the licensees accounts on.....

Signature of the Inspector, Excise.

Countersigned

Excise officer or other officer
Seal of the officer countersigning the requisition.

No..... Date.....

Rectified Spirit/absolute alcohol supplied on .....

Signature of the person holding a sale licence or of the warehouse/distillery officer.

Countersigned

Excise Officer or other officer
Seal of the officer countersigning the requisition.

No..... Date.....

Rectified Spirit/absolute alcohol supplied on.....

Quantity supplied.....

Signature of the person holding a sale licence or of the warehouse/distillery officer.

Countersigned

Excise Officer or other officer
Seal of the officer countersigning the requisition.

Date..... No.....

Verified from the register of the supplying licensee or the warehouse/distillery on
.....

Intimation of the supply sent to the Excise officer or other officer countersigning the requisition on.....

Signature of the officer in whose jurisdiction the sale licence, warehouse or distillery is situated.

FORM R. S. (4)

[*See* rule 22/(2)]

Permit for the transport of rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol) from the licensed premises of a person holding a sale licence or from a Government warehouse or distillery to the licensed premises of a licencee holding a licence in Form R.S. (2) or R.S. (6).	Permit for the transport of Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol) from the licensed premises of a person holding a sale licence or from a Government warehouse or distillery to the licenced primises of a licensee holding a licence in Form R.S. (2) or R.S. (6).	Permit for the transport of Rectified Spirit including absolute alcohol) from the licensed premises of a person holding a sale licence or from a Government warehouse or distillery to the licensed premises of a licensee holding a licence in Form R.S. (2) or R.S. (6).	Permit for the transport of Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol) from the licensed premises of a person holding a sale licence or from a Government warehouse or distillery to the licensed premise of a licensee holding a licence in in Form R.S. (2) or R.S. (6)
PART I	PART II	PART III	PART IV
To be kept on the record of the office of the officer granting the permit.	To be handed over to the applicant for sending with the consignment.	To be sent to the person holding a sale licence or warehouse officer or distillery officer from whom the Rectified Spirit/absolute alcohol is to be purchased.	To be sent to the Excise officer in whose jurisdiction the licenced premises of the person holding a sale licence or warehouse or distillery is situated.
Counterfoil	Counterfeil	Counterfoil	Counterfoil
(1) Sl. No. (2) Name and address of the person transporting the Rectified Sprit (including absolute alcohol). (3) Licence No. of the transporter. (4) Quantity and description of the spirit. (5) Route.	(1) Sl. No. (2) Name and address of the person transporting the Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol). (3) Licence No. of the transporter. (4) Quantity and description of the spirit. (5) Route.	(1) Sl. No. (2) Name and address of the person transporting the Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol). (3) Licence No. of the transporter. (4) Quantity and description of the spirit. (5) Route.	(1) Sl. No. (2) Name and address of the person transporting the Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol). (3) Licence No. of the transporter. (4) Quantity and description of the spirit. (5) Route.

(6) Name and address of the person holding a sale licence or a Government warehouse or distillery.

(7) No. and date of the requisition order.

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the rules, made thereunder authorising above mentioned transport subject to the following conditions namely :—

(1) The consignment shall not be broken in transit

(2) This permit will remain in force up to.....

Date

Place

Signature of the officer issuing the permit.

Seal of the Officer issuing the permit.

Designation.

(6) Name and address of the person holding a sale licence or a Government warehouse or distillery.

(7) No. and date of the requisition order.

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the rules, made thereunder authosising the above mentioned transport subject to the following conditions, namely

(1) The consignment shall not be broken in transit

(2) This permit will remain in force up to.....

Date

Place

Seal of the officer issuing the permit.

Rectified spirit/absolute alcohol supplied on.. .....

Signature of the person holding a sale licence or of the Officer-in-charge of the warehouse or distillery.

(6) Name and address of the person holding a sale licence or a Government warehouse or distillery.

(7) No. and date of the requisition order.

This permit is granted under and subject to the provision of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the rules, made thereunder authorising the above mentioned transport subject to the following conditions, namely :—

(1) The consignment shall not be broken in transit

(2) This permit will remain in force up to .....

Date

Place

Seal of the officer issuing the permit.

Rectified spirit/absolute alcohol supplied on .....

Signature of the person holding a sale licence or of the the Officer-in-charge of the warehouse or distillery.

(6) Name and address of the person holding a sale licence or a Government warehouse or distillery.

(7) No. and date of the requisition order.

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the rules, made thereunder authorising the above mentioed transport subject to the following conditions, namely :—

(1) The consignment shall not be broken in transit

(2) This permit will remain in force up to.....

Date

Place

Seal of the officer issuing the permit.

Signature of the Officer issuing the permit.

Designation.

FORM R. S. (5)

[*See* rule 23 (1)]

Permit for the transport of Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol).

PART I

Counterfoil.

To be kept on the record of the office of the Officer granting the permit.

(1) Sl. No.

(2) Name and address of the n transporting Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol).....

(3) Licence No. of the transporter.

(4) Quantity and description of the spirit.

(5) Route.

(6) Place from which Rectified it is to be transported.

(7) Place to which Rectified Spirit is to be transported.

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act 1965, and the rules made thereunder authorising the above mentioned transport subject to the following conditions, namely :—

(1) The consignment shall not be en in transit.

(2) This permit shall remain in force up to.....

Date. Signature of the Officer issuing the permit.

Place.

Designation

Seal of the Officer issuing the permit.

Permit for the transport of Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol).

PART II

To be handed over to the transporter for sending with the consignment.

(1) Sl. No.

(2) Name and address of the person transporting Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol).....

(3) Licence No. of the transporter.

(4) Quantity and description of the spirit.

(5) Route.

(6) Place from which Rectified Spirit is to be transported.

(7) Place to which Rectified Spirit is to be transported.

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the rules made thereunder authorising the above mentioned transport, subject to the following conditions, namely.—

(1) The consignment shall not be broken in transit.

(2) This permit shall remain in force up to.....

Date. Signature of the Officer issuing the permit.

Place.

Designation

Seal of the Officer issuing the permit.

Permit for the transport of Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol).

PART III

To be sent to the Excise Officer of the place to which Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol is to be transported.

(1) Sl. No.

(2) Name and address of the person transporting Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol).....

(3) Licence No. of the transporter.

(4) Quantity and description of the spirit.

(5) Route.

(6) Place from which Rectified Spirit is to be transported.

(7) Place to which Rectified Spirit is to be transported.

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the rules made thereunder authorising the above mentioned transport subject to the following conditions namely :—

(1) The consignment shall not be broken in transit.

(2) This permit shall remain in force up to.....

Date. Signature of the Officer issuing the permit.

Place.

Designation.

Seal of the Officer issuing the permit.

FORM R.8. (6)

(See rule 26)

Licence No.....

Licence for the sale of Rectified Spirit

(including absolute alcohol)

Licence is hereby granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, and rules, regulations, and orders made thereunder to ..... of ..... (hereinafter called "the licensee") on payment of a fee of Rs. 50 authorising him to buy, possess and sell Rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol) (hereinafter referred to as "the Spirit") at his shop situated at .... (hereinafter referred to as the "licensed premises") during the period from..... to .... (both days inclusive) subject to the following conditions, namely :—

CONDITIONS.

(1) The licensee shall not keep in his licensed premises any intoxicants other than Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol.

(2) The licensee shall not keep the spirit in any place other than the licensed premises.

(3) The licensee shall not sell spirit except in the licesed premises nor shall he allow the spirit to be consumed in the licensed premises.

(4) The licensee shall not sell or have in his licensed premises adulterated or spurious rectified spirit of any kind.

(5) The licensee shall not rack, vat or bottle the spirit except with the previous permission of the Excise Commissioner.

(6) The licensee shall affix to the front of his licensed premises a sign board inscribed with his name and the words "licensed to sell Rectified Spirit and absolute alcohol".

(7) The licensed premises and all spirit therein contained shall at all times be open for inspection by the Deputy Commissioner or by Excise Officer empowered under the Act.

(8) The windows of the licensed premises shall be securely closed and barred by the licensee with iron bars and wirenetting. There shall be only one entrance to the licensed premises.

(9) The licensee shall maintain day-to-day accounts in a bound-book, paged and stamped with the seal of the Deputy Commissioner or Excise Officer showing the opening balance, receipts, total of both sales and the closing balance. The accounts, the transport permits covering the receipts, the requisitions received from the purchasers and transport permits covering the sales shall at all times be open for inspection by the Deputy Commissioner, or by Excise Officer empowered under the Act.

(10) The licensee shall submit before the 10th of every month his statement of accounts relating to the previous month showing the opening balance, receipts, total of both sales and closing balance of spirit for the previous month.

(11) The licensee shall also maintain such other registers as may be prescribed by the Excise Commissioner under the Act.

(12) The licensee, his heirs, legal representatives, or assigns, shall have no claim whatsoever to the continuance or renewal of this licence after the expiry of the period for which it is granted. It shall be entirely within the discretion of the Deputy Commissioner to permit or not the assignee of the holder of the licence, in case of sale or transfer, or the heir or legal representative of the holder of the licence, in case of death, to have the benefit of the licence for the unexpired portion of the term for which it has been granted.

Granted this.....day of.....19.....

Place.....

Date.....

Deputy Commissioner,

....District.

Seal of the Deputy
Commissioner.

Ext. 226

FORM R. S. (7)

[See rule 38 (1)]

No.....
Requisition for under bond Rectified Spirits or absolute alcohol.

PART I

To be kept with the Excise Officer countersigning the requisition.

Place.....
Date.....

To
The Warehouse/Distillery Officer,
.....

Please supply me/us with .....litres of Rectified Spirit/absoluse alcohol for..... .....purposes. The Number of my Rectified Spirit possession licence issued by the Deputy Commissioner of .....is.....

Yours faithfully,

Signature of the purchaser.

No. .....
Roquisition for under bond Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol.

PART II

(To be handed over to the applicant and to be kept by him with the permit).

Place
Date

To
The Warehouse/Distillery Officer.
.....

Please supply me/us with ... ..litres of Rectified Spirit/absolute alcohol for..... .....purposes. The Number of my Rectified Spirit possession licence issued by the Deputy Commissioner of..... .....is.....

Yours faithfully,

Signature of the purchaser.

No.....
Requisition for under bond Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol..

PART III

(To be sent to the Warehouse or distillery Officer from whom the Rectified Spirit is to be purchased).

Place
Date

To
The Warehouse/Distillery Officer
.....

Please supply me/us with .....litres of Rectified Spirit/absolute alcohol for.... purposes. The Number of my Rectified Spirit possession licence issued by the Deputy Commissioner of ..... is.....

Yours faithfully,

Signature of the purchaser,

No.....
Requisition for under bond Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol.

PART IV

(To be sent to the Excise Officer in whose jurisdiction the Warehouse or distillery is situated).

Place
Date

To
The Warehouse/Distillery Officer
.....

Please supply me/us with .....litres of Rectified Spirit/absolute alcohol for.... purposes. The Number of my Rectified Spirit possession licence issued by the Deputy Commissioner of..... is.....

Yours faithfully,

Signature of the purchaser.

Excise Officer,

Date.....No .....

Seal of the Officer countersigning the requisition.

Part II handed over to the applicant on .....
Part III sent to the warehouse/Distillery Officer on....
Part IV sent to the Excise Officer in whose charge the supplying Warehouse or Distillery is situated on.....
Intimation of the supply received on.....
Verified with the applicants accounts on .....

Signature of the Excise Officer.

Countersigned.

Excise Officer,

Date.....No .....

Seal of the Officer countersigning the requisition.

Rectified Spirit/absolute alcohol supplied on.....

Signature of the supplying Warehouse/Distillery Officer.

Excise Officer.

Date.....No .....

Seal of the Officer countersigning the requisition.

Rectified Spirit/absolute alcohol supplied on .....
Quantity supplied .....

Signature of the supplying Warehouse/Distillery Officer.

Countersigned

Excise Officer.

Date.....No .....

Seal of the Officer countersigning the requisition.

Verified from the register of the supplying Warehouse/ Distillery Officer on.....
Intimation of the supply sent to the Excise Officer countersigning the requisition on..
.....

Signature of the Excise Officer.

FORM R. S. (8)

[*See* rule 38 (4) (c).]

PART I

Transport in bond-permit for Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol.

(For record in the Deputy Commissioner's Office)

No .....of 19 .....
Sri/Sarvasri .....
manufacturers at .....
is/are permitted to transport.....
litres of Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol of the strength of.....
from the Distillery/Warehouse at.....
to his/their bonded laboratory at.....
via.....under the terms of the licence granted to him/them and or the bond executed by him/them with the Deputy Commissioner.

The permit will remain in force up to.....per month on the .....day of.....19.....

Dated .....
Place .....

Deputy Commissioner
of .....

PART II

Transport in bond-permit for Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol.

[For the transporter (s)]

No. .....of 19....

Sri/Sarvasri .....
manufacturers at .....
is/are permitted to transport.....
litres of Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol of the strength of.....
from the Distillery/Warehouse at.....
to his/their bonded laboratory at.....
via.....under the terms of the licence granted to him/them and or the bond executed by him/them with the Deputy Commissioner.

The permit will remain in force up to.....per month on the .....day of.....19 .....
.....litres of Rectified Spirit absolute alcohol as per details in columns 1 to 7 on the reverse have this day been issued.

To
The Officer-in-chargo,
.....manufactory,
Distillery/Warehouse
Officer.

PART III

Transport in bond-permit for Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol.

(To be forwarded to the Distillery/ Warehouse Officer).

No. ..... of 19....

Sri/Sarvasri .....
manufacturers at .....
is/are permitted to transport.....
litres of Rectified Spirit or absolute alcohol of the strength of.....
from the Distillery/Warehouse at.....
to his/their bonded laboratory at.....
via.....under the terms of the licence granted to him/them and or the bond executed by him/them with the Deputy Commissioner.

The permit will remain in force up to.....per month on the .....day of ..... 19.....

Forwarded to the Distillery/Warehouse Officer.....who is directed to issue the spirit mentioned above.

Dated.....19....

Deputy Commissioner,
of .....

REVERSE OF FORM R. S. (8)

Part II														Part III													
Advised								Received						Advised								Received					
Cask, drum or package No.	Registered Capacity	Actual contents	Thermometer indication	Hydrometer indication	Strength	Proof litres	Actual contents	Thermometer indication	Hydrometer indication	Strength	Proof litres	Loss in transit	Increase in transit	Remarks	Cask, drum or package No.	Registered Capacity	Actual contents.	Thermometer indication	Hydrometer indication	Strength	Proof litres	Actual contents	Thermometer indication	Hydrometer indication	Strength	Proof litres	Loss in transit	Increase in transit	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

Returned to the Officer-in-charge of the Bonded Laboratory

at.....

(Columns 1 to 7 having been duly filled in)

Dated.....19.....

Distillery/Warehouse Officer.

Returned to the Distillery/Warehouse Officer.

(Columns 8 to 15 having been duly filled in.)

Dated.....19.....

Officer-in-charge of Laboratory.

Through the Deputy Commissioner of.....

Forwarded

Dated.....19.....

Deputy Commissioner of.....

Endorsement of Officer receiving spirit.

Compared with the permit received from the Distillery/Warehouse Officer and recorded.

Dated.....19.....

Officer-in-charge of Laboratory.

FORM R. S. (9).

(*See* rule 42).

R. S. 2 Licence No.....
Name of the Licensee.....
Period of the Licence.....

Register of account of rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol) received, used and held in balance during the month of.....19.....

Opening balance	Quantity received	Source of supply	Transport permit		Total of columns (2) and (3)	Quantity used	Closing balance	Remarks if any, and initials of the licensee
			No.	Date				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Litres	Litres			Litres	Litres	Litres	

FORM R. S. (10)

(*See* rule 42)

R. S. 2 Licence No.....
Name of the Licensee.....
Period of the Licence .....

Monthly return showing the rectified Spirit (including absolute alcohol) received, used and held in balance during the month of .....19 .

Month	Opening balance on the first day of the month	Quantity purchased	Source of supply	Transport permit		Total of columns (2) and (3)	Quantity used	Closing balance on the last day of the month	Remarks, if any, and initials of the licensee
				Nos.	Date				
1	2	3	4	5		6	7	8	9
	Litres	Litres				Litres	Litres	Litres	

Date:

Signature of the licensee.

FORM R. S. (11)

(*See* rule 42)

R. S. 6 Licence No.....
Name of the Licensee.....
Period of the Licence.....

Register of account of rectified spirit (including absolute alcohol) received, sold and held in balance during the month of..... .....19 .

Date	Opening balance	Quantity received	Source of supply	Transport permit		Total of columns(2) and (3)	Quantity sold in each transaction	Name, licence No. and address of the purchaser	No. and date of the transport permit of purchaser holding R. S. 2 licence	Total quantity sold during the whole day	Closing balance	Remarks, if any, and initials of licensee
				No.	Date							
1	2	3	4	5		6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Litres	Litres				Litres	Litres			Litres	Litres	

FORM R. S. (12)

(*See* rule 42)

R. S. 6 Licence No. .....

Name of the Licensee .....

Period of the Licence .....

Monthly return showing rectified spirit (including absolute alcohol) received, sold and held in balance during the month of .... 19 .

Month	Opening balance on the first day of the month	Quantity received	Source of supply	Number and date of transport permit under which received	Total of columns (2) and (3)	Quantity sold	Closing balance on the last day of the month	Remarks, if any, and initials of the licensee
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Litres	Litres			Litres	Litres	Litres	

Date

Signature of the Licensee.

[HD 61 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore.

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department (Excise).

Printed by the Director of Printing, Stg. & Publications at the Govt. Press, Bl'ore

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2C (i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1967
(ASVIJA 27, SAKA ERA 1889).

No. 231

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, dated the 19th October 1967.

G.S.R. 468. In exercise of the powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1965), the Government of Mysore hereby makes the following rules, the draft of the same having been previously published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the said Act, in Notification G.S.R. No. 433 in Part IV-2-C (i) of the *Mysore Gazette* (Extraordinary), dated 30th September 1967, namely :—

THE MYSORE EXCISE (DISPOSAL OF PRIVILEGES OF RETAIL VEND OF LIQUORS) RULES, 1967.

1. **Title, extent and commencement.**—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise Disposal of Privileges of Retail Vend of Liquors) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to all the areas where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. Definition.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires, "right of retail vend of liquors" means the lease of the right of retail vend of liquors.

3. Lease of the right of retail vend.—Subject to the provisions of these rules, the right of retail vend of liquors shall be disposed of by tender or by auction or by tender-cum-auction or in any other manner as the Excise Commissioner may notify:

Provided that if the disposal is not finalised in any one manner the Excise Commissioner may notify that the right may be disposed of in any other manner.

4. Particulars of the Notification.—(1) When the right of retail vend is to be disposed off by the tender, notification by the Excise Commissioner under rule 3 shall contain the following particulars, namely :—

(i) the name or names of a shop or group of shops of liquors in a taluk/taluks/district/districts to be disposed of;

(ii) the last date, time, and place for receipt of tenders;

(iii) the general conditions governing the tender; and

(iv) the duration of lease.

(2) When the right of retail vend is to be disposed off by auction, the notification by the Excise Commissioner shall contain the following particulars, namely :—

(i) the name or names of a shop or group of shops of liquor in a taluk/taluks/district/districts to be disposed of;

(ii) the date and time and place of auction;

(iii) the general conditions governing the auction, and

(iv) the duration of lease.

(3) When the right of retail vend is to be disposed off by tender-*cum*-auction the notification by the Excise Commissioner shall contain the following particulars, namely :—

(i) the name or names of a shop or group of shops of liquors in a taluk/taluks/district/districts to be disposed off;

(ii) the last date and time and place for receipt of tenders;

(iii) the general conditions governing the tender-*cum*-auction;

(iv) the duration of lease.

5. Deputy Commissioner to conduct auctions.—When action is taken under rule 3, the Deputy Commissioner or the Divisional Commissioner, as the case may be, shall conduct the auctions at the District or Division Headquarters and the Revenue Sub-Division Officer or any other Gazetted Officer of the Revenue or Excise Department not below the rank of an Assistant Commissioner authorised by the Deputy Commissioner shall conduct the auctions in other places.

6. Submission of tenders.—Persons desiring to obtain the right of retail vend may submit their tenders either for any shop or group of shops as notified under rule 3.

7. Conditions to be satisfied.— The submission of tenders shall be subject to the following conditions, namely :—

(*a*) The tender shall be in a sealed cover and addressed to the Deputy Commissioner or Divisional Commissioner or any other officer authorised by him in that

behalf, superscribed "Tenders for the right of retail vend of liquor in the shop or group of shops located in taluk/taluks/ District/Districts..... ....for the year/years..... ...."

(b) The tenders shall be submitted not later than 3 P.M. on the day immediately preceding the date notified for sales.

(c) Not more than one tender shall ordinarily be submitted by any one person. If more than one tender are submitted, only the tender quoting the highest offer shall be considered and the others shall be rejected.

(d) The tenderer shall, for each tender submitted by him, obtain a receipt from the Deputy Commissioner or the Divisional Commissioner or the officer authorised to receive the tender.

(e) The tenders, if they are conditional, shall be rejected.

(f) Every tenderer shall in respect of each tender deposit in cash with the Divisional Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner or other Officer authorised as earnest money an amount equal to ¼ of the shop rental of the previous year of the shop or group of shops for which he tenders or a sum of Rs. 100 for each shop and a multiple thereof for a group of shops as notified for any particular area by the Excise Commissioner in the Sales Notification published in the *Mysore Gazette*.

(g) (i) All the shops lying within a radius of ten kilometres from a town having 10,000 or more population or from a city, belonging to the same taluk shall be clubbed together with that town or city, and shall be treated as a single unit for the purpose of the sales.

(ii) Earnest money for the shops referred to in (i) above will be notified by the Excise Commissioner, in the form of a schedule to the Sale Notifications.

(h) Tenders in respect of which the earnest money is not deposited shall be rejected.

(i) The tenderer referred to at (c) above shall also entitled to bid at the auction.

8. Bids to be called.—On the date notified for auction, the Officer conducting the auction shall call for bids at the time and place notified.

9. Earnest money.—(1) Every bidder at an auction, other than a person who has submitted a tender shall deposit in cash as earnest money the amount specified or fixed under clause (f) of rule 7.

(2) A person who has not deposited the earnest money shall be disqualified from taking part in the auction.

10 Certificates to be produced.—An intending bidder or tenderer shall furnish either a certificate about his solvency issued by a competent gazetted Officer of the Revenue Department as per existing Government Orders or two sureties who shall produce similar solvency certificates or bank guarantee or cash deposit. Such solvency certificate, bank guarantee or cash deposits shall not be less than four times the earnest money fixed under clause (f) of rule 7.

11. Order in which shops are auctioned.—The shop or group of shops, as the case may be, shall be auctioned in the order in which they are notified, unless the officer conducting the auction considers it necessary to change such order.

12. Benami bids not allowed.—No person except a power of attorney holder shall be entitled to bid for another person.

13. Joint tender or joint bid.—(1) A tender submitted or a bid offered jointly by more persons than one shall not be accepted unless such persons are members of a registered company or firm or registered Co-operative Society and the tender or the bid is submitted or made on behalf of such company or firm or registered Co-operative Society ;

(2) The Officer conducting the auction shall refuse to register as a purchaser any person in whose name the bidding has not proceeded.

14. Withdrawal of bid.—A bid once offered or a tender once submitted shall not be withdrawn till a final decision is given.

15. Refusal of bid, etc.—The Officer conducting the auction may, at his discretion, refuse to accept the bid or offer of any person on the ground that it is too low, or that such person has been convicted by a criminal court, or has previously been guilty of such breach of the conditions of a licence or of a contract under the Excise Act as to render such person undesirable as the holder of a licence, or that such a course is necessary to prevent arrangements to the detriment of public interest or for any other valid reason. He may also refuse any bid or offer which he may consider to be purely speculative, after recording his reasons for doing so.

16. Disqualification.—(1) A person holding an office of profit under the State Government or the Central Government shall be disqualified from submitting a tender or bidding at an auction either personally or through another person on his behalf for any shop or group of shops; and

(2) No defaulter who is in arrears of Excise revenue and sales tax relating to Excise Contracts to Government shall be eligible to bid at the auction unless he produces a certificate from the Deputy Commissioner or the Sub-Division Officer or the District Excise Officer or the Assistant District Excise Officer and/or the Commercial Tax Officer stating that the non-payment of arrears due by him is due to its not having been determined, or to its being in dispute or under correspondence. Nor will any other member of the joint family of such a defaulter be eligible to bid at the auction. The heirs of a deceased defaulter shall also be ineligible to bid.

17. Procedure at Sales.—(1) The highest bid received shall be recorded and the signature of the bidder taken to the bidders' list in token of his offer to that bid. No bids shall

be allowed thereafter. Then the tenders if any received for that shop or group of shops shall be opened, and a statement of such tenders indicating the amount of each tender shall be prepared. The Officer conducting the auction may announce the acceptance of the highest offer received whether through a tender or a bid within a period of 48 hours, except in the case of combination of districts the announcement of the acceptance will be made after such combination of districts is put to auction and decision taken thereof within 48 hours. He may reject any tender or bid if in his opinion the same is not satisfactory, in which event, the sale of the shop or group of shops, as the case may be, shall be reserved. The acceptance of an offer or bid by the Officer conducting the auction shall be subject to the condition of confirmation by the Deputy Commissioner or by the Divisional Commissioner and revision by the Excise Commissioner or by Government under sub-rule (2) below. The confirmation of the acceptance of the offer by the Deputy Commissioner or by the Divisional Commissioner shall be effective unless revised by the Excise Commissioner or Government. Confirmation of acceptance of offer by the Deputy Commissioner or Divisional Commissioner shall be necessary whether the sale is held by the Deputy Commissioner or Divisional Commissioner himself or by any other Officer appointed by him.

(2) The Excise Commissioner or the Government may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, revise the decision of the Deputy Commissioner or the Divisional Commissioner confirming the acceptance of an offer or bid, after giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard to the person affected.

(3) In case the bid or offer is rejected by the Officer conducting the auction, or by the Deputy Commissioner or the Divisional Commissioner or in revision by the Excise Commissioner or the Government, the shop or group of shops shall again be disposed off by calling for tenders, auction or by tender-*cum*-auction or by any other method as the Excise Commissioner may direct.

(4) If the Officer conducting the sale rejects the highest bid or offer, he may either accept the next highest bid or offer or re-sell the shop.

(5) As the auction proceeds, each person whose bid or tender is accepted shall at once, if so required by the auctioning authority, or otherwise at the close of the day's sales, make further deposit which together with the earnest money shall make up one month's rent, of each shop or group of shops which he purchased.

(6) If the deposit under sub-rule (5) is not made, the earnest money shall be forfeited to Government and the shops shall be put up again immediately to auction by the officer conducting the auction on the above conditions at the risk of the defaulter who shall be debarred from bidding again for the same or for any other shops.

(7) Successful bidders shall be granted receipts for the amount deposited by them.

18. Sale of reserved shops.—(1) If any shop or group of shops is reserved, under sub-rule (1) of Rule 17, it may be disposed off by the Deputy Commissioner or by the Divisional Commissioner by tender or by any other method. The notification calling for such tenders may be published in the official Gazette at least one week before the last date fixed for receipt of such tenders. The Notification shall contain the particulars regarding the shop or group of shops for which the tenders are called and the place, date and time of receiving such tenders. The notification shall also indicate the place, date and time of opening such tenders.

(2) On the date and at the time and place notified, the Deputy Commissioner or the Divisional Commissioner or other Revenue Officer not below the rank of an Assistant Commissioner deputed by him shall open the tenders, in the presence of such of the tenderers as may be present and a statement of tenders indicating the amount of each tender shall be prepared. The highest offer shall normally be accepted but any such offer may be rejected for reasons to be recorded in writing. The acceptance of any offer

shall be effective unless revised by the Excise Commissioner or Government under sub-rule (3) below.

(3) The Excise Commissioner or Government may for reasons to be recorded in writing revise the decision of the Deputy Commissioner or Divisional Commissioner confirming the acceptance of an offer after giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard to the person affected.

(4) The provisions contained in rules 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 16 and 17 shall apply as regards earnest money to be deposited, qualifications and disqualifications of person submitting tenders and deposits to be made when the tender of any person is accepted.

(5) Where at the initial proceedings for tender-*cum*-auction or any other method, any shop or group of shops is reserved, or the sale of any shop or group of shops, is not confirmed by the Deputy Commissioner or Divisional Commissioner or the acceptance of any bid or tender in respect of a shop or group of shops is set aside by the Excise Commissioner or Government and the Excise Commissioner or Government directs that any such shop or group of shops shall again be disposed of by tender-*cum*-auction or any other method, such disposal shall be made in accordance with these rules.

19. Successful bidder to apply for licence: – Every person to whom the right of retail vend of liquors is sold or whose tender in respect thereof has been accepted under these rules and who has made deposits as hereinbefore provided shall:—

(1) at once apply in writing for a licence for each shop confirmed in his name and within a week thereafter furnish to the Tahsildar the details of boundaries of the site selected by him for the location of the shop and a statement in the prescribed form annexed to this notification showing details of the immovable property possessed by him or in which he has an interest together with accurate and full details of encumbrances, if any, thereon;

(2) within 15 days from the date of sale he shall make such further deposit as with the deposit already made under sub-rule 5 of Rule 17 shall make up 2 months khist of all the shops confirmed in his name unless such amount or larger amount has already been deposited by him.

(3) If on perusal of the statement of immovable property furnished by the purchaser or on independent enquiry, it is found that the purchaser is of doubtful solvency,

(i) such purchaser shall make a deposit of 4 months rent besides the deposit of 2 months rent which he has already made if he has not submitted solvency certificate of his property or that of the property of his sureties;

(ii) he shall execute a mortgage of his immovable property in Mysore worth six months rentals of the shops, in favour of the Governor of Mysore for all moneys that may become due under the terms of the contract with a power of sale in favour of the Governor of Mysore to be exercised in default of payment thereof by the purchaser ; or

(iii) he shall get a surety or sureties who are residents of, and possess sufficient property in the Mysore State, to execute a security bond for the due payment of all money that may become due by him under the terms of the contract and to execute a mortgage deed of his or their immovable property in favour of the Governor of Mysore to be exercised in default of payment thereof by the surety or sureties or by the purchaser.

(4) If the Tahsildar is not satisfied that the value of the immovable property rendered by the purchaser as security is adequate, he may require such person to produce in addition to mortgaging his property, a surety or sureties to be approved by him. Such surety or sureties shall execute a security bond for the amount to cover

the deficiency as determined by the Tahsildar mortgaging his or their property in favour of the Governor of Mysore. The sureties referred to above shall submit to the Tahsildar a statement in the Form annexed to these rules showing details of their immovable property. The purchaser shall be bound to fulfil the aforesaid requirements within fifteen days from the date of sale.

(5) The purchaser shall get the bond and the mortgage deed registered under the Indian Registration Act, 1908 at his expense.

(6) The purchaser or his surety shall produce an encumbrance certificate in cases where immovable property is mortgaged to the Governor of Mysore.

20. Return of deposit.—(1) Earnest money deposited shall be returned in all cases in which the bid or tender is not accepted or an acceptance is not confirmed or a confirmation is set aside, on application.

(2) On failure of any person to comply with the provisions of rules 17 and 19, the deposits already made shall be forfeited and the right of retail vend of liquor in such shop or group of shops disposed of in such manner under these rules, as the Excise Commissioner may direct.

21. Re-sales.—Re-sales to be held under sub-rule (2) of Rule 20 shall be at the risk of the defaulting purchaser who shall not be entitled to any excess amount realised and, in the event of loss to Government, shall be bound to make good the deficiency between the total amount payable for the whole period under the terms of the original sale and the total amount payable by the purchaser at the re-sale. In the latter case the forfeited deposits shall be deducted from the loss arising from the re-sale and the balance, if any, shall be recovered from the defaulter in the same manner as if it were an arrear of land revenue. Should however, the forfeited deposits be greater than the loss by resale, the whole of such deposits shall be credited to Government. The defaulting bidder shall be

similarly liable if the right of retail vend of liquors is disposed off otherwise than by re-sale and such disposal results in loss to Government as compared with the bid amount at the original sale. Disposal otherwise than by resale includes closure of the shop or shops.

22. Manner of depositing.—The deposits under rule 19 may be made either in cash or in Government or other recognised securities. When deposits are made otherwise than in cash, the Deputy Commissioner may demand that they shall be of such higher face value than the cash required as in the circumstances of the market he may think necessary. Where the deposits under this rule are sufficient to cover also deposits made under rules 7, 9 and 17 which have not been refunded as well as deposits under rule 19, the deposits made in cash may be returned to the depositors. In the event of such security depreciating to the extent of rupees 100 or more, the Deputy Commissioner may call upon the depositor to produce further security to the extent of depreciation.

23. Adjustment of deposits.—Deposits in cash unless forfeited or adjusted earlier shall be adjusted towards the final instalments of rents due. But in the case of toddy shops, a sum not exceeding one month's kist may, at the discretion of the Deputy Commissioner, be retained for a period of six months after the close of the year to facilitate the adjustment of any sum that may be found due on account of penalty and like dues, deposits of securities or savings bank pass books, or other documents shall be returned on payment in cash of the full amount of the rent due and of any penalties or other sums recoverable under the terms of the licence or the conditions set forth below unless the depositors wish that Government should take them over, in which case they may be taken over at the discretion of Government at market rates and the balance, if any, due to Government shall be paid in cash. For contravention of these rules or of the general conditions applicable to all excise licences and for any amount due to Government under the terms of the

contract, the securities deposited under the aforesaid provisions of these rules shall be liable to be sold. The balance if any, due after such sale, shall be recoverable in addition to other remedies open, as arrear of land revenue.

24. Applicability of other provisions.—(1) The purchaser shall be bound by all the provisions of the excise laws which are in force or which may come into force and of the rules or regulations which have been or may from time to time be made by the Government or the Excise Commissioner or by any competent authority, as the case may be.

(2) The licence issued under these rules shall be subject to the general conditions applicable to all excise licences and the other conditions set out in these rules.

25. Penalties, etc.—The purchaser of the lease is liable to the penalties prescribed for breaches of the conditions set forth though a formal licence may not have been issued to him. In the event of the purchaser's death his heirs and assigns shall be liable for all moneys that have or may become due to the Government under the terms of the agreement and shall be responsible for the proper observance of all the conditions of the licence.

26. Power of Excise Commissioner to vary number of shops.—The Excise Commissioner shall be empowered to increase or decrease, the number of shops notified or shift an existing shop to another place at any time during the lease period.

27. Deputy Commissioner's powers.—(1) The Deputy Commissioner may fix the maximum and minimum rates of retail vend, if he considers it necessary to protect Government's interest, or to check unhealthy competition among the licensees and the licensees shall be bound by such fixation.

(2) The Deputy Commissioner may for reasons to be recorded in writing direct that any liquor shop shall be shifted from its licensed premises to any other premises.

(3) Before making an order under sub-rules (1) and (2) the Deputy Commissioner shall give a reasonable opportunity to the licensee of being heard.

23. Repeal and Savings.—All rules corresponding to the foregoing rules framed under any enactment repealed by section 72 of the Act are hereby repealed:

Provided that the repeal shall not affect—

(*a*) the previous operation of the rules so repealed or anything duly done or suffered thereunder, or

(*b*) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under any rule so repealed, or

(*c*) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any rule so repealed, or

(*d*) any investigation or legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid, and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as if such rules had not been repealed:

Provided further that subject to the preceding provisions anything done or any action taken (including any appointment or delegation made, notification, order, instructions or direction issued, form, certificate obtained, permit or licence granted or registration effected) under any such rules shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these rules) and shall continue to be in force accordingly, unless and until superseded by anything done or any action taken under the Act or these rules as the case may be.

FORM

[*See* rule No. 19 (1) and (4)]

List of immovable property by successful bidder of

_____ Shop

surety of the successful bidder of
No ..... at ..... taluk ..... district
for the lease 19 to 19

(1) Name
(2) Father's Name
(3) Residence and address
(4) Occupation

(5) (I) Particulars of immovable property possessed

District	Taluk	Village and name of street in case of houses	Survey numbers and door numbers in case of houses	Extent	WET or DRY	Assessment	Market Value per acre in the case of land	Registered in whose name, if pattadar, patta number
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

(II) What is the nature and extent of your ownership or interest in the above property?

(III) Are there any existing encumbrances on the above property? If so, nature and amount of each such encumbrance should be noted.

(IV) Are there any other claims upon the property shown in Head (I) above? If so, the nature and amount of such claim should be stated.

I, ... son of .... residing at .... hereby solemnly declare that the facts about my property above stated are complete and true and that there are no encumbrances thereon beyond those shown in Head (III) above and I shall not encumber/further encumber any of the property shown in statement above without the previous intimation in writing to the Tahsildar ..... taluk.

Witness .....

Address ....

Date ..... Signature .....

NOTE :—1. Under Head (I), it should be stated whether the property is the sole or joint family property of the declarant; if joint family, the share of the declarant and value thereof should be stated.

2. Under Head (IV) should be noted interests in or claims on the property other than those noted under Head (II), *e.g.*, claims on account of dowry or stridhanam.

3. The Tahsildar should question the deponent further, if necessary, in order to elucidate his statement and should record the replies which should be signed by the deponent and the Tahsildar and attached to this declaration.

[No. HD 72 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore

M. G. KRISHNA,

Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department (Excise).

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore.

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2 C (i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1967
(ASVIJA 27, SAKA ERA 1889). | No. 232

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore dated the 19th October 1967.

G. S. R. 469.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), the Government of Mysore hereby makes the following rules, the draft of the same having been previously published, as required by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the said Act, in Notification G.S.R. No. 434 in Part IV–2–C(i) of the *Mysore Gazette* (Extraordinary) dated 30th September 1967, namely:—

THE MYSORE EXCISE LICENCES (GENERAL CONDITIONS) RULES, 1967.

1. Title, extent and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise Licences (General Conditions) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to all the areas of the State of Mysore, where the Mysore excise Act, 1965 is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. Application.—These rules shall apply to all licences issued under the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 for sale of liquors and every such licence shall be deemed to include the conditions prescribed by these rules as general conditions.

3. Definition.—In these rules, 'shop' means the licensed premises where liquor is sold and "licensee" means a person to whom a licence to sell liquor has been granted.

4. Commencement of business.—Licensee shall commence his business on the 1st July or such date as may be notified by the Excise Commissioner and shall keep open on every day during such hours as may be fixed by the Excise Commissioner.

Explanation.—Any shop shall be deemed to be open when in the case of liquor shop so much of stock is always kept in the shop so as to meet the requirements for a week and in case of toddy shops to the extent of daily requirements.

5. Shop to be approved.—(1) The licensee shall select a suitable site outside but adjacent to a village for locating his shop.

(2) The Deputy Commissioner shall, after consulting the village panchayat and making such enquiry as he thinks fit, may approve the site so selected.

(3) After such approval the description of the shop shall be entered in the licence to be issued.

(4) The licensee shall sell liquor only in the approved shop and shall not sell any other article in the said premises.

6. Sign boards, etc.—Every licensee shall affix a sign board in a conspicuous place of the shop showing the nature of the shop, number of licence and retail price in such language as may be understood by the majority of the residents in the locality.

7. Entrance and Exit.--There shall be only one and the same entrance and exit for the shop.

8. Mixture prohibited.—The licensee shall not mix any material injurious to the health or mix anything to decrease or increase the strength of the liquor or its intoxicating power.

9. Employment of women and certain others prohibited.—(1) The licensee shall not employ any woman other than his family member.

(2) He shall not employ any person who has been convicted.

(3) The licensee shall not employ, in any capacity, a person who is below the age of 18 years or a person who is suffering from any contagious disease.

10. Liquor not to be sold to certain persons, etc.—(1) No liquor shall be sold or otherwise given to the following persons, namely :—

(*a*) insane persons ;

(*b*) persons known or believed to be drunk ;

(*c*) persons known or suspected to be about to take part in a riot or disturbance of public peace or any other crime ;

(*d*) Excise officials, Police Officers, Railway Servants and Motor bus Chauffeur, on duty, or in uniform;

(e) persons below the age of 18 years.

(2) No quantity of liquor shall be allowed to be taken out of the shop except to the extent permitted by the rules under Mysore Excise Act, 1965.

11. Licensee not to permit certain acts.—Gambling, dance, gathering, feast or any kind of entertainment or unlawful act shall not be permitted in the shop.

12. Intimation to Police Officers.—The licensee shall give intimation to the police officers of any thief or person suspected to have committed any offence when such person is in his shop.

13. Customers not to be allowed to stay at night.—The licensee shall not allow any person other than a member of his family or his authorised servant in the shop during nights after the time fixed for closing the shop.

14. Sales only for cash.—No liquor shall be sold except for cash.

15. Payment of rent, etc.—(1) The rent payable to Government in respect of the shop shall be credited by the licensee in the Government Taluk or District Treasury wherein the shop is situated. Every month's rent shall be credited before the fifth of that month without interest and upto 15th or the following working day if 15th happens to be a holiday with interest of 6¼% per annum. The interest shall be levied on the outstanding balance as long as they stand undischarged irrespective of the expiry of the lease period. If the rent for any month is not remitted together with the interest even by the end of the month the lease shall be deemed to have been determined and the right to vend of liquor shall be re-auctioned and the licence issued shall stand cancelled.

(2) The lease shall be determined and the licence cancelled in the case of tappings of the trees without payment of duty thereof on behalf of the licensee and tree tax

and tree rent is not remitted immediately, after they are booked for infraction.

(3) The District Excise Officer may stop the issue of the allotted liquor or trees for the realisation of rent, tree tax and tree rent.

(4) If the rent, tree tax and tree rent are not credited even in respect of any one shop of the group of shops of the licensee, the lease shall be determined and the licence cancelled and the group of shops may be put to re-auction.

(5) The advance rent deposited by the licensee before the commencement of the lease shall be adjusted towards the rent of the last month of the lease period.

16. Suspension of licence.—(1) The licence may be suspended by the Deputy Commissioner when the licensee makes default in payment of the rent, tree tax and tree rent of any shop or group of shops.

(2) When a licence is suspended, the Deputy Commissioner may make alternate arrangements for the sale of liquor. Any loss which the Government may incur in this behalf may be recovered from the licensee and the Deputy Commissioner may forfeit the deposits either in full or in part with the approval of the Excise Commissioner.

17. Transfer of lease not permitted.—The right of retail vend of liquor shall not be transferred by the licensee except with the previous permission of the Deputy Commissioner.

18. Only authorised persons to be in charge.—The licensed shop shall not be put in charge of any person other than one authorised by the licensee by a nowkarnama issued in consultation with the Excise Inspector. The licensee shall be bound by all acts of the person so authorised.

19. Report of breach.—Every breach of the conditions of the licence or the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 by any servant of the licensee or other person shall immediately be reported by the licensee to the Excise Officer and the licensee shall comply with the orders of the Excise Officer in this behalf.

20. Licensee not to be interested in Excise Officer.—No licensee shall have any pecuniary transactions with the Officers of the Department of Excise, Police or Revenue.

21. Inspection.—(1) The following Officers shall be authorised to inspect any shop :—

(*a*) Any Excise Officer not below the rank of an Assistant Inspector.

(*b*) Any Revenue Officer not below the rank of Tahsildar.

(*c*) Any Gazetted Officer of the Medical or Health Department.

(2) The licensee shall produce the receptacles kept for measurements of the liquor at the time of Inspection.

(3) The licensee shall maintain an inspection book and other registers as may be prescribed by the Excise Commissioner and keep a record of all inspection notes and make proper entries. The Inspection Book shall be delivered to the Excise Officer on the termination of the lease period.

22. Conviction entails cancellation of all licences.—Where a licensee holds more than one licence and he is convicted for breach of conditions of any one of such licences, the other licences also may be cancelled.

23. Shifting of shops.—The licensee shall not shift the licensed premises from one place to another without the prior approval of the Deputy Commissioner.

24. Licensee not entitled to compensation.—Where a licence is cancelled during the currency of the licence, the licensee shall not be entitled to any compensation of any kind.

[No. HD 76 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. G. KRISHNA,
Under Secretary to Government,
Home Department.

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2.C (i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1967
(ASVIJA 27, SAKA ERA 1889)

No. 233

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore dated the 19th October 1967.

G.S.R. 470.—The following draft of the Mysore Excise (Confiscated Articles Disposal) Rules, 1967 which the Government of Mysore proposes to make in exercise of powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), read with sections 43 and 44 of the said Act and in supersession of all rules, orders and notifications on the subject made or issued under any enactment repealed by section 72 of the said Act, is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 3rd November 1967.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft by the State Government before the aforesaid date, will be considered by the Government of Mysore. Objections or suggestions may be addressed to the Secretary to Government, Home Department, Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore-1.

1. **Title and extent.**—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Confiscated Articles Disposal) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to all the areas of the State of Mysore, where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 is in force.

2. **Confiscated Articles to be made over to the Deputy Commissioner.**—Subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, when any article, animal or thing is duly confiscated either by the order of court or otherwise, such article, animal or thing shall be made over to the Deputy Commissioner for disposal or be disposed off according to the rules hereinafter contained.

3. **Potable liquor.**—(1) Confiscated potable liquor, if it is in sealed bottles or in other receptacles, the contents of which may reasonably be believed not to have been tampered with, shall be disposed off in the following manner, namely:—

(i) Such liquor shall be disposed off by public auction after fixing a reserve price which shall be not less than seventy-five per cent of the ordinary local price of such liquor (excluding taxes and duties) in the case of bottled liquor, with the seals intact and fifty per cent of the ordinary local price of such liquor (excluding taxes and duties) in the case of loose liquor, to the highest bidder provided that the bid offered does not exceed the maximum price, if any, fixed by the Government or Excise Commissioner and that such bidder holds a licence to sell liquor under the Mysore Excise Act or the rules and orders made thereunder.

(ii) If no adequate bid is received in auction, a report shall be made to the Excise Commissioner for orders regarding its disposal and the goods disposed off as per the orders.

(2) All other confiscated liquor, except potable spirits, rectified spirit and absolute alcohol shall be destroyed and potable spirits and rectified spirits and absolute alcohol shall be sent to the Excise Commissioner for redistillation or such other disposal as he may deem fit.

4. Denatured Spirit.— All confiscated denatured spirit other than that in bottles bearing the seal of an Excise Officer shall be destroyed if it is less than five litres. The denatured spirit in bottles bearing the seal as aforesaid shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder provided he holds a licence for the retail sale of denatured spirit. In all other cases a sample of such denatured spirit shall be sent to the Chemical Examiner to the Government of Mysore for analysis as to whether it conforms to the specification of denatured spirit permitted for sale. If the analysis shows that the confiscated denatured spirit conforms to such specifications, it shall be sold to the highest bidder provided he holds a licence for the wholesale sale of the denatured spirit. If no adequate bid is received in auction a report shall be made to the Excise Commissioner for orders regarding its disposal and it shall be disposed off in accordance with those orders. If the analysis shows that the confiscated denatured spirit does not conform to the specifications a report shall be made to the Excise Commissioner and the denatured spirit disposed off as per the orders.

5. Methyl Alcohol and Higher Alcohols —All confiscated methyl alcohol or higher alcohol shall be destroyed.

6. Medicinal and Toilet Preparations containing Alcohol, Perfumed Spirits and Alcoholic Essences. —(1) All confiscated toilet preparations, perfumes and essences containing alcohol other than essences used in the manufacture of potable liquors shall be sold by public auction:

Provided that where such articles are not of the nature, quality and substances which they purport to be, they shall be destroyed.

(2) Essences containing alcohol used in the manufacture of potable liquors shall be destroyed, if they are found not fit for use by the Chemical Examiner.

7. Toddy and Neera.—Confiscated toddy and neera shall be destroyed.

8. Intoxicating Drugs.—(1) All confiscated hemp and intoxicating drugs other than Ganja and Bhang shall be destroyed.

(2) All confiscated Ganja and Bhang if less than fifty grams in weight shall be destroyed.

(3) All confiscated Ganja or Bhang which on examination is found to be unfit for human consumption shall, with the previous sanction of the Excise Commissioner, be destroyed.

(4) All confiscated Ganja or Bhang, if fifty grams or more in weight, and found not unfit for human consumption shall be sent to the Officer-in-charge of the State Huzur Treasury, Bangalore or such other Officer as the Excise Commissioner may nominate.

(5) The Officer referred to in clause (4) shall utilise the Ganja and Bhang sent to him, under the said clause for issue in packets to permit holders. Any Ganja or Bhang out of the stock sent to him, if found by him to be unfit for human consumption shall with the previous sanction of the Excise Commissioner be destroyed by him.

(6) The said Officer shall maintain a register showing proper accounts of the receipts and subsequent disposal of the confiscated Ganja and Bhang sent to him under clause (4).

9. Mhowra Flowers and Molasses.—(1) Confiscated mhowra flowers and molasses, if deemed fit for use, may be sold to any person holding a licence for sale of the same under the Act or any rules, regulation or order made thereunder.

(2) Where mhowra flowers or molasses cannot be so sold, they shall be destroyed.

10. Destruction of articles to be in the presence of responsible officer.—Whenever any confiscated articles or hemp has to be destroyed in conformity with these rules,

it shall be destroyed in the presence of the Magistrate or officer ordering the confiscation or forfeiture, as the case may be, or in the presence of the Excise Officer not lower in rank than that of an Inspector.

11. Other articles.—(1) All confiscated articles other than those dealt within the preceding rules shall, unless otherwise directed by the Excise Commissioner, in any particular case, be put up to auction and sold to the highest bidder, but if there is no bid they shall be destroyed.

(2) Stills and all implements and apparatus for the manufacture of liquor or intoxicating drugs shall be broken up or otherwise rendered useless for such manufacture before being offered for sale.

(3) Confiscated utensils and such other articles of metal shall, if the Excise Commissioner so orders, be broken up or rendered useless before they are offered for sale.

12. Disposal to be deferred till time for appeal has expired except in certain cases.—The sale or other disposal of confiscated articles shall be deferred till the period of limitation for appeal against the order of the court, Excise Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner or any other Officer ordering confiscation has expired or if an appeal is made against such order, till the appeal is finally disposed off :

Provided that :—

(a) in the case of a confiscated animal, the sale shall not be so deferred unless the owner thereof deposits with the Deputy Commissioner or other authorised Officer such sum as that officer deems to be sufficient for the feeding and upkeep of such animal, till the end of the period required for preferring an appeal or till the disposal of such appeal as the case may be ;

(b) if the article confiscated is liable to speedy and natural decay or if the disposal thereof would be for the benefit of the owner, it may be sold immediately and if the

sale of such thing is not advantageous to the owner, the Deputy Commissioner or other authorised Officer may direct it to be destroyed.

13. Procedure to be adopted if order of confiscation be reversed.—If an order of confiscation of any intoxicant or hemp or other thing be reversed on appeal, such articles, hemp or thing or the sale proceeds thereof and the balance of the amount if any deposited for feeding, upkeep or safe custody thereof after deduction of the expenditure, if any, incurred in its maintenance shall be returned to the owner thereof, or his duly authorised agent. If no one appears within two months from the date of order on appeal to claim such article hemp or thing or the sale proceeds thereof, the same shall be handed over to the police for disposal in accordance with the provisions of the Mysore Police Act, 1963.

14. Unclaimed confiscated intoxicants.—Intoxicants and hemp in respect of which an offence has been committed and the offender is not known or cannot be found and intoxicants and hemp which are found unclaimed in railways and in the Post Office shall when forwarded to the Excise Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner be dealt with under these rules.

15. Confiscated articles in cases compounded.—Any intoxicant, hemp, mhowra flowers or molasses and any other property if any confiscated in a case compounded under section 45 of the Act shall be disposed off in accordance with these rules.

16. Repeal and Savings.—All rules corresponding to these rules framed under any of the Acts repealed under section 72 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 are hereby repealed :

Provided that such repeal shall not affect the previous operation of the said rules and anything done under the said rules shall be deemed to have been done under these rules.

[No. HD 48 EFL 67]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

N. LAKSHMAN RAU,
Secretary to Government,
Home Department.

Printed by the Director of Printing, Stg. & Publications at the Govt. Press, Bldg.

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C(i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1967
(ASVIJA 27, SAKA ERA 1889).

No. 234

HOME SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, dated the 9th October 1967

G. S. R. 471.—The following draft of the Mysore Excise (Arrack Vend Special Conditions of Licence) Rules, 1967, which the Government of Mysore proposes to make in exercise of powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), and in supersession of all rules, orders and notifications on the subject made or issued under any enactment repealed by section 72 of the said Act, is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 3rd November 1967.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft by the State Government before the aforesaid date, will be considered by the Government of Mysore. Objections or suggestions may be addressed to the Secretary to Government, Home Department, Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore-1.

DRAFT RULES

1. Title and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Arrack Vend Special Conditions of Licence) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall come into force at once.

2. Licence to sell arrack of prescribed strength, etc.—(1) Every licensee licensed to vend arrack by retail sale shall sell only arrack of prescribed strength.

(2) No arrack except that obtained from a distillery or warehouse or an authorised depot shall be kept or sold in the premises licensed to sell arrack.

3. Counter to be constructed.—The licensee to vend arrack shall construct a counter in the shop not more than one metre high.

4. Retail price.—The licensee to vend arrack may fix such retail price of arrack as he deems fit.

5. Licensee to buy arrack only from depot, etc.—(1) The licensee to vend arrack shall purchase all the quantity of arrack to be sold in his shop from such depot, distillery or warehouse as the Excise Commissioner may notify and he shall pay the issue price therefor at such rates as may be prescribed from time to time at the depot, warehouse or distillery.

(2) No arrack shall be issued less than 4.550 litres at a time from the distillery, warehouse or depot.

6. Consignments to be under seal.—All the consignments of arrack issued from the distillery, warehouse or depot shall be sealed by the Officer in charge of the depot, warehouse or distillery in such a manner that the letters of the seal are distinct. The licensee shall be responsible for

the breakage of seal in transit. The licensee shall have to furnish receptacles and bottles for sample arrack that can be effectively closed and sealed for the transport of the arrack issued from the distillery, warehouse or depot. Receptacles which cannot be closed and sealed shall not be used.

7. Only wooden receptacles or jars to be used.—Arrack shall not be kept for sale or transport except in wooden receptacles or porcelain jars.

8. Sample bottle not to be opened.—A sample bottle of arrack shall have minimum capacity of 750 millilitres. The licensee shall not break the seal and sell the arrack contained in the sample bottle issued by the distillery, warehouse or depot, until the consignment of the arrack relating to it is completely sold.

9. Mixture not permitted.—Fresh stocks of arrack shall not be mixed with the previous stocks.

10. Rods, etc.—(1) The licensee shall keep gauge rods and receptacles certified by the Excise Inspector concerned in the shop to facilitate the measurement during inspection.

(2) The licensee shall use metric measures for the sale of arrack.

11. Accounts.—The licensee shall maintain correct daily accounts and submit the same to the concerned inspector before 5th of the succeeding month. He shall preserve all permits covering the receipts of the shop in a serial order. He shall maintain an inspection book at the shop. The registers are the property of the Government and the licensee shall return them to the concerned Excise Officer at the expiry of his licence.

12. License to abide by rules.—Every licensee shall be bound to observe the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and rules, regulations or orders made thereunder from time to time.

[No. HD 77 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

N. LAKSHMAN RAU,
Secretary to Government,
Home Department.

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV— 2-C (i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1967
(KARTHIKA 4, SAKA ERA 1889)

No. 241

HOME SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION

Bangalore, dated 26th October 1967

G. S. R. 478. The following draft of the Mysore Excise (Intoxicating Drugs) Rules, 1967, which the Government of Mysore proposes to make in exercise of powers conferred by Section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 10th November 1967.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft by the State Government before the aforesaid date, will be considered by the Government of Mysore. Objections or suggestions may be addressed to the Secretary to Government, Home Department, Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore-1.

THE MYSORE EXCISE (INTOXICATING DRUGS) RULES, 1967.

1. *Title, extent and commencement.*—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Intoxicating Drugs) Rules, 1967.

(2) These rules shall extend to all the areas of the State of Mysore where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. *Definitions.*—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires :

(*a*) "Act" means the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 ;

(*b*) "Authorised Officer" means the Deputy Commissioner or the Officer duly authorised by the Deputy Commissioner to perform any functions under these rules ;

(*c*) "Commissioner" means the Excise Commissioner in Mysore ;

(*d*) "Form" means a Form appended to these rules ;

(*e*) "Licence" means a licence granted under these rules ;

(*f*) "Officer-in-charge of the Warehouse or Warehouses" or "Officer-in-charge" means any Excise Officer or any other Officer appointed under these rules to be in charge of a bonded warehouse ;

(*g*) "Permit" means a permit granted under these rules ;

(*h*) "Veterinary Surgeon" means and includes an Assistant Veterinary Surgeon and all Officers of the Veterinary Department of and above the rank of Veterinary Inspectors.

PART I

THE CULTIVATION OF HEMP AND THE MANUFACTURE OF GANJA THEREFROM.

3. *Licence required for the cultivation of Hemp.*—The cultivation of Hemp shall be permitted only under a licence in Form M.E.I. I granted by the Commissioner in such areas of the State as he may from time to time notify.

4. *Particulars in application for licence.*—(1) Every application for a licence in Form M.E.I. I shall contain the following particulars, namely :—

(*a*) Name, age and residence of applicant ;

(*b*) Applicant's father's name ;

(*c*) Survey No., and name of the village in which the survey number is situated ;

(*d*) Estimated area of the survey number where the licensee proposes to cultivate hemp ;

(*e*) Whether the applicant has any previous experience of hemp cultivation.

(2) The application for licence shall be made by the occupant or with the special permission of the occupant, by the tenant of the land on which it is intended to cultivate hemp. It shall be presented to the Deputy Commissioner who after making necessary enquiries, shall forward the same to the Commissioner.

(3) Applications shall be submitted only when they are called for by the Commissioner by notification and within the time specified in the notification.

5. *Suitability of holdings for cultivation.*—Licences may be granted only to such applicants whose lands are so situated as to render supervision effective and easy and depending on the stock and estimated demand of ganja for the next three years.

6. *Refusal of licence.*—No licence shall be granted to a person who has been convicted of any offence against Excise, Opium or Prohibition Laws or who is suspected of having illicitly dealt in ganja grown or manufactured by him or by others during the period of ten years, previous to the application or who did not prepare ganja in the previous years according to instructions issued.

7. *Grant of licences.*—(1) Licences in Form M.E.I.I will be granted by the Commissioner in his discretion.

(2) The Commissioner shall be at liberty, with the approval of the Government, to grant to a single individual or a firm the exclusive privilege of cultivation of hemp and manufacture of ganja in selected localities.

8. *Fees for Licences.*—Applications for licences shall accompanied by a challan for having credited a sum of rupees five only, and all licences in Form M.E.I. I shall be granted subject to payment of a licence fee of rupees one hundred for every acre of land permitted to be cultivated for hemp.

9. *Watch and Ward Staff for cultivation and their duties.*—(1) The Commissioner shall appoint such watch and ward staff as he deems fit to watch the progress of crop raised, to explain to the cultivators as to how and when ganja should be prepared, and to prevent the fraudulent disposal of the plant or any part thereof or the ganja by the cultivator.

(2) As soon as ganja is manufactured, the packages or bundles thereof shall be duly sealed and their gross weights as well as the net weights of the ganja contained in them entered in a register kept for the purpose by an officer not lower in rank than that of Excise Inspector under the signature of himself, village officials and cultivators. Such bundles or packages shall then be forthwith removed by the cultivator under a transport permit granted by Deputy

Commissioner and under an escort of an Officer not lower in rank than Excise Inspector to such place as may be ordered by the Commissioner. The bundles or packages after receipt in the place of destination shall be locked up in a room under the seal of the officer-in-charge or any other Officer and acknowledgements for the receipt of the bundles with the seals intact and with their weights shall be given to the cultivator and Excise Officer by the said Officer-in-charge, receiving the packages.

10. *Licensee to sell ganja to Government.*—The licensee shall not sell any quantity of ganja produced by him to any person, other than Government and shall be paid such price as may be fixed by the Commissioner, having regard to the cost of production, extent of acreage cultivation, quality of ganja produced and other factors which he deems fit to consider at the time of such fixation.

11. *Quality of ganja to be supplied.*—The ganja supplied should be free, as far as possible, from stalk and seeds and well pressed into cakes and of a quality fit to be issued for consumption. All ganja not approved by the Commissioner or by any Officer specially deputed by him will be destroyed and the cultivator cannot claim any remuneration therefor.

12. *Commissioner's Order final.*—The Commissioner's decision as regards the remuneration payable or the rejection and destruction of any quantity of ganja shall be final.

13. *Hemp Plants growing on land not licensed for the purpose to be uprooted.*—No person who has not obtained a licence under these rules shall cultivate hemp or allow the same to grow in any land in his possession or under his charge; and it shall be the duty of every such person to cause all hemp plants growing on such lands whether spontaneous or otherwise to be uprooted as soon as he is, or has reason to be aware of their existence on such land.

14. *Responsibility of Village Officials.*—The village officials shall be primarily responsible to see that no clandestine cultivation of hemp is carried on in their respective villages. When such cultivation is discovered, they shall give immediate information thereof to the Excise Officer for necessary action.

15. *Prevention of spontaneous growth of hemp plant.*—The Village, Excise and Police Officers shall destroy all the hemp plants which spontaneously grow in Government unoccupied lands.

16. *Supplementary Instructions.*—The Commissioner may issue such supplementary instructions as he deems necessary with regard to the cultivation of hemp and manufacture and transport of ganja and payment of remuneration therefor to the cultivator. He may also issue supplementary instructions regarding the transport, storing, disposal or destruction of charas that may be manufactured with the ganja.

PART II

The Establishment, Management and Control of Warehouses for Ganja

17. *Warehouses.*—(1) The place or places where ganja manufactured under these rules shall be deposited, shall be in charge of such officer or officers as the Commissioner may authorise. The key of the warehouse shall be in the custody of such officers and the warehouse shall be opened and closed by him or in his presence.

(2) The stock in the warehouse shall be reweighed on the 30th of June of every year and also at other times if so ordered by the Commissioner. The reweighment shall always be in the presence of a Committee of not less than three gazetted officers to be nominated by the Commissioner.

18. *Days and hours during which Warehouse shall be open.*—Every warehouse shall be open on all days other than Sundays and public holidays during working hours except in the case of a warehouse where the Commissioner has fixed by executive orders, certain days in a week for purposes of issue of ganja. Permits for issue of ganja shall be received on all working days from the hours of 11 A.M. to 3 P.M. If found necessary by the Officer-in-charge, the warehouse may be opened on Sundays and public holidays for the purpose of rearranging packages, ascertaining weights, removing or destroying refuse ganja, receiving consignments of fresh ganja or cleaning the premises, etc., or for the purpose of performing any urgent Government work. All operations in the warehouse shall be carried out under the personal supervision of the Officer-in-charge of the warehouse.

19. *Unauthorised persons not to have access to warehouse or stock.*—No unauthorised person shall have access to the warehouse or to the stock nor shall any person interfere in any way with the stock.

20. *Inspection.*—The Officer-in-charge of the warehouse shall maintain an inspection register paged and stamped with the seal of either the Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner wherein will be noted all the operations of the warehouse including the date, and the time, when the warehouse was opened and closed and the work carried out in the warehouse.

21. *Accounts.*—The Officer-in-charge of the warehouse shall maintain true accounts of transactions in the warehouse in Forms M.E.I. I, II and III. He shall also maintain such other accounts in such forms as the Commissioner may from time to time prescribe.

22. *Destruction.*—If the Officer-in-charge of the warehouse finds during his periodical inspections that any ganja has deteriorated or is deteriorating he shall immediately report the matter to the Commissioner

who shall make arrangements either for its immediate issue or disposal or destruction. The refuse or dust on ganja accumulated at the warehouse and ganja accumulated at the warehouse and ganja which is due for destruction as ordered by the Commissioner shall be destroyed only in the presence of either the Commissioner or such other Officers as he may authorise. Before actually destroying, the Officer or Officers, in whose presence the ganja refuse or dust are to be destroyed, shall satisfy himself or themselves by actually weighing it, that the quality of such ganja refuse or dust is in accordance with that shown in the register.

PART III

Possession, Sale, Import, Export and Transport.

23. *Licence to Registered Medical Practitioners.*—(1) Any Registered Medical Practitioner desiring to possess any intoxicating drug for use as an ingredient in any medicine and to sell medicine containing intoxicating drug on prescription shall make an application to the Deputy Commissioner in that behalf.

(2) On receipt of an application under rule (1), the Deputy Commissioner may make such inquiries as he deems necessary and if he is satisfied that there is no objection to grant the licence applied for, he may grant the applicant a licence in Form M.E.I. IV on payment of a fee of rupees twenty.

24. *Licence to Manufacturers.*—(1) Any person on behalf of an institution, or any manufacturer of medicines desiring to possess any intoxicating drug for use as an ingredient in the preparation of any medicine and to sell medicines containing intoxicating drug may make an application to the Deputy Commissioner for a licence in that behalf.

(2) On receipt of an application under sub-rule (1) the Deputy Commissioner may make such enquiries as he deems necessary and if he is satisfied that there is no objection to grant the licence applied for, he may grant the applicant a licence in Form M.E.I. V on payment of rupees fifty.

25. *Licence to sell medicines containing intoxicating drugs.*—(1) Any person desiring to possess and sell medicines containing intoxicating drugs may make an application to the Deputy Commissioner for a licence in that behalf.

(2) On receipt of an application under sub-rule (1) the Deputy Commissioner may make such enquiries as he deems necessary and if he is satisfied that there is no objection to grant the licence applied for, he may, grant the applicant a licence in Form M.E.I. VI on payment of a fee of rupees twenty.

26. *Permit for consumption by animal.*—(1) Any owner of cattle or any domestic animal desiring to possess any intoxicating drug for administrating it to his cattle or domestic animal on medical grounds may make an application to the Deputy Commissioner for a permit or to such other Officer authorised by the Deputy Commissioner in that behalf.

(2) On receipt of an application under sub-rule (1) the Deputy Commissioner or other authorised Officer, as the case may be, may make such enquiries as he deems necessary and if he is satisfied that there is no objection to grant the permit applied for, he may, grant the permit in Form M.E.I. VII on payment of a fee of rupee one:

Provided that no such permit shall be granted unless the administration of the intoxicating drug has been recommended for the cattle or domestic animal by the Veterinary Surgeon.

27. *Quantity.*—(1) A licence in Form M.E.I. IV or M.E.I. V shall be granted in respect of such quantity of intoxicating drug as may be fixed by the Deputy Commissioner in that behalf.

(2) A permit in Form M.E.I. VII shall be in respect of such quantity of intoxicating drug as the case may be, as is necessary in each case having due regard to the number of cattle or domestic animals, the dosage prescribed and the recommendation of the Veterinary Surgeon.

28. *Duration of Licence.*—(1) No licence or permit under these rules shall be granted for a period beyond the 30th of June next following the date of the commencement of the licence or permit as the case may be.

(2) No licence or permit shall be granted to a person under 21 years of age.

PART IV

29. *Place of Sale.*—Intoxicating drugs shall be issued only from the Government Treasuries or such other places as the Government may from time to time direct.

30. *Wholesale Issues.*—Intoxicating drugs required for sale at a Government Treasury for consumption or use in manufacture may be obtained from the Central warehouse established by the State Government for this purpose or from such other places outside the State as the Commissioner may direct.

31. *Prohibition of Sale in other place.*—Intoxicating drug shall not be sold except in places established under rule 29 :

Provided that a person holding a licence in Form M.E.I. IV, M.E.I. V or M.E.I. VI, may sell medicines containing bhang to the extent and subject to the conditions laid down in his licence.

PART V

Import, Export and Transport

32. *Import of Intoxicating Drugs.*—Subject to the provisions of these rules and any other rules in this behalf no intoxicating drug shall be imported from any place outside the State of Mysore except by or on behalf of the Commissioner.

33. *Application for and grant of Import Permit.*—(1) Any person holding a licence in Form M.E.I. IV, M.E.I. V or M.E.I. VI and desiring to import medicines containing intoxicating drug from any other State in India may make an application to the Deputy Commissioner in that behalf.

(2) On receipt of an application under sub-rule (1) the Deputy Commissioner may make such enquiries as he deems necessary and if he is satisfied that there is no objection to grant the permit applied for, he may grant the applicant a permit in Form M.E.I. VIII.

34. *Application for and grant of Export Permit.*—(1) Any person desiring to export medicines containing intoxicating drug may make an application to the Deputy Commissioner in that behalf and shall along with the application, forward, an import permit or no objection certificate from the Chief Excise authority of the place to which such medicines are to be exported.

(2) On receipt of an application under sub-rule (1) the Deputy Commissioner may make such enquiries as he deems necessary and if he is satisfied that there is no objection to grant the permit applied for, he may grant the export permit in Form M.E.I. IX.

35. *Application for and grant of Transport Permit.*—(1) Any person desiring to transport intoxicating drugs or medicines containing intoxicating drugs may make an application for a transport permit in that behalf to the Deputy Commissioner :

Provided that no such permit shall be necessary when transport of intoxicating drugs or medicines containing intoxicating drugs is permitted under the licence or permit granted under these rules.

(2) Save as provided in sub-rule (1) a person holding a licence in Form M.E.I. IV, M.E.I. V or M.E.I. VI shall make an application to the Deputy Commissioner who granted him such licence for a transport permit. Any other

person shall make an application for a transport permit the Deputy Commissioner of the place from which intoxicating drug or medicines containing intoxicating drug is to be transported and shall in case of transport from one District to another District forward a no objection certificate of the Deputy Commissioner of such other Dstrict to which intoxicating drug or medicines containing intoxicating drug is to be transported.

(3) On receipt of an application under sub-rule (2) the Deputy Commissioner or the authorised officer as the case may be shall make such enquiries as he deems fit and if he is satisfied that there is no objection to grant the permit applied for, he may grant the applicant a permit in Form M.E.I. X.

PART VI

MISCELLANEOUS

36. *No opening in transit.*—No packet containing intoxicating drug or medicines containing intoxicating drug as the case may be, shall be opened during its import, export or transport.

37. *Verification.*—Where intoxicating drugs or medicines containing intoxicating drugs is imported or transported the packages containing intoxicating drugs or medicines containing intoxicating drugs at their destination shall not be opened except in the presence of the Excise Officers authorised to verify the contents. The verification shall mean and include the comparison of the weight noted on the permit with the actual weight of the packages, the verification of the seals on the packages and the comparison of the actual contents of the drug or medicine with those noted on the transport or import permit. If the verifying officer finds appreciable increase in the contents, he shall take possession of the packages after giving a receipt

to the licensee and report the matter to the Deputy Commissioner. If there is appreciable shortage in the contents, the verifying officer shall draw up a mahazar and report the shortage through the Deputy Commissioner to the authority which issued the transport or export permit.

38. *Responsibility of the Railway.*—No Railway administration shall : (1) Receive or convey intoxicating drugs or medicines containing intoxicating drugs which is not covered and accompanied by a permit from the Officer duly empowered in that behalf or

(2) Convey intoxicating drugs or medicines containing intoxicating drugs otherwise than—

(i) in the direct and personal custody of a Railway Official up to the Station at which intoxicating drug or medicines containing intoxicating drug should leave the Railway and

(ii) according to the route prescribed in such permit.

39. *Examination of consignments in transit.*—(1) The consignment of intoxicating drug or medicines containing intoxicating drug shall not be broken in transit and any Revenue Officer not inferior in rank to a Revenue Inspector or any Inspector, Assistant Inspector of Excise or any Police Officer not inferior in rank to a Head Constable or any Norcotic Officer not inferior in rank to an Inspector may at any time examine such consignments.

(2) If, after such examination the Officer is satisfied that the packages have not been opened or tampered with in transit and that the number of packages and their weight correspond with the number of a packages and their weight as specified in permit, the consignments shall be allowed to proceed.

40. *Detention of consignments.*—If the Officer referred to in rule 39 is not satisfied then the consignments shall be detained and dealt with according to the orders of the Deputy Commissioner or Commissioner.

41. *Labels*.—In the case of preparations and admixtures containing intoxicating drugs (which are not manufactured drugs within the meaning of that term as defined in the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930) the bottles, phials, packages or containers of such preparations and admixtures or the labels affixed to them shall plainly exhibit :—

(1) the actual quantity of intoxicating drug as the case may be, present in each bottle, phial, package or container, or

(2) sufficient particulars thereof to admit of the ready calculations of such quantity.

42. *Prescriptions*.—Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, it shall be lawful for any person to buy, possess, transport, consume or use any medicine containing intoxicating drug in such quantity as may at one time be dispensed or sold to him in accordance with the prescription of a Registered Medical Practitioner.

43. *Possession and transport by Government*.—Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, no licence shall be necessary for the possession and sale of intoxicating drugs by or on behalf of Government treasuries, established under rule 29. But the permits for the import, export or transport of intoxicating drugs shall be necessary.

44. *Destruction of seeds, etc*.—The Commissioner may order the sowing of such quantity of seeds in such manner as he deems fit and the destruction by such officers as he may authorise the seeds, stalk leaves and other refuse of hemp plants.

45. *Repeal and Savings*.—All rules corresponding to the foregoing rules framed under enactment repealed by section 72 of the Act are hereby repealed : Provided that any permit, licence or authorisation made or issued under any of the repealed rules shall so far as it is not inconsistent with the provisions of these rules, be deemed to have been made or issued under the corresponding provisions of these rules and shall continue to be in force accordingly, unless and until it expires or is superseded by anything done or any action taken under the Act or these rules as the case may be

FORM M. E. I. I.

(*See* rules 3 and 8)

Licence of cultivate Hemp Plant (Cannabis Sativa or Indica) during the year 19..... 19.....

Licence No.

Licence is hereby granted to .....(hereinafter called "The Licensee") authorising him under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, rules, regulations and orders made thereunder to cultivate hemp plant not exceeding .....hectares..... during the season of 19..... 19..... within the area comprised in Survey No..... in the village of.....hereinafter called the "licensed area" and bounded on the east by..... west by.....north by.....and on the south by.....) in the taluk of.....District of.....on the following conditions:

Conditions

1 This licence shall be produced for inspection on demand of any Revenue Officer of and above the rank of a Revenue Inspector or of an Excise Officer of and above the rank an Inspector, Assistant Inspector or a Police Officer of and above the rank of a Head Constable or any other Officer specially empowered by the Deputy Commissioner.

2. The area of cultivation entered in this licence shall not exceeded.

3. The licensee shall not prevent any Revenue or Excise Officer entering his field in order to survey the field, to inspect the crop or to ascertain the quality of the plant and wherever the licensee or any one else in his employ is inattentive or fails to respond to the instructions conveyed by the Officers in charge of the cultivation, to engage labourers at the risk of the licensee for the timely removal of all male plants, watering the crop and in attending to other requirements at the various stages of cultivating and harvesting the crop and the transport of the same.

4. The licensee shall not sell or transport the standing crop or its produce except in accordance with the instructions of the Excise Commissioner.

5. The licensee shall apply to the Deputy Commissioner concerned not less than a fortnight before he commences to harvest the crop for permission to do so, and shall during the harvesting of the crop and the preparation of Ganja or other intoxicating drugs therefrom, work under the general supervision of and obey all the instructions issued by that Officer and his subordinates.

6. The crop shall as soon as it is harvested be secured forthwith and ganja and other intoxicating drugs duly packed and sealed by an Officer not lower in rank to that of Excise Inspector who shall duly book same in the register kept by him as required by rule 9. Such packages or bundles then shall be removed without delay by the cultivator to the Central warehouse or such other place as may be ordered by the Excise Commissioner under a transport permit granted by the Deputy Commissioner and under an escort of an Officer not lower in rank than Inspector of Excise. The bundles or packages shall be locked up in the place of destination in a room under the seal of the Officer-in-charge and an acknowledgement for the receipt of bundles with the seals in tact shall be given to the cultivator as well as to the Excise Inspector.

7. The licensee shall not sell the drug to any person other than Government and shall receive such remuneration as may be fixed by the Excise Commissioner.

8. The ganja supplied shall be free from stalk and seeds and well pressed into cakes and of a quality fit to be used for consumption. All ganja not approved by the Excise Commissioner or by any Officer specially deputed by him will be destroyed and the cultivator cannot claim any remuneration therefor. The method of weighment and classification of ganja and the fixing of the remuneration will be done in such form as may be ordered by the Excise Commissioner. The Excise Commissioner's decision as regards the remuneration payable or the rejection and destruction of any quantity of ganja is final.

9. The licensee shall not make any clandestine use of the ganja raised by him for the preparation of any kinds of intoxicating drugs.

10. This licence shall be returned to the Deputy Commissioner after all operations connected with the cultivation of ganja are over and also after all ganja, charas and other intoxicating drugs or articles have been despatched from the cultivating field in accordance with the rules and after the waste or by-products like the seeds, chaff, etc., have been destroyed in accordance with the rules and instructions.

11. Should the licensee harvest any portion of his hemp crop without permission or disobey the instructions issued by the Officers, the licence is liable to be suspended forthwith by the Deputy Commissioner and the licensee is liable to be prosecuted in accordance with the provisions of the Act, rules, regulations and orders.

12. The charas that may be gathered during the manufacture of ganja should be weighed, packed and sealed under a mahazar by the Offier-in-charge of the cultivation in the presence of the licensee and the package forwarded to the Excise Commissioner. The licensee will not be entitled to any payments or compensation for the charas gathering from his field.

Granted this ..... day of ..... 19 .
Seal of the Excise Commissioner.

Excise Commissioner.

Place

Ex. 241

FORM M.E.I. II

(See rule 21)

Register of Ganja, Bhang and Charas received into, withdrawn from and held in balance at.....during the year.....

1	2	3			4			5			6			7		
Sl. No.	Month and Date	Opening Balance			Cross weight of Receipts			No. of packages received			Transport permits Nos. and date			Net weight of receipts		
		Ganja	Bhang	Charas	Ganja	Bhang	Charas	Ganja	Bhang	Charas	Ganja	Bhang	Charas	Ganja	Bhang	Charas

8	9			10			11			12			13	14
Date of verification of net weight	Total (of Columns 3 and 7)			Issues			Permit Nos. for issues			Closing balance			Signature of the Officer-in-charge	Remarks
	Ganja	Bhang	Charas	Ganja	Bhang	Charas	Ganja	Bhang	Charas	Ganja	Bhang	Charas		

FORM M.E.I. III

(*See* rule 21)

Sl. No.	Month and Date	Order of the Excise Commissioner authorising re-weighment	Name of the Officers appointed to re-weigh	Date and time when a re-weighment started	Date and time when re-weighment completed
1	2	3	4	5	6

7	8	9	10	11
Weight of stock as per M.E.I. II on the date of re-weighment	Actual stock found by re-weighment	Loss or Gain	Reasons if any for variation	Remarks
Ganja Bhang Charas	Ganja Bhang Charas	Ganja Bhang Charas		

FORM M. E. I. IV

[*See* rule 23(2)]

Licence for the possession of intoxicating drug by a Registered Medical Practitioner for use as an ingredient of any medicine and for the sale of medicines containing intoxicating drug on prescription.

Licence is hereby granted under and subject to the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the rules, regulations and orders made thereunder to Sri/Smt/Kumari..... of..... Mysore Excise (Intoxicating Drugs) Rules, 1967, authorising him/her to transport and possess intoxicating durg and to use it as an ingredient of any medicine, and to sell medicines containing intoxicating drug and his/her dispensary, situated at ..... in the Taluk of.....in the State of Mysore subject to the following.

Conditions

1. This licence shall remain in force from the date of issue to .....(both the days inclusive).

2. The licensee shall not obtain intoxicating drug except from a Government treasury or such other places in or outside the State as Government may from time to time direct:

Provided that the licensee may obtain his requirements of medicines containing intoxicating drug from any licensee who is permitted to sell such medicines under the Mysore Excise (intoxicating drugs) Rules, 1967, or may import the same from any other State in accordance with the rules.

3. (*a*) The licensee shall not purchase intoxicating drug during any quarter commencing from .....exceeding..... (grams) and shall not possess at any time, any quantity in excess of double this quantity:

Provided that where the licensee fails to purchase any quantity of intoxicating drug which he is authorised to purchase during the quarter, he shall not be entitled to purchase this lapsed quota at any time hereafter.

(*b*) The licensee shall get the details of the purchase entered in the licence by the licensed seller.

4. The licensee shall not use or sell intoxicating drug except as an ingredient of any medicine prescribed and dispensed by him for his patients. He shall not dispense any medicine containing intoxicating drug except under a prescription issued by him and in the manner laid down in such prescription.

5. The licensee shall not stock or store intoxicating drug and medicine containing intoxicating drug except at his/her dispensary.

6. No intoxicating drug other than bhang obtained under this licence shall be transported, possessed or used by the licensee.

7. The privileges of purchase, possession and transport of intoxicating drug granted under this licence shall extend only so far as they are incidental to its use in accordance with this licence.

8. (*a*) The licensee shall keep monthly accounts of the quantities of intoxicating drug purchased and used, and of the balance held in stock by him/her. The accounts shall be plainly and correctly written up in a bound book, paged and stamped with the seal of Deputy Commissioner. The licensee shall also maintain day to day accounts in respects of medicines containing intoxicating drugs prepared, purchased and imported by him/her.

(*b*) The licensee shall file and preserve for one year the said accounts, permits and the prescriptions in original in which he has prescribed ntoxicating drugs as one of the ingredients of any medicine and shall produce them for inspection along with the intoxicating drugs held by him/her in balance, at any time when the Deputy Commissioner or any other Officer duly empowered in this behalf calls upon him/her to do so.

9. The licence may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965.

10. In case the licence is suspended or cancelled during the currency of the period for which it is granted or is not renewed on its expiry, the licensee shall forthwith hand over all the unused stock of intoxicating drugs and of medicines containing intoxicating drugs to the Deputy Commissioner and the licensee shall also hand over to the Deputy Commissioner, all accounts, permits and prescriptions in original which he/she is required to keep and preserve under this licence.

Granted this ..... day of ..... 19 Seal of the Deputy Commissoiner.

Deputy Commissioner

of .....District.

REVERSE OF FORM M.E.I. IV

SCHEDULE

Licence No.

Name of the Licensee

Details of intoxicating durg and medicines containing intoxicating drug purchased under the licence.

1	2	3	4	5
Date	Quantity purchased	Progressive total of purchase	Signature of the licensed seller or permit No. if imported	Remarks

FORM M.E.I. V

[*See* rule 24 (2)]

Licence No.

Date

Licence for the possession of Intoxicating Drugs required on behalf of any Institution or a Manufacturer of medicines approved by the Deputy Commissioner, for use as an ingredient of any medicine and for the sale of medicines containing intoxicating drugs.

Licence is hereby granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the rules, regulations and orders made thereunder to ..... of ..... (hereinafter called "The Licensee") in respect of*..... (hereinafter called the said "Institution"/"Manufactory") on payment of a licence fee of Rs. 50 authorisnig him to transport and possess intoxicating drugs and to use it as an ingredient in medicine and sell medicne containing intoxicating drugs in the premises of the said Institution/Manufactory situated at ..... in the Taluk of ..... in the district of ..... subject to the following :—

Conditions

1. This licence shall remain in force from the date of issue to ..... (both days inclusive).

2. The licensee shall not obtain intoxicating drugs except from a Government treasury or such other place in or outside the State as the Government may from time to time direct :

Provided that the licensee may obtain his requirements of medicine containing intoxicating drugs from any licensee who is permitted to sell such medicines under the Mysore Excise (Intoxicating Drugs) Rules, 1967 or may import the same from any other State in accordance with the rules.

---

*Here specify name of Institution or Manufactory in respect of which ganja and or bhang is required.

3. (*a*) The licensee shall not purchase during any quarter commencing from the first day of ..... Intoxicating Drugs exceeding ..... grams and shall not possess at any time in excess of double this quantity :

Provided that where the licensee fails to purchase any quantity of intoxicating drug which he is authorised to purchase during any quarter he shall not be entitled to purchase the lapsed quota at any future time.

(*b*) The licensee shall get the details of the purchase entered in the licence by the licensed seller.

4. The licensee shall not use or sell intoxicating drugs except as an ingredient of any medicine. He shall not sell medicines containing intoxicating drugs to any person other than a person holding (i) a licence to sell medicines containing intoxicating drugs or (ii) holding a prescription issued by a Registered Medical Practitioner in that respect; nor shall he sell such medicines containing intoxicating drug in a manner different from that laid down in such licence or prescription.

5. The licensee shall not keep intoxicating drugs and medicines containing intoxicating drugs except at the premises of the said Institution/Manufactory.

6. No intoxicating drugs other than that obtained under this licence shall be transported, possessed or used by the licensee.

7. The privileges of purchase, possession and transport of intoxicating drugs granted under this licence shall extend only so far as they are incidental to its use in accordance with the licence.

8. (*a*) The licensee shall maintain daily accounts of the quantities of intoxicating drugs purchased and used by him. The accounts shall be correctly written in a bound book, paged and stamped with the seal of the Deputy Commissioner. The licensee shall also maintain day to day accounts in respect of medicines containing intoxicating drugs prepared or imported by him.

(*b*) the licensee shall file and preserve for one year the said accounts, permits and prescriptions in original against which he sold the intoxicating drugs as one of the ingredient of any medicine and shall produce them for inspection, along with the intoxicating Drugs and the medicines containing the same held by him in balance at any time when the Deputy Commissioner or any other officer duly empowered in this behalf calls upon him to do so.

9. Except with the permission of the Deputy Commissioner, the licensee shall not sell, transfer or sublet the privileges conferred upon him by th's licence nor shall he admit any person as his partner in his business.**

10. This licence may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

11. In case this licence is canceled or suspended during the currency of the period for which it is granted or is not renewed on its expiry, the licensee shall forthwith hand over the whole of the unused stock of intoxicating drugs and of the medicines containing the same to the Deputy Commissioner. The licensee shall also hand over to the Deputy Commissioner all accounts, permits and prescriptions in original which he is required to keep and preserve under this licence.

Granted this ..... day of ..... 19 .
Seal of the Deputy Commissioner.

Deputy Commissioner

of .....District.

** To be struck off where inapplicable.

REVERSE OF FORM M.E.I. V

SCHEDULE

Licence No.

Name of the licensee .....

Details of intoxicating drugs purchased under the licence

1	2	3	4	5
Date	Quantity purchased	Progressive total of purchase	Signature of the Licensed seller or permit No. if imported.	Remarks

FORM M.E.I. VI

[*See* rule 25 (2)]

Licence for the possession and sale of Medicines containing intoxicating drugs.

Licence No. and date.

Licence is hereby granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the rules, regulations and orders made thereunder to ..... of ..... (hereinafter called "The Licensee") on payment of a licence fee of Rs. 20 only, authorising him to buy, transport, possess and sell medicines containing intoxicating drugs at premises, situated at..... ..... (hereinafter called "The Licensed Premises") in the Taluk of ..... in Mysore State subject to the following conditions:

Conditions

1. This licence shall remain in force from the date of issue to ..... (both days inclusive).

2. The licensee shall not obtain intoxicating Drugs except in accordance with the provisions of the Mysore Excise (Intoxicating Drugs) rules, 1967.

3. The licensee shall not sell medicines containing intoxicating Drugs to any person other than a person holding (i) a licence in Form M.E.I. IV or M.E.I. V or M.E.I. VI or (ii) a prescription issued by a Registered Medical Practitioner in that respect: nor shall he sell such medicines in a manner different from that laid down in such licence or prescription.

4. The licensee shall not keep medicines containing intoxicating Drugs except at the abovesaid premises.

5. No medicines containing intoxicating Drugs other than those obtained under this licence shall be transported, possessed or sold by the licensee.

6. The licensee shall keep daily accounts of the quantities of medicines containing intoxicating Drugs purchased and sold by him. The accounts shall be plainly and correctly written up an a bound book, paged and stamped with the seal of the Deputy Commissioner.

7. The licensee shall file and preserve for one year the said accounts permits, and copies of the prescriptions against which he sold medicines containing intoxicating drugs and shall produce them for inspection along with the stock of medicines containing intoxicating drugs held by him in balance at any time when the Deputy Commissioner or any other officer duly empowered in this behalf calls upon him to do so.

8. Execept with the permission of the Deputy Commissioner the licensee shall not sell, transfer or sublet the privileges conferred upon him by this licence nor shall he admit any person as his partner in the business of his licence.

9. This licence may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

10. In case this licence is suspended or cancelled during the currency of the period for which it is granted or is not renewed on its expiry, the licensee shall forthwith hand over the whole unused stock of medicines containing intoxicating drugs to the Deputy Commissioner. The Deputy Commissioner shall instruct the Excise Officer or other officer to verify the stock and seal it. The stock may only be sold with the permission of the Deputy Commissioner to other licensees. The licensee shall not be allowed to receive fresh stock after his licence expires or is suspended or cancelled. The permission to sell the stock to other licensees is subject to the condition that all sums due to the State Government will first be paid out of the sale proceeds.

Provided that if there is no demand for such stock or if it is found to be unfit for human consumption or adulterated, the Deputy Commissioner may order its destruction and the licensee will not be entitled to any compensation.

11. The licensee shall also hand over to the Deputy Commissioner all accounts, permits and prescriptions in original which he is required to preserve under the rules.

Granted this ..... day of .....19 .
Seal of the Deputy Commissioner.

Deputy Commissioner.

of ..... District.

FORM M. E. I. VII

[*See* rule 26 (2)]

Permit for the possession of Intoxicating Drugs to be used for administering it for cattle or domestic animals on medical grounds.

Permit No.....

Permit is hereby granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the rules, regulations and orders made thereunder to Sri/Smt/Kumari ..... of ..... (hereinafter called as "Permit Holder") on payment of a fee of Re. 1 authorising him/her to buy, transport, posses and use Intoxicating Drugs or its administration to his/her cattle/ domestic animals specified in the schedule hereto annexed on medical grounds at his/her place situated ..... in the taluk of ..... in the District of ..... subject to the following conditions:—

Conditions.

1. This permit will remain in force from ..... to ..... (both days inclusive).

2. The privileges of purchase, transport and possession of Intoxicating drugs granted under this permit shall extend only so far as they are incidental to its use in accordance with the conditions of this permit.

3. The permit holder shall not possess Intoxicating Drugs in excess of ..... grams at any one time. He shall not keep Intoxicating Drugs at any place other than the place specified above. Intoxicating drugs shall be kept in a box securely locked, the key of which shall be only in the Permit holder's custody.

4. The permit holder shall not during the currency of this permit purchase intoxicating drugs exceeding ..... grams. Provided that this quantity may be reduced during the currency of the permit if the Deputy Commissioner or the Authorised Officer deems it necessary.

5. (a) The permit holder shall not obtain his supplies of Intoxicating Drugs except from a treasury established under the Mysore Excise (Intoxicating Drugs) Rules, 1967 :

Provided that the permit holder may, in special cases be permitted to obtain intoxicating drugs from any other place with the previous approval of the Excise Commissioner.

(b) The permit holder shall get the details of the purchase entered on the reverse of the permit by the Officer-in-charge or licensed seller before he removes Intoxicating Drugs from the premises.

(c) No Intoxicating Drugs other than that obtained under this permit shall be transported possessed or used by the permit holder.

6. The Intoxicating Drugs purchased under this permit shall be used by the permit holder solely for administering it to his cattle/domestic animals in accordance with the recommendation of the Veterinary Surgeon.

7. The permit holder shall immediately intimate to the Deputy Commissioner or the Authorised Officer, the reduction, if any in the number of his cattle/domestic animals requiring administration of Intoxicating Drugs and get the quota of the same in his permit reduced accordingly.

8. The permit holder shall surrender the permit and the unused stock of Intoxicating Drugs to the Deputy Commissioner in case the cattle/domestic animals requiring the administration of Intoxicating Drugs no longer require it or cease to exist.

9. The permit will be non-transferable and may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965.

10. In case the permit is suspended or cancelled during its currency or is not renewed on its expiry, or the Intoxicating Drug is not required for the reasons mentioned in condition 8 above, the whole of the unused stock of Intoxicating Drug shall forthwith be surrendered to the Deputy Commissioner who may dispose it off in such a manner as he deems fit.

Granted this ..... day of ..... 19 ....

Seal

Signature of the Deputy Commissioner

of ..... District.

Reverse of the Permit

Schedule

(Here specify the kind, number and description of cattle or Domestic animals).

Details of purchase of Intoxicating Drugs from ..... to .....

Total quantity permitted to be brought during the period of the permit	Quantity purchased	Running total of quantity purchased since the grant of permit.	Difference between the quantity allowed during the period of the permit and the running total	Signature of the licensed seller.

FORM M.E.I. VIII

[*See* rule 33 (2)]

Permit for Import of Intoxicating Drug/Medicine(s) containing Intoxicating Drugs

(*COUNTERFOIL*)

(for office use)

Date.....

Sri/Smt./Kumari/Sarvashri ..... is/are hereby authorised to Import the undermentioned goods from .....

Exact description of goods	*Total quantity to be Imported*	*Total quantity of Intoxicating Drugs or Medicines containing Intoxicating Drugs*	*Package* — *No.*	*Package* — *Gross weight*

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, and the Rules, Regulations and Orders made thereunder and subject to the following conditions :

1. The consignment shall not be broken in transit.
2. This permit shall remain in force up to and including.....

Deputy Commissioner of.....District.

Permit for Import of Intoxicating Drugs/Medicine(s) containing Intoxicating Drugs

(*DUPLICATE*)

Sl. No. Date.....

(To be forwarded to the Excise Officer incharge of the place of Import)

Sri/Smt./Kumari/Sarvashri ..... is/are hereby authorised to Import the undermentioned goods from .....

Exact description of goods	*Total quantity to be Imported*	*Total quantity of Intoxicating Drugs or Medicines containing Intoxicating Drugs*	*Package* — *No.*	*Package* — *Gross weight*

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, and the Rules, Regulations and Orders made thereunder and subject to the following conditions :

1. The consignment shall not be broken in transit.
2. This permit shall remain in force up to and including.....

Deputy Commissioner of.....District.

Seal

Permit for Import of Intoxicating Drugs/Medicine(s) containing Intoxicating Drugs

(TRIPLICATE)

(To be forwarded to the Excise Officer of the place of Import)

Sl. No. Date.

Sri/Smt./Kumari/Sarvashri ..... is/are hereby authorised to Import the undermentioned goods from.....

Exact description of goods	*Total quantity to be Imported*	*Total quantity of Intoxicating Drugs or Medicines containing Intoxicating Drugs*	*Package*	
			No.	*Gross weight*

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, and the Rules, Regulations and Orders made thereunder and subject to the following conditions:

1 The consignment shall not be broken in transit.

2 This permit shall remain in force up to and including..... .....

Deputy Commissioner

of.....District.

Permit for Import of Intoxicating Drugs/Medicine(s) containing Intoxicating Drugs

(QUADRUPLICATE)

(To be handed over to the applicant to accompany the consignment and to be filed with Importer's account after verification).

Sl. No. Date.....

Sri/Smt./Kumari/Sarvashri ..... is/are hereby authorise to import the undermentioned goods from.....

Exact description of goods	*Total quantity to be Imported*	*Total quantity of Intoxicating Drugs or Medicines containing Intoxicating Drugs*	*Package*	
			No.	*Gross weight*

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, and the Rules, Regulations and Orders made thereunder and subject to the following conditions:

1. The consignment shall not be broken in transit.

2. This permit shall remain in force up to and including.....

Deputy Commissioner

Seal *of.. .....District.*

FORM M.E.I. IX

[*See* rule 34 (2)]

Permit for export of Intoxicating Drugs/Medicine(s) containing Intoxicating Drugs.

(*COUNTERFOIL*)

(for office use)

Sl. No. Date.....

Sri/Smt./Kumari/Sarvashri ..... is/are hereby authorise to export the undermentioned goods from.....

Exact description of goods	*Total quantity to be exported*	*Total quantity of intoxicating Drugs or Medicines containing Intoxicating Drugs*	*Package*	
			No.	*Gross weight*

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the Rules, Regulations and Orders made thereunder and subject to the following conditions :—

1. The consignment shall not be broken in transit.
2. This permit shall remain in force up to and including.....

Deputy Commissioner
of..... District.

Permit for export of Intoxicating Drugs/Medicine(s) containing Intoxicating Drugs.

(*DUPLICATE*)

Sl. No. Date.....

(To be forwarded to the Excise Officer incharge of the place of export)

Sri/Smt./Kumari/Sarvashri ..... is/are hereby authorise to export the undermentioned goods from.....

Exact description of goods	*Total quantity to be exported*	*Total quantity of intoxicating Drugs or Medicines containing Intoxicating Drugs*	*Package*	
			No.	*Gross weight*

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the Rules, Regulations and Orders made thereunder and subject to the following conditions :—

1. The consignment shall not be broken in transit.
2. This permit shall remain in force up to and including.....

Seal

Deputy Commissioner
of..... District.

Permit for export of Intoxicating Drug/Medicine(s) containing Intoxicating Drugs, &c

(TRIPLICATE)

(To be forwarded to the Excise Officer of the place of export)

Sl. No. Date.....

Sri/Smt./Kumari/Sarvashri ..... is/are hereby authorised to export the undermentioned goods from.....

Exact description of goods	*Total quantity to be exported*	*Total quantity of Intoxicating Drugs or Medicines containing Intoxicating Drugs*	*Package* — *No.* *Gross weight*

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, and the Rules, Regulations and Orders made thereunder and subject to the following conditions :

1. The consignment shall not be broken in transit.
2. This permit shall remain in force up to and including.....

Deputy Commissioner
of.....District

Permit for export Intoxicating Drugs/Medicine(s) containing Intoxicating Drugs

(QUADRUPLICATE)

(To be handed over to the applicant to accompany the consignment and to be held with exporter's account after verification).

Sl. No. Date.....

Sri/Smt./Kumari/Sarvashri ..... is/are hereby authorised to export the undermentioned goods from.....

Exact description of goods	*Total quantity to be exported*	*Total quantity of Intoxicating Drugs or Medicines containing Intoxicating Drugs*	*Package* — *No.* *Gross weight*

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, and the Rules, Regulations and Orders made thereunder and subject to the following conditions :

1. The consignment shall not be broken in transit.
2. This permit shall remain in force up to and including.....

Seal

Deputy Commissioner
of.....District.

FORM M.E.I. X

[*See* rule 35 (3)]

Permit for Transport of Intoxicating Drugs/Medicine(s) containing Intoxicating Drugs.

COUNTERFOIL

(for office use)

Sl. No. Date.....

Sri/Smt./Kumari/Sarvashri .....
is/are hereby authorised to transport the undermentioned goods from.....

Exact description of goods	*Total quantity to be transported*	*Total quantity of intoxicating Drugs or Medicines containing Intoxicating Drug*	*Package*	
			No.	*Gross weight*

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the Rules, Regulations and Orders made thereunder and subject to the following conditions:

1. The consignment shall not be broken in transit.
2. This permit shall remain in force up to and including.....

Deputy Commissioner
of..... District.

Permit for Transport of Intoxicating Drugs/Medicine(s) containing Intoxicating Drugs.

(*DUPLICATE*)

(To be forwarded to the Excise Officer incharge of the place of transport)

Sl. No. Date.....

Sri/Smt./Kumari/Sarvashri .....
is/are hereby authorised to transport the undermentioned goods from.....

Exact description of goods	*Total quantity to be transported*	*Total quantity of intoxicating Drugs or Medicines containing Intoxicating Drugs*	*Package*	
			No.	*Gross weight*

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the Rules, Regulations and Orders made thereunder and subject to the following conditions:

1. The consignment shall not be broken in transit.
2. This permit shall remain in force up to and including.....

Deputy Commissioner
of..... District.

Seal

Permit for transport of Intoxicating Drugs/Medicine(s) containing Intoxicating Drugs.

(TRIPLICATE)

(To be forwarded to the Excise Officer of the place of transport)

Sl. No. Date....

Sri/Smt./Kumari/Sarvashri .....
is/are hereby authorised to Transport the undermentioned goods from.....

Exact description of goods	*Total quantity to be Transported*	*Total quantity of intoxicating Drugs or Medicines containing Intoxicating Drugs*	*Package* No.	*Package* Gross weight

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the Rules, Regulations and Orders made thereunder and subject to the following conditions:

1. The consignment shall not be broken in transit.
2. This permit shall remain in force up to and including.....

Deputy Commissioner
of.....District.

Pass for the Transport of Intoxicating Drugs/Medicine(s) containing Intoxicating Drugs.

(QUADRUPLICATE)

(To be forwarded to the Excise Officer of the place of transport)

Sl. No. Date.....

Sri/Smt./Kumari/Sarvashri .....
is/are hereby authorised to Transport the undermentioned goods from.....

Exact description of goods	*Total quantity to be Transported*	*Total quantity of intoxicating Drugs or Medicines containing Intoxicating Drugs*	*Package* No.	*Package* Gross weight

This permit is granted under and subject to the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and the Rules, Regulations and Orders made thereunder and subject to the following conditions:

1. The consignment shall not be broken in transit.
2. This permit shall remain in force up to and including.....

Deputy Commissioner
Seal *of.....District.*

[No. HD 53 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

M. G. KRISHNA, *Under Secy. to Govt., H. D. (Excise)*

Printed by the Director of Printing, Stys & Publications at the Govt. Press, Bhar

Reg. No. B.G 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (1)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1967
(KARTHIKA 4, SAKA ERA 1889). | No. 242

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, dated the 26th October 1967

G. S. R. 479.—The following draft of the Mysore Excise (Sale of Indian and Foreign Liquors) Rules, 1967, which the Government of Mysore proposes to make in exerise of powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), read with sections 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16 of the said Act is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 10th November 1967.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft by the State Government before the aforesaid date, will be considered by the Government of Mysore. Objections or suggestions may be addressed to the Secretary to Government, Home Department, Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore-1.

DRAFT RULES

1. Title, application and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Sale of Indian and Foreign Liquors) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall apply to the sale of Indian liquor (other than arrack) and Foreign liquor.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

(a) "Act" means, the Mysore Excise Act, 1965;

(b) 'Foreign liquor" means liquors other than Indian liquor;

(c) "Form" means a form appended to these rules;

(d) "Indian liquor" means all liquor defined as Indian liquor in the Act, other than arrack;

(e) "Licence" means a licence issued under these rules;

(f) "Licensee" means, a person to whom a licence is issued;

(g) "Year" means the year commencing on the first day of July.

3. Licences.—Licences for the vend of Indian liquor or Foreign liquor or both shall be of the following descriptions, namely :—

(1) **Wholesale licences for the vend of Indian liquor or Foreign liquor or both, not to be drunk on premises.**—Under these licences, the sale of liquor shall be in quantities of more than nine litres in the prescribed bottles in one transaction. The holders of these licences in Form No. C. L. 1 shall have the privilege of issuing to licensed dealers only samples of liquors in quantities not exceeding 0·180 litres.

(2) **Retail off shop licence for vend of Indian liquor or Foreign or both, not to be drunk on the premises.**—Under these

licences granted in Form C. L. 2 the sale of liquor in sealed bottles to any person in a quantity less than 0.180 litres at a time is prohibited.

(3) Licences to Chemists and Druggists.—Licences in Form C. L. 3 may be granted for the possession and sale of such Indian Liquor or Foreign liquor or both as may, upon enquiry by the Deputy Commissioner, be ascertained to be required for *bona fide* medicinal or scientific purposes:

Provided that the quantity possessed under the licence at any one time by any Chemist or Druggist, shall not exceed 4.500 litres in the case of imported liquors and 2.275 litres in the case of double distilled or rectified spirits manufactured in Mysore:

Provided further that the aforesaid liquors shall not be used or sold for any purposes other than that mentioned in the licence:

Provided also that the maximum limit of sale of rectified spirit, at any one time, shall not exceed 0.379 litres in the case of a Chemist, Medical Practitioner or scientific institution or body.

(4) Licences to proprietary Clubs and Co-operative Societies.—These licences in Form No. C. L. 4 shall be applied for and obtained from the Deputy Commissioner of the district by the Agent, Secretary or Manager or other person entrusted with the management of the business connected with the aforesaid clubs or co-operative societies.

Explanation.—(i) A 'Proprietary Club' is a club which belongs to a single individual or firm limited, the profits made by the club being enjoyed by such individual or firm who makes a living by it.

(ii) An 'Ordinary Club' is one which is established for no one's living or benefit but merely for the mutual convenience of the members making no profits but making receipts and expenditure equal.

(5) **Occasional licences.**—These licences in Form No. C. L. 5 are issued for the sale of liquor at the refreshment stalls in connection with race meetings, public entertainments and other such public gatherings to be drunk on the premises.

(6) **Special licences.**—These licences shall be granted in Form C.L. 6 by the Deputy Commissioner of the district with the previous sanction of the Excise Commissioner, when the circumstances are such as not to allow of the issue of licences of any of the above descriptions, on such terms and conditions and for such periods, as he may on each occasion determine.

(7) **Hotel and Boarding House licences.**—These will be of two classes as noted below and shall be in form No. C. L. 7 and shall be applied for and obtained from the Deputy Commissioner of the district.

(a) **Where supply of liquor is restricted to residents and their guests.**—No liquor shall be sold under these licences to persons other than to the residents in such hotels and boarding houses for their own use and that of their guests.

(b) **Where supply of liquor is made to residents and their guests as also to the casual visitors.**— No liquor shall be sold under these licences to persons other than those residing in hotels and boarding houses and their guests and casual visitors who take their meals in such hotels and boarding houses along with such meals.

(8) **Military Canteen licences.**—These may be granted to military canteens for sale of Indian liquor or Foreign liquor or both to the members of the armed forces for their use only and shall be in Form No. C. L. 8.

(9) **Refreshment Room (Bar) Licences.**—These will be of two classes as noted below and shall be in Form No.9

(a) **Refreshment Room (Bar) in which the sale of Indian liquor is combined with supply of meals or eatables.**—The

Deputy Commissioner of the District shall grant the licence only when the accommodation specified below is provided in the Refreshment Room (Bar) namely :—

(i) a kitchen to prepare the meals or eatables to be supplied with liquor ;

(ii) a room where liquor and meals or eatables are served for consumption ; and

(iii) a lavatory.

No sale of liquor for removal from the premises will be allowed under the licence. No sale of liquor shall be made to persons who have not partaken of meals or eatables served by the licensee in the premises.

(b) **For Refreshment Room (Bar) in which the sale of foreign liquor is combined with supply of meals or eatables** — The licences may be granted only when the Deputy Commissioner of the District is satisfied that the applicant has adequate quantities of foreign liquor or has arranged to obtain adequate quantities of foreign liquor for being sold during the period for which the licence is applied for and has provided the accommodation specified below in Refreshment or Bar namely :—

(i) a kitchen to prepare the meals or eatables to be supplied with liquor ;

(ii) a room where liquor and meals or eatables are served for consumption and

(iii) a lavatory.

No sale of liquor for removal from the Refreshment Room (Bar) will be allowed under the licence. No sale of liquor shall be made to persons who have not partaken of meals or eatables served by the licensee in the premises.

(10) Auctioneer's licence.—(a) These licences shall be in Form No. 10 and shall be applied for and obtained from the Deputy Commissioner of the District.

(b) The licensee may give sample bottles in respect of all consignments whether trade consignments or the

property of private persons, in order that intending purchasers may have the opportunity of testing high class wines or spirits at their own houses before the auction sale.

(c) The licensee is authorised to sell the Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both in less quantities than whole dozens of each description in the case of sales by auction of the property of private parties or estates, or of trade consignments which are alleged or otherwise unmerchantable.

(d) The licensee is authorised to sell by auction at places specified in the licence.

(11) **Bonded Ware House licence.**—The Excise Commissioner may with the previous sanction of the State Government, grant a licence in Form No. C.L. 11 for a Private Bonded Ware house, to deposit or stock Indian liquors without payment of duty. They have to take out a wholesale licence to transact the business in a Bonded Ware House after payment of prescribed fee. The licensee shall be bound by all the conditions of licence including the payment of Establishment and supervision charges to be prescribed as per Rules.

4. Application for licence.—(1) Any person desiring to obtain a licence under these rules shall make an application to the Deputy Commissioner of the district in that behalf.

(2) The application shall contain the following particulars namely:—

(i) Name and address of the applicant;

(ii) If the applicant is a company or a firm, the names and addresses of all the directors or partners of the company or firm;

(iii) Location of the premises where the applicant intends to conduct the business under a licence.

5. Grant of licence.—On receipt of the application under rule 4, the Deputy Commissioner may require such

other particulars as he may deem necessary, and may make inquiries for verification of the particulars furnished by the applicant and also such other inquiries as he deems fit. If he is satisfied that there is no objection to grant the licence applied for, he may with the previous sanction of the Excise Commissioner, grant the licence on payment of the fee prescribed under rule 8 for such licence.

6. Restriction on the use of premises.—No premises shall be used for the sale of Indian or foreign liquor or both unless it is approved by the Deputy Commissioner of the district.

7. Duration of licence.—All licences other than "Special licences" and "occasional licences" shall be valid for the year or where a licence is granted on any date after the 1st July until the 30th June thereafter:

Provided that for licences granted between the 1st July and the 31st December full licence fee for the year shall be levied and for licences sanctioned on or after 1st January of the following year only half the licence fee shall be levied.

8. Fees to be paid.—(1) The licence fee for the several kinds of licences shall be as follows, namely:—

			Rs.
1	Wholesale licence	...	3,500 per year
2	Retail-off licence referred to in rule 3 (2)	...	7,000 per year
3	Licence to Chemists and Druggists	...	100 per year
4	Licence to Clubs	...	600 per year
5	Occasional licence	...	50 per day
6	Special licence	...	375 per year
7	(a) Hotel and Boarding house licence referred to in rule 3 (7) (a)	...	6,000 per year
7	(b) Hotel and Boarding house licence referred to in rule 3 (7) (b)	...	8,000 per year
8	Military Canteen licence	..	48 per year
9	(a) Refreshment Room (Bar) licence referred to in rule 3 (9) (a)	...	8,000 per year
9	(b) Refreshment Room (Bar) licence referred to in rule 3 (9) (b)	...	100 per year
10	Auctioneer's licence	...	20 per year

(2) In addition to the licence fee specified in sub-rule (1), the licencee shall pay a "Litre fee" at the following rates on the sales of the several Indian and foreign liquors namely :—

(a) Imported foreign liquors :—

	Rs.
(i) Spirits, liquors, sparkling wines, and wines containing 42 per cent and over of proof spirit.	4—40 per bulk litre
(ii) Wines containing less than per cent of proof spirit.	1—10 per bulk litre
(iii) Foreign Beer, Cider and other fermented liquors.	0—75 per bulk litre

(b) Indian Liquors :—

(i) All spirits, liquors and sparkling wines and wines containing 42 per cent and over of proof spirit.	3—40 per bulk litre
(ii) Wines containing less than 42 per cent of proof spirit.	1—70 per bulk litre
(iii) Country Beer, cider and all other fermented liquors.	0—60 per bulk litre

9. List of brands to be furnished.—Every applicant for a licence to sell Indian liquors or foreign liquors or both shall give to the Deputy Commissioner of the district, a list, in writing, of the particulars of brands he wishes to sell. The Deputy Commissioner shall then satisfy himself that every brand named in the list is of genuine Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both, and is entered in the authoritative list issued by the Excise Commissioner. If he finds in the list any doubtful or spurious brand he shall exclude the same from the list to be appended to the licence. The list appended to the licence will be liable to be added to, or otherwise altered upon the application of the licensee.

10. Strength of liquor.—No foreign liquor weaker in strength than 25° under proof will ordinarily be entered in the authoritative list issued by the Excise Commissioner, referred to in rule 9 or allowed to be sold under any of the

licences granted under rule 3 except under special licences, provided that in the case of gin the strength may be not less than 35° U.P. But the Government may authorise the entry in the list and the sale of any special brands of weaker strength, on being satisfied of their wholesomeness and purity.

11. Licence fee to be paid in advance.—The licence fee for all kinds of licences shall be paid in advance along with application for the licences. In case the licence is not granted the fee paid shall be refunded.

12 Number of licences to be fixed.—(1) The maximum number of licences to be granted in an area shall be determined from time to time by the Excise Commissioner with the previous approval of the State Government.

(2) The number of retailers licences to be granted in a taluk for the year shall be determined with reference to the population of such taluk and the probable demand.

(3) In taluks having an urban population exceeding 10,000 or a rural population exceeding 20,000 as per the last preceding census, one additional retail licence may be allowed for each 10,000 of the urban population or 20,000 of the rural population. The maximum number of licences determined on the basis of the population of a taluk shall be rounded off to the nearest whole number.

(4) The number of wholesale lincences shall be so determined that there shall be one wholesale licence for five retail licences. In the event of there being applicants, one wholesale licence shall be granted for each district, even if the number of retail licence in the district is less than five.

13 Government to fix minimum retail prices.—The State Government may fix from time to time, the minimum retail prices at which Indian liquors or foreign liquors or both may be sold.

14 Licensee to abide by the provisions of the Act etc.—(1) Every holder of licence under these rules shall comply

promptly with all orders on directions issued from time to time under the Act, and the rules and orders made thereunder and shall give an undertaking to the Deputy Commissioner that he will do so and that he agrees to abide by all the conditions of the licence.

(2) The licensee or his successors or assignees shall have no claim whatsoever to the continuance or renewal of the licence as the case may be, after the expiry of the period for which such licence was granted.

15 Suspension or cancellation of a licence.—A licence may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisons of Section 29 of the Act.

16 Repeal and Savings.—All rules corresponding to the foregoing rules made under any enactment repealed by Section 72 of the Act are hereby repealed:

Provided that the repeal shall not affect—

(a) the previous operation of the rules so repealed or anything duly done or suffered thereunder, or

(b) any right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under any rule so repealed, or

(c) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against any rule so repealed, or

(d) any investigation or legal proceeding or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture or punishment as aforesaid and any such investigation, legal proceeding or remedy may be instituted continued or enforced and any such penalty, forfeiture or punishment may be imposed as is such rules had not been repealed:

Provided further that subject to the preceding proviso anything done or any action taken (including any appointment or delegation made, notification, order, instructions or direction issued, form, certificate obtained, permit

or licence granted or registration effected under any such rules) shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these rules and shall continue to be in force accordingly unless and until superseded by anything done or any action taken under the Act or these rules as the case may be.

FORM No. C.L. 1

[*See* rule 3(1)]

Licence for the Wholesale Vend of Indian liquor or Foreign liquor or both.

Register No.

Name of licence holder.

Name of agent or vendor.

Locality | Town
| Street
| Door No.

I,.....the Deputy Commissioner of the.....District in consideration of the payment of the prescribed licence fee of Rs.....do hereby authorise Sri.....son of Sri..... residing in.....to sell Indian or foreign liquors or both at Shop No.....situated in .....subject to the conditions prescribed below :—

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and any general or special rules prescribed or which may from time to time be prescribed thereunder.

2. The privilege under this licence extends to the sale of the Indian or foreign liquors of the brands furnished by the licensee. Any alterations and additions to the lists furnished should be approved by the Deputy Commissioner. No liquors below the strength of 25° U P. in case of Brandy, Whisky, and Rum and 35° U. P. in case of Gin and not more than eight per cent of alcohol by volume in case of Beer will ordinarily be included in the list.

3. The holder of this licence shall upon requisition by any Officer not below the grade of an Excise Assistant Inspector be bound to produce to such officer the original invoice showing the importation of all liquors for the sale of which this licence is granted for inspection and to allow the samples of the liquors in the shop to be tested.

4. The licensee is bound to maintain correct daily accounts of transactions and submit the return every month to the Excise Officers concerned, within the first week of the following month.

5. The licence may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 of the Act and licensee or his employees shall be liable for prosecution for breach of any of the conditions of the licence, under the provisions of the Act or the rules and orders made thereunder.

6. The licence shall continue in force till the.....

7. No liquor shall be allowed to be consumed on the premises of the shop.

8. No liquors in quantities of less than nine litres prescribed in bottles shall be sold at a time under this licence.

9. Samples of liquors in quantities not exceeding 0.180 litre may be given to licensed dealers in liquors only.

10. In the event of the licensee neglecting to carry on his business with due care and attention, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to cancel the licence and to otherwise dispose of it at the risk of the licensee, together with the loss accruing to Government in consequence of the licensee not carrying on his business, shall be made good by him. When a licence is cancelled any amount due to Government shall be payable at once and in default of payment shall be recovered with all losses as if these were arrears of land revenue.

11. Timing is from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
.....District

Deputy Commissioner,
....District.

Dated the.....19 .

FORM No. C. L. 2

[*See* rule 3 (2)]

Licence for the retail off vend of Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both.

Register No.

Name of licence holder.

Name of agent or vendor.

Locality { Town / Street / Door No.

I, ...the Deputy Commissioner of the..... ....District in consideration of the payment of the prescribed licence fee of Rs..... .....do hereby

authorise Sri.....son of Sri.....
residing in.....to sell Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both at shop No.....situated in.....
subject to the conditions prescribed below:

Conditions.

1 The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and any general or special rules prescribed or which may from time to time be prescribed thereunder.

2 The privilege under this licence extends to the sale of Indian or foreign liquors of the brands furnished by the licensee. Any alterations and additions to the lists furnished should be approved by the Deputy Commissioner. No liquors below the strength of 25° U. P. in case of Brandy, Whisky, and Rum and 35° U. P. in case of Gin and not more than 8 per cent of alcohol by volume in case of Beer will ordinarily be included in the list.

3 The holder of this licence shall upon requisition by any Officer not below the grade of an Excise Assistant Inspector be bound to produce to such officer the original invoice showing the importation of all liquors for the sale of which this licence is granted for inspection and to all the samples of liquors in the shop to be tested.

4 The licensee is bound to maintain correct daily accounts of transactions and submit the return every month to the Excise Officers concerned, within the first week of the following month.

5 The licence may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 of the Act and licensee or his employee shall be liable for prosecution for breach of any of the conditions of the licence, under the provisions of the Act or the rules and orders thereunder.

6 The licence shall continue in force till the.....

7 The sale of liquor to the public will be in sealed bottles of capacity of 0.180, 0.300, 0.375, 0.600 and 0.750 litres in respect of liquors and 0.345 and 0.650 litres in the case of beer. The maximum quantity of liquors and beer to be sold at a time should not exceed 3.031 litres.

8 No liquor shall be allowed to be drunk on the premises.

9 Timing will be from 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,

....District.

Date.....

Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

FORM No. C. L. 3

[*see* rule 3 (3)]

Licence to approved Chemists and Druggists for the possession and use of double distilled or rectified spirits manufactured in Mysore and Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both as may be required for medicinal and scientific purposes.

Register No.

Name of licence holder.

Name of agent or vendor.

Locality { Town / Street / Door No.

I,..... the Deputy Commissioner of the .....District in consideration of the payment of the prescribed licence fee of Rs.....do hereby

authorise Sri.....son of Sri.....
residing in.....to sell Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both at shop No.....situated in.....
.....subject to the conditions prescribed below :—

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and any general or special rules prescribed or which may from time to time be prescribed thereunder.

2. The privilege under this licence extends to the sale of Indian or foreign liquors of the brands furnished by the licensee. Any alterations and additions to the lists furnished should be approved by the Deputy Commissioner. No liquors below the strength of 25° U. P. in case of Brandy, Whisky, and Rum and 35° U. P. in case of Gin and not more than 8 per cent of alcohol by volume in case of Beer will ordinarily be included in the list.

3. The holder of this licence shall upon requisition by any Officer not below the grade of an Excise Assistant Inspector be bound to produce to such officer the original invoice showing the importation of all liquors for the sale of which this licence is granted for inspection and to all the samples of the liquors in the shop to be tested.

4. The licensee is bound to maintain correct daily accounts of transactions and submit the return every month to the Excise Officers concerned, within the first week of the following month.

5. The licence may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 of the Act and licensee or his employee shall be liable for prosecution for breach of any of the conditions of the licence, under the provisions of the Act or the rules and orders thereunder.

6. The licence shall continue in force till the.....

7. This licence is granted for the possession and use of double distilled or rectified spirits manufactured in Mysore and such Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both.

8. The quantity of each of the aforesaid liquors possessed under this licence shall not exceed at any one time 4.500 litres in case of imported liquors and 2.275 litres in case of double distilled or rectified spirits manufactured in Mysore.

9. The aforesaid spirits and fermented liquors shall not be used or sold for other than *bona fide* medicinal or scientific purposes.

10. The maximum limit of sale of rectified spirit at any one time shall not exceed 0.379 litres in the case of sale to a chemist, medical practitioner or scientific institution or body.

11. This licence is not transferable by sale, gift or mortgage or otherwise and no persons except those mentioned in it shall have power to act under it.

12. A descriptive price list of the liquors sold shall be hung up in a conspicuous place in the said stall.

13. Timing will be from 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

Date .....

Ex. 242

FORM No. C. L. 4

[*See* Rule 3 (4)]

Licence for Clubs and Co-operative Societies established for supply of Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both to the members only.

Register No.

Name of license holder.

Name of agent or Vendor.

Locality { Town / Street / Door No.

I,.....the Deputy Commissioner of the..... District in consideration of the payment of the prescribed licence fee of Rs.....do hereby authorise Sri..... son of Sri..... residing in .....to sell Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both at shop No.....situated in .....subject to the conditions prescribed below :—

Conditions

1. The license shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and any general or special rules prescribed or which may from time to time be prescribed thereunder.

2. The privilege under this licence extends to the sale of Indian or Foreign liquors of the brands furnished by the licensee. Any alterations and additions to the list furnished should be approved by the Deputy Commissioner. No liquors below the strength of 25° U P. in case of Brandy, Whisky. and Rum and 35° U. P in case of Gin and not more than 8 per cent of alcohol by volume in case of Beer will ordinarily be included in the list.

3. The holder of this licence shall upon requisition by any Officer not below the grade of an Excise Assistant Inspector be bound to produce to such officer the original invoice showing the importation of all liquors for the sale of which this licence is granted for inspection and to all the samples of the liquors in the shop to be tested.

4. The licensee is bound to maintain correct daily accounts of transactions and submit the return every month to the Excise Officers concerned, within the first week of the following month.

5. The licence may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 of the Act and licensee or his employee shall be liable for prosecution for breach of any of the conditions of the licence, under the provisions of the Act or the rules and orders thereunder.

6. The licence shall continue in force till the.....

7. Under this licence, the privilege extends to the sale of liquor to the members only.

8. Timing will be from 9 A. M. to 11 A. M.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,

....District.

Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

Date.....

FORM No. C. L. 5

[*ee* rule 3 (5)]

Occasional licence for the sale of Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both.

Register No.

Name of licence holder.

Name of agent or vendor.

Locality { Town / Street / Door No.

I, ...the Deputy Commissioner of the..... District in consideration of the payment of the prescribed licence fee of Rs.....do hereby authorise Sri..... son of Sri.....residing in.....to sell Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both at shop No.....situated in.....subject to the conditions prescribed below:—

Conditions

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act 1965 and any general or special rules prescribed or which may from time to time be prescribed thereunder.

2. The privilege under this licence extends to the sale of Indian or foreign liquors of the brands furnished by the licensee. Any alterations and additions to the lists furnished should be approved by the Deputy Commissioner. No liquors below the strength of 25° U.P. in case of Brandy, Whisky, and Rum and 35° U.P. in case of Gin and not more than 8 per cent of alcohol by volume in case of Beer will ordinarily be included in the list.

3. The holder of this licence shall upon requisition by any Officer not below the grade of an Excise Assistant-

Inspector be bound to produce to such officer the original invoice showing the importation of all liquors for the sale of which this licence is granted for inspection and to all the samples of the liquors in the shop to be tested.

4. This licence shall continue in force till.....

Date.....

Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

Schedule showing the boundaries of the shop

Street, door No. and other particulars	Bounded on the—				Remarks
	North by	East by	South by	West by	

FORM No. C. L. 6.

[*See* Rule 3 (6)]

Special licence for the sale of Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both.

Register No.

Name of licence holder.

Name of agent or vendor.

Locality { Town / Street / Door No.

I, ... the Deputy Commissioner of the ..... District in consideration of the payment

of the prescribed licence fee of Rs. .....do hereby authorise Sri..... son of Sri..... residing in..... to sell Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both at shop No ..... situated in ..... subject to the conditions prescribed below.—

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and any general or special rules prescribed or which may from time to time be prescribed thereunder.

2. The privilege under this licence extends to the sale of Indian or foreign liquors of the brands furnished by the licensee. Any alterations and additions to the lists furnished should be approved by the Deputy Commissioner. No liquors below the strength of 25° U. P. in case of Brandy, Whisky and Rum and 35° U. P. in case of Gin and not more than 8 per cent of alcohol by volume in case of Beer will ordinarily be included in the list.

3. The holder of this licence shall upon requisition by any officer not below the grade of an Excise Assistant Inspector be bound to produce to such officer the original invoice showing the importation of all liquors for the sale of which this licence is granted for inspection and to all the samples of the liquors in the shop to be tested.

4. The licensee is bound to maintain correct daily accounts of transactions and submit the return every month to the Excise Officers concerned, within the first week of the following month.

5. The licence may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 of the Act and licensee or his employee shall be liable for prosecution

for breach of any of the conditions of the licence, under the provisions of the Act or the rules and orders thereunder.

6. The licence shall continue in force till the..... .....

7. The liquor sold shall be consumed on the premises only.

8. No liquor which is not one of the brand admitted into this licence shall be sold.

9. No liquor shall be sold in any quantity whatever to any Police or Excise Officer whilst on duty.

Dated the day of.....19

.....

Office of the
Deputy Commissioner,
.....District.

Deputy Commissioner;
.....District.

FORM No. C L. 7.

[*See* rule 3 (7)]

Licence for the sale of Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both to be drunk in the premises, combined with meals and refreshments in hotel and Boarding House.

Register No.

Name of licence holder.

Name of agent or vendor.

Locality { Town / Street / Door No.

I,.....the Deputy Commissioner of the..... District in consideration of the payment of the prescribed

licence fee of Rs.....do hereby authorise Sri.....
son of Sri.....residing in.....to sell
Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both at shop No.....
situated in.....subject to the conditions prescribed
below :—

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act 1965 and any general or special rules prescribed or which may from time to time be prescribed thereunder.

2. The privilege under this licence extends to the sale of Indian or foreign liquors of the brands furnished by the licensee. Any alterations and additions to the lists furnished should be approved by the Deputy Commissioner. No liquors below the strength of 25° U.P. in case of Brandy, Whisky and Rum and 35° U.P. in case of Gin and not more than 8 per cent of alcohol by volume in case of Beer will ordinarily be included in the list.

3. The holder of this licence shall upon requisition by any officer not below the grade of an Excise Assistant Inspector be bound to produce to such officer the original invoice showing the importation of all liquors for the sale of which this licence is granted for inspection and to all the samples of the liquors in the shop to be tested.

4. The licensee is bound to maintain correct daily accounts of transactions and submit the return every month to the Excise Officers concerned, within the first week of the following month.

5. The licence may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 of the Act and licensee or his employee shall be liable for prosecution for breach of any of the conditions of the licence, under the provisions of the Act or the rules and orders thereunder.

6. The licence shall continue in force till the.....

7. The sale of liquor is restricted to the residents or their own use and that of their guests requiring liquor with the meals supplied to them.

8. Timing is from 9 A. M. to 11 P. M.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
.....District.

Deputy Commissioner,
.....District.

Date.....

FORM No. C. L. 8

[*See* rule 3 (8)]

Licence for sale of Indian liquor or Foreign liquor or both in Military Canteens.

I,.....the Deputy Commissioner of the.....District under the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and Rules hereunder and in consideration of the payment of the prescribed licence fee of Rs.....do hereby licence the Officer Commanding I/c.....to sell Indian liquor or Foreign liquor or both at the Canteen situated at..... during the year.....ending with..... subject to the following conditions.

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and Rules and the general or special rules prescribed or which may from time to time be prescribed thereunder.

2. The licensee shall be bound to conform to all the general conditions applicable to all the Excise privileges as may be notified in the sale Notification issued annually.

3. The privilege under this licence extends to the retail sale of Indian liquor or Foreign liquor or both to the Military personnel stationed at the.....Unit.

4. The licensee shall effect sale of liquor only at the canteen or place appointed for the purpose by the Military authorities. The liquor shall also be stored in the same premises.

5. The licensee shall obtain his requirements of liquor from the Canteen Stores Department on permits issued by the Excise authorities.

6. The licensee shall pay Excise duty, cesses and litre fee in advance at the prevailing rates at the time of purchase from the Canteen Stores Department.

7. The licensee shall upon requisition by any Officer not below the grade of an Assistant Commissioner be bound to produce to such Officer or to any Excise Officer empowered by such Officer the original invoice relating to the purchase of all liquors for the sale of which this licence is granted and to allow the samples of the liquors in the shop to be tested.

Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

Date.....

FORM No. C. L. 9

[*See* rule 3 (9)]

Licence for the sale of Indian liquor or Foreign liquor or both to be drunk in the premises, combined with meals and refreshment in the Refreshment Rooms (Bars).—

Register No.

Name of licence holder.

Name of agent or vendor.

Locality } Town / Street / Door No.

I, ... the Deputy Commissioner of the ..... District in consideration of the payment of the prescribed licence fee of Rs..... do hereby authorise Sri .....son of Sri ..... residing in ..... to sell Indian liquor or Foreign liquor or both at shop No..... situated in ..... subject to the conditions prescribed below :—

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and any general or special rules prescribed or which may from time to time be prescribed thereunder.

2. The privilege under this licence extends to the sale of Indian or foreign liquors of the brands furnished by the licensee. Any alterations and additions to the lists furnished should be approved by the Deputy Commissioner. No liquors below the strength of 25° U. P. in case of Brandy, Whisky and Rum and 35° U. P. in case of Gin and not more than 8 per cent of alcohol by volume in case of Beer will ordinarily be included in the list.

3. The holder of this licence shall upon requisition by any officer not below the grade of an Excise Assistant Inspector be bound to produce to such officer the original invoice showing the importation of all liquors for the sale of which this licence is granted for inspection and to all the samples of the liquors in the shop to be tested.

4. The licensee is bound to maintain correct daily accounts of transactions and submit the return every month to the Excise Officers concerned, within the first week of the following month.

5. The licence may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 of the Act and licensee or his employee shall be liable for prosecution for breach of any of the conditions of the licence, under the provisions of the Act or the rules and orders thereunder.

6. The licence shall continue in force till the.....

7. The sale of liquor is restricted to persons supplied with meals or refreshment prepared and served for consumption in the premises only.

8. Timing is from 9 A. M. to 11 P. M.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

Date.....

FORM No. C.L. 10

[*See* rule 3 (10)]

Licence for sale of Indian liquor or Foreign liquor or both by the Auctioneers.

Register No.

Name of licence holder.

Name of agent or vendor.

Locality { Town / Street / Door No.

I,.....the Deputy Commissioner of the .....District in consideration of the payment of the prescribed licence fee of Rs .....do hereby authorise Sri.....son of Sri..... .....residing in.....to sell Indian liquor or Foreign liquor or both by auction at premises No ..... situated in.....at which the auction sales may be held during the year.....subject to the conditions prescribed below.

Conditions

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 and any general or special rules prescribed or which may from time to time be prescribed thereunder.

2. The privilege extends to the sale of Indian liquor or foreign liquor or both by auction in quantities not less than 9·1 litres of each kind of liquor sold at any one time, but this restriction does not apply to the sale of portions of trade consignments which are alleged or otherwise unmerchantable, or to the case of auction sales of the property of private persons and estates. *bona fide* samples in

quantities not exceeding 750 milli litres of liquor about to be put up to auction may also be issued.

3. The consumption of liquor sold under this licence on the premises, except that contained in *bona fide* sample bottles, opened at the time of auction for intending purchaser's to taste, is prohibited.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

Date.....

Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

FORM No. C. L. 11

[*See* rule 3 (11)]

Licence for private bonded warehouse to deposit and stock Indian liquors.

Licence No.

Name of licence holder.

Licensed Premises

BOUNDED ON THE

East:

West:

North:

South:

I,.....the Deputy Commissioner of the..... District do hereby authorise you to receive non duty. paid Indian liquors and to stock the same at the above mentioned premises and make the requisite supply to other Liquor Licensees subject to the following conditions.

Conditions

1. The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 965 and any general or special rules prescribed or which may from time to time be prescribed thereunder.

2. The privilege under this licence extends only to the sale of Indian liquors and Brands furnished by the licensee. The Deputy Commissioner is at liberty to alter the list.

3. The licensee shall issue Indian liquors only to the licensed dealers subject to prepayment of duty at the rate of Rs.....per proof litre of Indian liquors or at such rate as may be notified by Government from time to time. The transport of these liquors should be covered by the permit issued by the Excise authorities.

4. No retail sales in the depot should be effected.

5. The licensee should maintain proper accounts in the form prescribed and shall be produced for the inspection of the Excise Officers whenever required.

6. The licensee shall not allow any individual to remove Indian Liquors without a valid permit.

7. The licensee shall not keep Indian liquors at any other place than that specified in the licence.

8. The licensee shall upon requisition by any Officer not below the rank of an Assistant Commissioner be bound to produce to such officer or to any Excise Officer empowered by such Officer the original invoice showing the importation of all Indian liquors for the sale of which this licence is granted and to allow the sample of the liquors in the shop to be tested.

9. The licensee shall pay duty and litreage fee etc., on all breakages exceeding one per cent.

10. The licensee shall pay the cost of watch and ward establishment in advance every month.

11. The licensee shall keep the consignment received under double lock in the said Warehouse.

12. Infraction of the licence conditions by the licensee or his employee will render the licence holder liable for penalties and cancellation of the licence under the provisions of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965.

13. The licence is current up to.....

Deputy Commissioner,

.....District.

Dated .....

[No. HD 73 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

N. LAKSHMAN RAU,

Secretary to Government,
Home Department.

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, Bhm.

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1967
(KARTHIKA 4, SAKA ERA 1889)

No. 243

HOME SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, dated 17th October 1967.

G.S.R. 480.—The following draft of the Mysore Excise (Powers and Duties of Excise Officers) Rules, 1967, which the Government of Mysore proposes to make in exercise of powers conferred by section 71 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 (Mysore Act No. 21 of 1966), and in supersession of all rules, orders and notifications on the subject made or issued under any enactment repealed by section 72 of the said Act, is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 10th November 1967.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft by the State Government before the aforesaid date, will be considered by the Government of Mysore. Objections or suggestions may be addressed to the Secretary to Government, Home Department, Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore-1.

1. Title, extent and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Excise (Powers and Duties of Excise Officers) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall extend to the areas of the State of Mysore where the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 is in force.

(3) They shall come into force at once.

2. Powers of Excise Commissioner.—The Excise Commissioner shall exercise all the powers conferred on him by or under the Mysore Excise Act, 1965 :

Provided that he shall exercise the following powers subject to the conditions specified herein, namely:—

(*a*) **Power of Remission:**—To write off irrecoverable arrears of Excise revenue subject to a limit of rupees five hundred.

(*b*) **Power of refund.**—To sanction without any limit refund of (i) Excise Recovery, (ii) amounts wrongly recovered, (iii) amounts recovered but ordered by the Government to be remitted.

(*c*) **Power of Purchase.**—To purchase within the budget allotments, paints for marking trees and liquor testing instruments.

(*d*) **Power of writes off.**—To write off the value of Ganja in stock in the Government Ganja Stores up to a limit of rupees one hundred in each case :

(i) when found useless, and fit to be destroyed,

(ii) when found short on account of driage and other natural causes beyond control.

(*e*) **Power of Incurring of Expenditure.**—To incur an expenditure, at his discretion, not exceeding rupees fifty in each case for employment of informers or for any other person for prevention of any offence against the Laws relating to Excise Revenue.

(*f*) **Power of compounding of offences.**—To compound an offence under section 45 for an amount between rupees two hundred to rupees one thousand.

3. Powers of the Deputy Commissioner.—The Deputy Commissioner shall exercise all powers, conferred on him by or under the Mysore Excise Act, 1965:

Provided that he shall exercise the following powers subject to the conditions specified below, namely:—

(*a*) **Power of refund.**—To sanction refund of Excise revenue up to a limit of rupees one thousand in each case provided the claim is not of more than a year's duration.

(*b*) **Power of incurring expenditure.**—To incur an expenditure at his discretion not exceeding rupees twenty-five in cash, in each case for the employment of informers or for any other purpose connected with the prevention or detection of any offences against the Laws relating to Excise Revenue.

(*c*) **Power of Compounding of offences.**—To compound an offence under section 45 for an amount between rupees fifty and rupees two hundred.

4. Repeal and savings.—All rules corresponding to these rules framed under the enactments repealed under section 72 of the Mysore Excise Act, 1965, are hereby repealed:

Provided that anything done or any action taken under the repealed rules shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these rules and shall be continued and disposed of accordingly.

[No. HD 54 EFL 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

271

N. LAKSHMAN RAU,
Secretary to Government, Home Department.

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore.

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C(i)

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1967
(KARTHIKA 18, SAKA ERA 1889).

No. 251

HOME SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, dated 8th November 1967.

G. S. R. 492.—The draft of the following rules which the Government of Mysore proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 129, 132, 137 and 163 of the Mysore Police Act, 1963 (Mysore Act 4 of 1964), is hereby published as required by sub-section (1) of the said Section 163, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 25th November 1967.

Any objection or suggestions with respect to the said draft rules which may be received from any person by the State Government before the date specified above will be considered by the Government. Objections and suggestions may be addressed to the Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Home Department, Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore-1.

DRAFT RULES.

1. Title and commencement.—(i) These rules may be called the Mysore Village Police Rules, 1967.

(ii) They shall come into force on the 1st day of January 1968.

2. Definitions.—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires—

(*a*) "Act" means the Mysore Police Act, 1963 (Mysore Act 4 of 1964).

(*b*) "Form" means a form appended to these rules.

(*c*) 'Gram Rakshak" means a Village Police Officer appointed under rule 6 of these rules.

(*d*) "Police Patel" means a Village Police Officer appointed as Police Patel under Rule 6 of these rules.

(*e*) "Superintendent" means a Superintendent appointed for a District or part of a District or for one or more Districts under section 8 of the Act.

(*f*) "Village" means a local area recognised by the Government as a Village for the purpose of collecting the land revenue and includes a Dakhle Village and an alienated village, but does not include a local area which is constituted as a Municipality.

3. Constitution of the Village Police.—The Village Police shall consist of—

(1) Police Patel; and
(2) Gram Rakshaks.

4. Strength of the Village Police.—(1) There shall be one Police Patel for one or more villages:

Provided that where a Police Patel is appointed for more than one village, the villages for which he is appointed shall be within the local area of one Police Station, and be contiguous and within easy reach of one another.

(2) Every Police Patel shall be assisted by two or more Grama Rakshaks:

Provided that for giving him assistance of more than two Gramarakshaks, prior sanction of the Government for the additional number shall be obtained.

5. Control over the Village Police.—The Village Police shall be under the control of the District Magistrate and he shall be assisted by the Superintendent of the District, for its efficient functioning.

6. Appointment of Police Patel and Gram Rakshaks.—(1) Appointment to the posts of Police Patel and Gram Rakshaks shall be made by the District Magi-trate from the list of eligible persons maintained under sub-rule (2).

(2) For the purpose of sub-rule (1), the District Magistrate shall maintain:

(*a*) a list of able-bodied male persons who are between the ages of 30 and 50 and resident in the village and who are considered fit for appointment as Gram Rakshaks.

(*b*) a list of able-bodied male persons who are between the ages of 30 and 50 and resident in the village or neighbourhood thereof and whom he considers fit for appointment as Police Patels.

(3) The District Magistrate may, after recording in writing the reasons therefor, make additions to or deletions from such lists.

7. Period of appointment.—(*a*) All appointments to the Village Police shall be made for a period of five years at a time from the list maintained under Rule 6.

(*b*) Any person previously in service in the Village Police shal be eligible for re-appointment unless for reasons to be recorded in writing, he is disqualified for such service.

8. Disqualifications for appointment as Police Patel and Gram Rakshak. No person shall be eligible for appointment to any post in the village police unless he—

(i) is a citizen of India;

(ii) is a permanent resident of the Village or a nearby village or has resided in the village continuously for not less than three years at the time of appointment;

(iii) is of sound health and is physically fit;

(iv) has not been convicted of a criminal offence or is under trial on a criminal charge;

(v) is of good moral and social character;

(vi) is not below 30 years and not above 50 years in age;

(vii) carries on any trade or practises any profession or pays land Revenue;

(viii) is not engaged in political activities of any character; and

(ix) is a literate in Kannada in the case of a Police Patel.

9. Certificate of appointment.—(*a*) Every member of the Village Police shall, on appointment, receive a certificate from the District Magistrate in Form 1.

(*b*) A certificate of appointment shall become null and void whenever the person named therein ceases to belong to the Village Police or shall remain inoperative during the period within which such person is suspended from his office.

(*c*) Every person who for any reason cease to be a member of the Village Police, shall forthwith surrender to the officer in charge of the nearest Police Station or other officer empowered by the Superintendent to receive the same, his certificate of appointment or of office and any other necessaries which may have been furnished to him for the performance of duties and functions connected with his office.

(*d*) The Superintendent, for special reasons which shall be recorded in writing at the time, may issue a warrant to search for and seize wherever they may be found, any certificate or other necessaries not so surrendered.

Every warrant issued under this sub-rule shall be executed in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 Central Act V of 1898) in its applicability to the State of Mysore, by a Police Officer.

10. Under what conditions a member of Village Police may resign.—Except with the written permission of the District Magistrate or other Officer authorised by the District Magistrate in this behalf, no member of the Village Police shall resign his office or withdraw himself from the duties thereof.

11. Honorarium and Remuneration.—(1) Every Police Patel shall be paid an honorarium of Rs. 100 (one hundred) per year. Every Gramarakshak shall be paid a remuneration of Rs. 10 (ten rupees) per month.

(2) The payment of honorarium to the Police Patel under sub-rule (1) shall be subject to proper maintenance of the prescribed records and satisfactory discharge of the functions enjoined on him under the Mysore Police Act, 1963 or any other enactment and these rules or any other rules.

(3) The payment of remuneration to the Gramarakshak shall be subject to satisfactory discharge of his functions.

(4) Every claim by a Police Patel or Gramarakshak, for his honorarium or remuneration, as the case may be, shall be supported by a certificate issued by the Assistant or Deputy Superintendent of Police having jurisdiction over the area for which the police patel or gramarakshak is appointed and be countersigned by the Superintendent of the District.

12. Duties of Village Police Officers—It shall be the duty of the Police Patel and every Gramarakshak to communicate forthwith to the nearest Magistrate or to the officer in charge of the nearest Police Station, whichever is nearer, any information which he may possess respecting—

(*a*) the permanent or temporary residence of any notorious receiver or vendor of stolen property in any village of which he is the Police Patel or Gramarakshak;

(*b*) the resort to any place within, or the passage through, such village of any person whom he knows, or reasonably suspects, to be thug, robber, and escaped convict or a proclaimed offender;

(*c*) the commission of, or intention to commit in or near such village any non-bailable offence or any offence punishable under sections 1 3, 144, 145, 147, 148, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 302, 304 382, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 402, 435, 436, 449 450, 457, 458, 459, 460, 489A, 489B, 489C, and 489D of the Indian Penal Code.

13. Unnatural deaths--Action by Village Police Patel.—(1) A Police Patel receiving information that a person—

(*a*) has committed suicide, or

(*b*) has been killed by another or by an animal or by machinery or by an accident; or

(*c*) has died under circumstances raising reasonable suspicion that some other person has committed an offence;

shall after communicating that information to the officer in charge of the nearest police station, as required by Rule 12,

(*i*) proceed to the spot and arrange for guarding the corpse and its surroundings;

(*ii*) assist the Magistrate or the police officer as the case may be, in any inquest, inquiry or investigation which may be held in that behalf;

(*iii*) when called upon by the police officer, aid him by providing a conveyance for taking the corpse to a hospital for postmortem examination or arrange for the disposal of unclaimed dead bodies.

(2) The Police Patel shall be entitled to the payment of his reasonable expenses incurred in providing a conveyance or disposing of the corpse as the case may be.

14. Statement of injured persons to be recorded by village Police Patel.—On receiving information that any person has received serious injury caused by another in the

course of an assault or by an accident, in a village, the Police Patel having jurisdiction shall—

(i) forthwith send intimation to the officer in charge of the nearest Police Station ;

(ii) proceed to the spot where the injured person is ;

(iii) arrange for his immediate removal to the nearest hospital for the treatment of his injuries ; and

(iv) if, in his opinion, the injured cannot be removed without risk of his death and the injured is likely to die at any time before the presence of a Magistrate or a Police Officer is secured, record in the presence of two or more respectable witnesses, his statement.

15. Other duties of Police Patels —Subject to the orders of the District Magistrate and the Superintendent, the Police Patel shall perform all the duties prescribed by the Act and these rules and in particular—

(i) act under the orders of the officer in charge of the Police Station and Police Officers superior to him ;

(ii) furnish any reports or information called for by such police officers ;

(iii) keep the officer in charge of the Police Station constantly informed as to the state of crime and all matters connected with the village police and the village officers ;

(iv) communicate to the officer in charge of the police station any information which he may receive of gangs of robbers, or suspicious persons who have entered his own or any other village, and to co-operate in all matters and ways for the general security of the village ;

(v) report to the Officer in charge of the Police Station the arrival in his village of suspicious strangers and all information which he may be able to collect regarding such persons ;

(vi) in the likelihood of any breach of the peace taking place, give immediate intimation to the nearest police with a view to steps being taken to prevent its occurrence.

16. Precautions against Robbery.—(1) The Police Patel shall so arrange the duties of Gram Rakshaks as to afford utmost possible security against robbery, breach of the peace and acts injurious to the public and to the village community.

(2) The Police Patel shall report to the officer in charge of the Police Station all instances of misconduct or neglect committed by any member of the village police. The Officer in charge of the Police Station shall after making such enquiry as is necessary, send a report to the Superintendent for necessary disciplinary action.

(3) It shall be the duty of the Police Patel and the Gram Rakshaks to induce the Villagers by personal effort and example to unite and by force resist the robbers, attacking any person or property in the village, instead of running away or yielding to them.

17. Procedure to be followed in the case of accidents to Aircrafts.—(1) Every Police Patel of a village in whose jurisdiction an aircraft accident occurs shall forthwith send a report to the nearest Police Station and if any person is injured thereby, to the nearest Medical Officer.

(2) After sending a report as required by sub-rule (1), the Police Patel shall take steps—

(i) to guard the wreckage;

(ii) to prevent meddling by unauthorised persons;

(iii) to prevent tracks and marks caused by the aircraft on the ground from obliteration;

(iv) to ascertain and record the names and addresses of all eye-witnesses;

(v) for the removal of the aircraft or any parts thereof to such an extent as may be necessary

for bringing the wreckage to a place of safety, when the aircraft wrecked on water; and

(vi) for the removal of the aircraft or any parts or contents thereof as may be necessary for—

(*a*) extricating persons or animals;

(*b*) preventing the destruction of the aircraft or its contents by fire or any other cause; and

(*c*) for preventing any danger or obstruction to traffic.

18. Communication of information concerning peace and crime to Constables on beat duty.—(1) On receiving information that a Police Constable has arrived in the village for the performance of beat, the Police Patel shall communicate to him all information concerning the state of crime and the peace of the village and make a record of it in the note book of the Constable.

(2) For the purpose of sub-rule (1), the Constable shall, on request made by the Police Patel, produce his note book.

19. Police Patel's Crime Report.—(1) Every information relating to any matter referred to in Rule 12, Rule 13 or Rule 16, if given orally to the Police Patel, shall be reduced to writing by him or under his direction and be read over to the informant and every such information whether given in writing or reduced to writing as aforesaid shall be signed or attested as the case may be by the person giving it and the substance thereof shall be entered in the Crime Report in Form 2.

(2) The Police Patel shall forthwith send a copy of the Crime Report along with the original statement to the officer in charge of the Police Station empowered to act under Section 154 of the Code of Criminal Procedure and retain with him a duplicate copy of the report.

20. Duties of Gram Rakshaks.—It shall be duty of every Gram Rakshak:—

(*a*) to obey and execute all orders lawfully issued to him by the Police Patel and any Police Officer;

(*b*) to endeavour by all lawful means to give effect to the lawful commands of his superior;

(*c*) to the best of his ability to obtain intelligence concerning the commission of cognizable offences or designs to commit such offences;

(*d*) to lay such information and take such other steps consistent with law and with the orders of his superiors as shall be best calculated to bring offenders to book and to prevent the commission of offences;

(*e*) to prevent to the best of his ability the commission of public nuisances;

(*f*) to aid a Police Officer or another Gram Rakshak when called on by him or in case of need, in the discharge of his duties in such ways as would be lawful and reasonable on the part of the Police Officer or the Gram Rakshak;

(*g*) to use his best endeavour to prevent any loss or damage by fire;

(*h*) to use his best endeavour to avert any accident or danger to the public;

(*i*) to report forthwith to the Police Patel all matters which, under these rules, the Police Patel is required to report to the officer in charge of the Police Station;

(*j*) to patrol the village and high roads and thoroughfares within its limits; and to patrol any part of the railway line as may be allotted to him by the Superintendent irrespective of the village to which he belongs;

(*k*) to report to the Police Patel the movements of criminals entered in the register maintained by the Police Patel;

(*l*) to report to the Police Patel the presence of suspicious strangers; and

(*m*) to discharge such duties as are lawfully imposed upon him by the Police Patel.

21. Treatment of Village Police Officers.—Police Officers of all ranks shall treat the Village Police Officers with special consideration and endeavour to the best of their ability to maintain the dignity of the Village Police.

22. Procedure to be observed in awarding punishments — Whenever an order of punishment has to be passed against a Village Police Officer under Section 137 of the Act, the provisions of the Mysore State Police (Disciplinary Proceedings) Rules, 1965, in regard to the procedure for imposing penalties, shall, as far as may be applicable, be followed.

23. Appellate Authority for purposes of sub-sections 1 and 2 of Section 137.— The officer to whom an appeal against an order under sub section (1) or sub-section (2) of Section 137 may be preferred shall be the Inspectr General of Police.

24. Forms and Registers to be maintained by the Police Patel.

(1) Every Police Patel shall maintain :—

(i) The Village Patel's Crime Report which shall be in Form 2;

(ii) The Register of known Depredators, Notified Offenders and persons ordered to notify residences under Section 565 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 which shall be in Form 3;

(iii) The Register of Suspicious Strangers which shall be in Form 4; and

(iv) The Cattle Register which shall be in Form 5

(2) The Registers shall be produced for inspection whenever required by Police Officers of and above the rank of an Officer in charge of a Police Station.

25. Village Police Officers to be public servants — Every Village Police Officer acting or purporting to act in pursuance of any of the provisions of the Act or any of these rules shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of Section 21 of the Indian Penal Code (Central Act XLV of 1860).

26. Repeal and Savings —All Rules made under the Bombay Village Police Act, 1867 (Bombay Act 8 of 1867) as in force in the Bombay area of the State, the Madras Village Police Regulations of 1816 (Madras Regulation II of 1816) and the Madras Village Police Regulation of 1821 (Madras Regulation IV of 1821) as in force in the Madras Area, the rules for the organisation and regulation of the Village Police made under the Mysore Police Act, 1908 (Mysore Act 5 of 1908) as in force in the Mysore area and all other rules and orders in force in any area of the State immediately before the commencement of these rules in so for as they relate to matter provided for in the Act and in these rules are hereby repealed;

Provided that anything done or any action taken under any of the rules so repealed shall, unless such thing or action is inconsistent with any of the provisions of these Rules, be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of these Rules.

Provided further that the provisions of Sections 8 and 24 of the General Clauses Act, 1899 (Mysore Act III of 1899) shall be applicable in respect of repeal of the said rules, as if the rules had been repealed and re-issued.

Form No. 1 — *vide* Rule No. 9 (a)
Form No. 2 — *vide* Rule No. 19
Form No. 3 — *vide* Rule No. 24
Form No. 4 — *vide* Rule No. 24
Form No. 5 — *vide* Rule No. 24

Mysore State Police. Rule No. 9 (a)

Form No. 1

(See Section 132)

Certificate of appointment in the Village Police, State of Mysore

No..... .....

Certificate of appointment issued under the Mysore Police Act, 1963 .....
....Shri.....
has been appointed as..... ....and is invested with the powers, functions and privileges of a Police Officer under the Mysore Police Act, 1963 (Mysore Act 4 of 1964)

On the .....day of..... .....19.....

Signature
District Magistrate

Particulars :—

1. Father's Name.....
2. Native Place.....
3. Age.....
4. Length of previous service if any.....

Mysore State Police Rule No. 19

Form No. 2.

Patel's Crime Report

(1) District. (2) Taluq. (3) Village.

To

(4) The Officer in charge of Police Station } .....

(5) Complainants Accused.

(6) Date of Occurrence. Hour. Place.

(7) Outline of complaint.

Date of despatch.....19..... Hour.....

Signature of Patel.

MYSORE STATE POLICE

Form No. 3 **Rule No. 24**

Village..... Circle..... District.....

Sl. No.	Name and Father's name	Caste and calling	Age	Relatives' names and their residence	Movements					Remarks
					Date of movement from village	Whither gone	Date of report to Police	Date of return to village	Date of report to Police on return to village	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

MYSORE STATE POLICE

Form No. 4

Register of Arrival of Strangers of Suspicious Appearance.

Name of stranger.	Stranger's native country and Village.	Age.	Caste and profession	Description.	Date of arrival.	Date of departure.	Whence coming.	Where going.	Date of report	Remarks as to their general appearance, whether suspicious, their movements in the village including names of persons visited, and any other information which could be gathered through the village police concerning them, wandering gangs to be specially noted.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

MYSORE STATE POLICE

STRAY CATTLE REGISTER

Form No. 5

Note: 1. Column No. 9 should only be filled in after the case is taken on file.

2. The serial No. of this register should be noted in the Station House Diary also. ....Circle

Sl. No. of complaint	Name of the village in which loss occurred	Name of the complainant and the Owner	No. of cattle lost	Value of cattle	Date of Loss	Description of cattle	Particulars of complaint showing when and where and how the cattle were missed	If case registered for investigation Cr. No. and Section	Remarks 1. Complaint No. of the S H D. 2. Whether cattle were traced
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

[No. HD 10 PEG 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

N. LAKSHMAN RAU,

Secretary to Government,
Home Department.

Printed by the Director of Printing, Stry & Publications at the Govt. Press, Bloc

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2C-(i)

BANGALORE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1967
(KARTHIKA 27, SAKA ERA 1889).

No. 255

DEVELOPMENT, HOUSING, PANCHAYATI RAJ AND CO-OPERATION SECRETARIAT.

NOTIFICATION

Bangalore dated 18th November 1967.

G. S. R. 513.—The draft of the following rules further to amend the Mysore Village Panchayats and Local Boards (Delegation of Powers of Government) Rules, 1960, which the Government of Mysore proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 210 of the Mysore Village Panchayats and Local Boards Act, 1959 (Mysore Act 10 of 1959) is hereby published as required by sub-section (1) of Section 210 of the said Act for the information of the persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 6th December 1967.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to said draft rules before the date specified above will be considered by the Government. Objections or suggestions may be addressed to the Secretary to Government, Development, Housing, Panchayat Raj and Co-operation Department, Vidhana Soudha, Bangalore.

DRAFT

1. Title and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Mysore Village Panchayats and Local Boards (Delegation of Powers of Government) (Amendment) Rules, 1967.

(2) They shall come into force at once.

2. Amendment of rule 3.—In sub-rule (1) of rule 3 of the Mysore Village Panchayats and Local Boards (Delegation of Powers of Government) Rules, 1960—after item (5), the following entries shall be inserted, namely,—

"(5) (*a*) Section 90 (*b*)"

"(5) (*b*) Section 91 (*b*)".

[No. DFC 2 RDV 67.]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

A. M. J. SHAYKH,
Under Secretary to Government, Development, Housing, P. Raj and Co-operation Department.

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore.

Reg. No. B.G. 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (i)

BANGALORE, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1967
(KARTHIKA 30, SAKA ERA 1889)

No. 259

LAW AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION –I.

Bangalore, dated 21st November 1967.

G.S.R. 517.—The following order made by the Governor of Mysore on the 20th November 1967 is hereby published for general information:—

ORDER

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by clause (1) of Article 174 of the Constitution of India, I, G. S. Pathak, Governor of Mysore, do hereby summon the Mysore Legislative Assembly to meet at Bangalore at 1 P.M., on Thursday the 7th December 1967.

G. S. PATHAK,
Governor of Mysore.

[No LAW 72 LGN 67. (1)]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore

S. V. PAPA REDDY,
Secretary to Government,
Dept. of Law and Parliamentary Affairs

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press Bflore.

Reg. No. B G 202.

The Mysore Gazette

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

(EXTRAORDINARY)

PART IV—2-C (i)

BANGALORE, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1967
(KARTHIKA 30, SAKA ERA 1889) | No. 260

LAW AND PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS SECRETARIAT

NOTIFICATION-II.

Bangalore dated 21st November 1967.

G. S. R. 518.—The following Order made by the Governor of Mysore on the 20th November 1967 is hereby published for general information:—

ORDER

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by clause (1) of Article 174 of the Constitution of India, I, G. S. Pathak, Governor of Mysore, do hereby summon the Mysore Legislative Council to meet at Bangalore at 2-15 P.M. on Thursday the 7th December 1967.

G. S. PATHAK,
Governor of Mysore.

[No. LAW 72 LGN 67 (II).]

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

S. V. PAPA REDDY,
Secretary to Government.
Dept. of Law and Parliamentary Affairs.

Printed at the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at Mysore.